TODAY'S WEATHER
Occasional Showers With Rising Temperature.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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PONTIFF AGAIN NEAR DARK VALLEY OF DEATH

NEWS SUMMARY

FOREIGN.

Pope Leo is dying.—Page 1.

DOMESTIC.

Epworth league convention decided to meet next year in Denver.—Page 2.

Posse killed negro in river near Huntington, W. Va.—Page 1.

Mob lynched two alleged murderers and killed deputy sheriff in Wyoming.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

Detectives work on the Carlo murder case, and among six Italians held as witnesses one is supposed to be the murderer.—Page 2.

Bottle found in the Ohio river at East Liverpool contained note from a girl saying she was held captive by a negro in a shanty boat near Economy.—Page 1.

William Tibby, pioneer flint glass manufacturer, died at his home in Sharpsburg.—Page 1.

Councilman Wasson said it is Mayor Hays' duty to call councils to take up filtration.—Page 5.

City hall locked against Stevenson councilmen tonight.—Page 3.

Over 200 prisoners taken in police raids on Pittsburgh and Allegheny speakeasies.—Page 2.

Citizens party members who object to fusion with Republicans threaten to go with Democrats and form new party.—Page 10.

County detectives under District Attorney Haymaker find plenty of work during the first day in townships.—Page 3.

SPORTING.

Pittsburgh loses to Chicago in well played game.—Page 7.

East Liberty academy and Kiski school will meet in athletics.—Page 7.

Manager Risher of Homestead wants Rube Waddell to pitch against Pittsburgh Wednesday.—Page 7.

Pittsburgh Field club leaves for Chicago to take part in big cricket tournament there this week.—Page 7.

RELIGIOUS.

Twenty-third Psalm subject of sermon by the Rev. H. C. Swearingen, now of Lincoln, Neb., at Second Presbyterian church.—Page 8.

In a sermon on "Ethics of Speech," the Rev. Dr. William J. Russell gave three rules to avoid evil-speaking.—Page 8.

The Rev. Dr. R. C. Wylie of Reformed Presbyterian church, Wilkinsburg, preached on Sunday laws.—Page 8.

The Rev. Dr. J. T. McCrory preached on "The Hand of God in the Life of the Average Man."—Page 8.

The Rev. C. L. Thurgood found a pleasant surprise at the Central Christian church on his return from Australian trip.—Page 10.

EUGENE V. DEBS PLEADS CAUSE OF SOCIALISM

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 19.—(Special.)—Eugene V. Debs addressed 6,000 Social Democrats at their picnic today. In an interview he predicted the election of Roosevelt owing to the division in the ranks of the Democrats. Debs also criticised Andrew Carnegie and his library gifts.

THE WEATHER

Occasional showers and rising temperature are predicted for this section today by Uncle Sam's weather sharps at Washington, while for tomorrow they declare it will be fair. Pittsburgh was slightly cooler than most of the other cities of the country yesterday, and the mean temperature, 72, was not so warm as the average for the last 31 years. The sun rose cloudy at 4:43 and set cloudy at 7:28 yesterday. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Showers.

Time.	Bare.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	29.82	67	79	N. E.	Cloudy
8 p. m.	29.78	72	71	W.	Clear

Comparative temperature and precipitation for July 18:

	1902	1901		1902	1901
Maximum	86	88	Mean	77	78
Minimum	68	68	Precipitation	.00	
Min. tem. 6 a. m.	66		Ex. since Jan. 1	.323	
Max. tem. 3 p. m.	79		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.16	
Mean tem.	72		Precip. for day	.11	
Nor. tem. 31 yrs.	75		Dfcy. for day	.05	
Dfcy. tem. for day	3		Ex. since July 1	1.27	
Dfcy. since July 1	2		Ex. since Jan. 1	6.25	

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday:

Western Pennsylvania—Occasional showers Monday, with rising temperature; Tuesday, fair, light to fresh west winds.

Ohio—Fair Monday and Tuesday, except showers Monday along the lakes; fresh west winds.

West Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Indianapo's	76 Clear	Cleveland	72 PtCldy
Cincinnati	80 PtCldy	Louisville	80 PtCldy
Chicago	72 Cloudy	Nashville	82 Clear
Omaha	82 Clear	St. Paul	70 PtCldy
Washing'n	76 Clear	Helena	74 Cloudy
St. Louis	84 Clear	New Orleans	88 Clear
Kansas City	82 Clear	Huron	78 Clear
New York	72 Clear	Bismarck	84 Clear
Philadel'a	78 Clear	Denver	86 Clear
Buffalo	70 Clear	Salt L. City	84 Clear

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived July 19.

NEW YORK — Bluecher, from Hamburg, Southampton and Chertourg; Celtic, from Liverpool and Queenstown; Columbia, from Glasgow and Moville; La Gascogne, from Havre; St. Paul, from Southampton and Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—Arabic, from New York via Queenstown.

MOVILLE—Laurentian, from New York for Glasgow (and proceeded).

INISTRAHULL—Sicilian, from Montreal for Glasgow.

SCILLY—Zeland, from New York for Antwerp.

Sailed July 19.

ROTTERDAM—Potsdam, for New York.

BREMEN—Barbarossa, for New York via Southampton and passed Dover.

QUEENSTOWN—Umbria, from Liverpool for New York.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—New stock opera company in "The Chimes of Normandy." 8:15 p. m.

KENNYWOOD PARK—Concerts by Rocereto's band; Steeplechase house full of attractions; Saunders & Cameron in comedy act.

OAKWOOD AND SOUTHERN PARKS—Free vaudeville bills at 3:30 and 8:45 p. m.

POPE LEO FAST APPROACHES THE THRESHOLD OF DEATH; ALL HOPE IS ABANDONED

Extreme Exhaustion Comes With Sunday's Dawn and the Pontiff's Condition Grows Steadily Worse Throughout the Day.

DOCTORS SAY THE END IS BUT A FEW HOURS OFF

Distinguished Patient Sinks Into an Unnatural Sleep and His Features Assume an Inanimate Appearance—Suspense at the Vatican.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ROME, July 20, 4:55 A. M.—At this hour it is announced that the condition of the pontiff is apparently stationary.

4:05 A. M.—When the pope is called by his attendants he still makes a great effort to arouse himself, but he is soon again overcome.

2:45 A. M.—A suspicion has arisen that the change in the pope's condition is due to blood poisoning as a result of derangement of the kidneys.

1:55 A. M.—Although the condition of the pope is unchanged and coma continues, all about the vatican is quiet, it being thought that a catastrophe will not occur during the night. A contributing element to the weakness of the pope has been his inability to take nourishment. When an attempt is made to administer restoratives, although they are placed in his mouth, he does not swallow them. The vatican has asked prayers for the august head of the church at this supreme moment.

Rome, July 19.—Today each hour has added to the gravity of the reports from the sick room of the pontiff until all Rome has waited, almost breathlessly, in momentary expectation of the announcement of his death. Since the state of depression which seized upon the pope during the latter part of the night his condition has gone steadily downward, and throughout the day the most intense anxiety has prevailed.

For the first time also the weather was strongly against him. A blistering heat fell upon the city and the great plazza of St. Peter's took up the fierce sun and threw it back against the vatican until it was almost like a fiery furnace. Even the slight breeze which prevailed came in hot waves from the south. This seriously added to the discomfort of the patient. He had spent a restless night, sleeping only for short intervals, and even then his sleep was agitated. Dr. Lapponi remained in the sick room throughout the night.

At the morning conference the physicians noted a distinct change for the worse, particularly in the accelerated pulse, which had risen to 98 after remaining for many days between 88 and 90. The distinguished patient appeared to have lost all of that vitality which he has hitherto so remarkably maintained. He appealed piteously to those about him, asking not to be left alone.

Mass Was Celebrated.

Although his mental vigor was nearly exhausted, he again asked that mass be celebrated. This was performed in the room adjoining that in which the pontiff lay. He followed the ceremony and took communion with extreme difficulty.

Almost immediately afterward he sank into a state of complete exhaustion. At first this took on the character of an unnatural sleep and he lay as one inanimate, with his eyes closed. But occasionally he started up and cried out as though in fear. Gradually, however, his sleep became heavier and assumed a condition of semi-consciousness or torpor.

After noon there was hardly any revival from this continued state of torpor, and the doctors remained continuously in attendance. Their night bulletin announced for the first time that their patient had been in a state of coma, which they said had been almost uninterrupted during the day. How long this condition would continue they did not venture to say. As Dr. Lapponi came from the sick room at 6 o'clock this evening for a breath of resh air, he summed up the steady decline in the patient's condition by saying:

"The pope's condition tonight is worse than this morning or last night, and while the end may come at any moment, yet an imminent catastrophe is hardly anticipated, as the state of coma may be prolonged many hours."

Excitement Thoughout Rome.

Meantime, the critical condition of the pontiff had caused intense excitement throughout the city. When the state of coma first occurred the doctors formally communicated the gravity of the condition of his holiness to Cardinal Rampolla, who in turn advised the cardinals of the sacred college. At the same time the general public became aware of the alarming change in the pope's condition and the entrance of the vatican was soon thronged with dignitaries of the church and members of the diplomatic corps, making anxious inquiries.

Twice rumors of the death of the pontiff had gained circulation. The cardinals and diplomats upon their arrival were informed of the gravity of the situation, but many of them left upon learning that the rumors of the pope's death were untrue.

The condition of coma was interrupted shortly after sunset. Cardinal Vives y Tuto and Monsigner Piffer, the pope's confessor, were then called into the sick room. When they began to repeat Latin prayers the familiar sound of the language which Leo XIII. loved so well penetrated to his couch and the pope seemed roused from his stupor and showed signs of consciousness. He lifted his head. Cardinal Vives y Tuto took advantage of the opportunity to approach the bed and tell the pontiff that some cardinals were in the ante-chamber.

"I myself," said he, "desire to have your benediction."

Pope Gave His Blessing.

The pope with a great effort raised a trembling hand, and in an almost inaudible voice, between long pauses, gave the cardinal the pontifical blessing. The effort, however, appeared to have been too much for him, and he fell back into a condition of unconsciousness.

Among the cardinals who came to the vatican today was Cardinal Oreglia, dean of the sacred college, upon whom will fall the chief duty of directing affairs when the pope's death occurs. He went to the apartments which have already been prepared for his permanent occupation, and it was believed that he had taken up his residence at the vatican in anticipation of his steady assumption of the important duties he will be called upon to perform. Later, however, he left the vatican.

Cardinal Serafino Vannutelli, the great penitentiary, also arrived, in readiness to perform his office of reciting prayers for the dying pontiff. He remained at the vatican continuously throughout the afternoon and evening.

Towards night the reports from the sick room continued to be of the gravest character. Cardinal Della Volpe, coming from the vatican, said he had held a brief conversation with Dr. Lapponi and that the latter had made the following statement:

"If nothing new happens the patient may live until tomorrow morning, perhaps until evening; that is, 24 hours longer. Beyond this his survival is impossible."

Following the departure of the cardinals a number of carriages were stationed in the courtyard of San Damaso, in readiness to bring the cardinals to the vatican when the catastrophe seemed imminent.

Kept Alive By Stimulants.

Shortly before midnight Dr. Lapponi said:

"The pope at the present moment is in a state of coma, which may be called a condition preceding the last agony, the duration of which it is impossible to forecast, although everything leads to the belief that this condition cannot last. To be more exact, he is still in a state of torpor and stupor from which, however, he rouses occasionally when he hears sharp sounds, as, for instance, the insistent voice of one of his familiars calling loudly to him. Left alone he relapses immediately into a condition of torpor.

"At intervals he murmurs in his sleep, continuing to have forebodings that he is

Continued on Second Page, Sixth Column.

President Roosevelt's Message to Rome

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Acting Secretary of State Loomis sent the following cablegram to Cardinal Rampolla at Rome:

"The president directs me to convey through you appropriate expressions of his sincere sympathy with his holiness in this hour of supreme suspense and to request that he be advised of the condition of the venerable sufferer."

CARDINAL GIBBONS ANSWERS PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Tonight the following reply was received to the message sent to Cardinal Rampolla, as President Roosevelt requested:

"Rome, July 19.

"Mr. Francis B. Loomis, Acting Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.

"I beg of you to present in his holiness' name to his excellency the president the warmest and most sincere thanks for his sympathy toward his holiness in this hour of dreadful suspense, and I am very sorry to advise you that unfortunately the condition of the august sufferer is becoming very dangerous.

"M. CARDINAL GIBBONS."

MRS. ORIMSTON CHANT.

Who is soon coming to Pittsburgh. She is the leading temperance advocate in England, and social purity crusader who arrived in New York on Thursday, and was met by a large number of club women. She created a sensation by her recent denunciation of the Empire Music hall in London. During her visit here she will visit a large number of cities, including Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago, Buffalo, Milwaukee, Denver and possibly go to the Pacific coast.

HELD CAPTIVE BY NEGRO IN SHANTY BOAT

Girl's Note Found in Bottle Floating Down the Ohio.

ECONOMY IS EXCITED

Kidnaped by a negro and held captive in a shantyboat near Economy, is the story told by a girl in a note found in a bottle at East Liverpool, O.

Constable Fritz Knoedler of Economy came to Pittsburgh yesterday and showed to Superintendent of Detectives Thomas A. McQuaide a note written in lead pencil and a letter from the chief of police of East Liverpool, O. The latter said the note had been found in a bottle in the river near East Liverpool, on July 8. Knoedler did not know what had delayed the arrival of the letter from the chief of police, nor why it took the bottle only a day to float from Economy to East Liverpool. The note read:

I am kidnaped by a big nigger in Pittsburgh. I am somewhere near Economy. Please get me out. I am in a shantyboat.

MAY HURT.

As soon at Knoedler received the letter he made the contents public. Citizens volunteered to aid him, and a search party was organized. Several shantyboats were visited, but in none of them was any woman who appeared to be there unwillingly, and no boat with a negro aboard was found. Farther up and down the stream on the Economy side and on the opposite bank are other shantyboats, but the volunteer posse left many unsearched.

Knoedler is strongly inclined to believe that the story told by the note is true, and when he took the paper to the superintendent of detectives he called attention to the fact that the note contained the word "am" twice, once spelled incorrectly, showing that the writer must have been under perturbation of some sort.

The two county detectives who are on duty at night did not hear of the kidnaping until midnight, when a reporter informed them. It was then too late to undertake a search, but Detective Waggoner said this would be attended to today.

PRESIDENT SCHWAB'S CAR IS SENT BACK EAST

The private car Loretto of Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, which arrived in Pittsburgh on Saturday, was taken east last evening. The car was attached to the fast mail express and left Union station at 7:10 o'clock, passing through East Liberty at 7:14. President Schwab is still at the St. James hotel in Philadelphia. Some one in Denver has invented a story sent to most of the newspapers that President Schwab has been in Colorado as the guest of President D. R. Francis of the St. Louis fair and left Colorado for the east yesterday afternoon.

UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR DIES IN A BATHTUB

MADISON, WIS., July 19.—Prof. Hamilton G. Timberlake of the University of Wisconsin died of heart disease today, while in a bathtub. He had been married only three weeks. Prof. Timberlake was 30 years old.

WILLIAM TIBBY PASSES AWAY

Pioneer Flint Glass Manufacturer Dies at His Home in Sharpsburg.

BEGAN IN THIS CITY

His Death Prevents by a Narrow Margin Golden Wedding Celebration.

INVALID FOR MANY YEARS

William Tibby, one of the best-known glass manufacturers of the country and a pioneer in the flint glass trade, died last night at 9:45 o'clock at his home, No. 1826 Main street, Sharpsburg, in his seventy-second year. Mr. Tibby had been an invalid for 15 years, but in spite of his infirmity he was president and the active head of the large establishment which he founded in Pittsburgh at the close of the civil war. He leaves a large estate.

By a narrow margin death prevented the fulfillment of one of Mr. Tibby's most cherished desires. The first of next month he would have been married 50 years, and it was the intention of the aged and devoted couple to celebrate their golden wedding with eclat.

Fifteen years ago Mr. Tibby was stricken with paralysis and lost the use of his lower limbs. His mind remained active and he continued to conduct his business with the ability and energy that won for him a high place in the glass world. For years his invalided figure, carried to and from his works at the corner of Twenty-third and Main streets, was a familiar one in Sharpsburg.

Mr. Tibby was born in Gum street, Pittsburgh, above the Union station, in 1831. His father was James Tibby, a mechanic. When a boy 8 years of age he started to learn his trade in a glass house.

In 1866 William Tibby, with his four brothers, John, William, James and Matthew, founded the first Tibby glass works, then located at Norman and Twenty-first streets, Pittsburgh. This and the Hamilton glass works were the first two flint-glass plants in this section of the country. The business prospered and was moved to a larger site in Sharpsburg in 1878.

Mr. Tibby was one of the charter members of the Independent Star volunteer hose company of the Fifth ward, Pittsburgh. Until he became an invalid he was also a member of the Fourth United Presbyterian church of this city and attended regularly. He served three years as a member of the Sharpsburg councils.

Three brothers, with whom he started in business, have died, Matthew only surviving. His widow, who survives him, was Miss Almira Madden of Millville, N. J. He also leaves two daughters, Mrs. Mattie Tibby of Sharpsburg and Mrs. W. H. Covode of Kittanning, and a son, W. C. Tibby, secretary and treasurer of the Tibby Glass Company.

ONLY WAR CAN SETTLE MANCHURIAN DISPUTE

Russia Believed to Be Planning to Provoke Japan Into Hostilities.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

PEKING, July 19.—According to diplomats here, the greatest factor in the eastern situation is the increasing danger of war between Russia and Japan. They believe it is becoming plain that Russia is willing to fight Japan if convinced that no other powers will assist her. The Russians are confident of their ability to easily defeat Japan and are said to be anxious to settle definitely her position in eastern politics and end her ambitions to oppose Russia's progress in Manchuria.

The belief is attributed to the Japanese that the Russian policy is to attempt to placate Great Britain and America and provoke Japan into beginning hostilities. They regard Russia's consent to opening ports in Manchuria, the czar's promised visit to England, and the occupation of the Korean border as parts of that policy.

Russia's activity on the Yalu river is more irritating to Japan than the retention of Manchuria, and all Japanese officials in China speak of war as a "probability."

YOKOHAMA, July 19.—M. Pvloff, the Russian minister at Seoul, capital of Korea, has had an audience with the emperor of Korea at which he opposed the opening of Wiju, the port on the Yalu river, the opening of which was asked by Great Britain and Japan.

(Photograph by Marceau.)

MRS. GEORGE J. GOULD AND HER DAUGHTER.

President Gould of the Wabash system, the eminent financier, has a family of six handsome children, one of whom appears with her mother in the above picture.

BLOODY FEUD SECRETS TO BE PROBED THIS WEEK IN STATE OF KENTUCKY

More Tragedies Expected When Grand Jury Gets to Work. New Marshal Appointed.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

Jackson, Ky., July 19.—The special grand jury for the purpose of investigating the charges of bribery and arson against members of the Hargis faction will be convened here tomorrow. Judge D. B. Redwine will occupy the bench and A. Flood Byrd conduct the examination of witnesses before the jury.

It is charged that Joe Crawford and Ed Tharp, employes of Judge James Hargis, set fire to Ewen's hotel a few days after he testified that he recognized Jett, who is a nephew of Hargis, as the man who fired the second shot at Marcum. They are out on bail.

Capt. Ewen also charges that Gardner Flummer called at his house and offered him $5,000 not to testify against Jett, and there are two witnesses, whose names have not been given out, who Ewen had listen to the conversation in which he refused the tender. Capt. Ewen will be brought here under a military guard.

A renewal of feud troubles is brewing. The instructions of Judge Redwine are anxiously awaited, as it is reported that the grand jurors will be asked to go into a sweeping inquiry concerning conditions in Breathitt county, where 27 lives have been lost since the Hargis-Cardwell feud started, and where no one has yet been punished for any of these capital offenses.

It is feared that trouble may begin when B. L. Ewen returns. In anticipation of the worst, Ewen, while in Lexington, made his will and arranged all his affairs. About $4,500 was raised for him by popular subscription after he lost everything he had in the incendiary fire, and this he has fixed for his family, his wife and part of his children being here awaiting his return.

After the killing of Town Marshal James Cockrill there was no one to make arrests for over a year until the soldiers arrived in May. Then City Judge Cardwell, who had been a prisoner in his own house for 18 months, resumed holding court. The town trustees have just appointed Joseph Newland town marshal. Newland is considered one of the bravest men in the mountain districts. During the past seven years seven men have held this position. Four of them were killed while on duty and two of the other three were forced to resign.

PITTSBURGH LAD IN TROUBLE IN INDIANA

RICHMOND, IND., July 19.—(Special.)—William Murphy, aged 18, said to be from Pittsburgh, was arrested at La Porte for horse stealing. Murphy confessed his guilt and on preliminary examination was held to await the action of the grand jury. He stole the horse at Union Mills and has been identified as the man wanted at Hobart and other points for stealing rigs. The boy has been missing from home for a number of years and his family are in ignorance of his career.

POLICE ARE ORDERED TO PLAY BASEBALL

DULUTH, MINN., July 19.—(Special.)—An order has been issued by Chief Taylor of the police department requiring the members of the force to play baseball for the exercise which it affords. Games are to be played among themselves and with other amateur players as occasion affords.

POSSE KILLS NEGRO IN MIDDLE OF RIVER AFTER FATAL STABBING

He Had Mortally Wounded a Prominent Business Man at Huntington, W. Va.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

Huntington, W. Va., July 19.—William Vinson, a prominent young business man of Catlettsburg, Ky., was fatally stabbed in this city at 8 o'clock this morning by Gus Epps, a negro, who had mistaken Vinson for another man. Epps, while passing the Huntington hotel, was attacked by three unknown white men, and half an hour later he passed Vinson, who was en route to the passenger station. Epps thought Vinson one of his assailants and plunged a knife into his chest five times. His lungs were penetrated.

Epps tried to escape but was pursued by two policemen and several citizens and surrounded in a swamp west of the city. Forty shots were exchanged by the negro and the posse. Finally the negro, after being injured, escaped in the darkness and, running a mile farther, plunged into Twelve Pole river to swim to the opposite shore. His pursuers were near and a fusillade of bullets were turned toward the negro, then in midstream. Several shots hit him and he sank dead in the river. Had he returned to Huntington alive he would have been lynched, so high was the feeling among Vinson's friends.

Vinson was a relative of ex-Gov. Bradley of Kentucky.

WABASH LETS CONTRACT FOR CONNECTING LINK

New Yorkers Secure Job of Building 65 Miles of Road for $15,000,000.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CUMBERLAND, MD., July 19.—The contract for the building of the 65-mile connecting link for the Wabash railroad between the West Virginia Central at Cumberland and the Western Maryland at Cherry Run was let yesterday to Degnon & McLean, contractors, of New York. Benjamin A. Richmond, chief counsel for the Wabash in Maryland, so stated today.

John Barlow, chief engineer in charge of construction, while admitting today that the contract had been let, would say nothing pending an official statement from the company's headquarters.

The contract involves about $15,000,000. Knobby mountain will be tunneled and seven bridges will be built over the Potomac. The company has just ordered attorneys to proceed at once with condemnation wherever necessary. Deeds for much right of way have been secured. Immense yards will be established at Three Mile station. The Wabash has given up all hope of securing the Chesapeake & Ohio canal as a roadbed.

CHICAGO ANARCHISTS ELUDE THE POLICE

COPENHAGEN, July 19.—(Special.)—The Norwegian police are excited by fears of an anarchist plot against the kaiser and King Oscar. They have received warning from Chicago that a man and woman, both anarchists, the former a Swede and the latter a Norwegian, had sailed to Norway. The pair were traced to Tromsoe and thence to Copenhagen. The police here are searching for them. It is considered alarming that the anarchists should have arrived when the kaiser and king are meeting.

WYOMING MOB LYNCHES TWO

Alleged Murderers Are Shot Down in Their Jail Cells.

ALSO KILL OFFICER

Deputy Clerk Receives Bullet in Heart When Prison Is Stormed.

BAD STATE OF LAWLESSNESS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 19.—James Gorman and J. P. Walters, convicted murderers, were shot to death in their cells in the county jail at Basin City, Big Horn county, shortly after 1 o'clock this morning by a mob of 30 men. Deputy County Clerk Price was killed and Deputy Sheriff Mead wounded.

About midnight the mob, which is believed to have been composed of ranchmen and cowboys from the surrounding country, rode to Basin from the south. They tied their horses on the south side of the Big Horn river and then compelled Ferryman Fillard to row them across. The river was high and it was 1 o'clock before the lynchers reached the Basin side of the stream.

Securing a telephone pole, to be used as a battering ram, the crowd passed around the town to the county jail, which was in darkness. Thinking that the deputies had gone away the lynchers fired a fusillade of shots through the windows and battered down the doors. Deputy Sheriff Mead and Deputy County Clerk Price, who had been deputized to guard the prisoners, were sitting in the sheriff's office, and both fell at the first fire. One bullet passed through Price's heart.

The mob was unable to batter down the cell doors, so they riddled Gorman and Walters with bullets.

One Lived Five Hours.

Walters expired instantly, but Gorman lived five hours with a score of bullets in his body. After the killing the mob quietly passed around the town to the river, crossed the stream, mounted their horses and rode away.

Price was one of the best known young men in Big Horn county. He was prominent in business and social circles.

James Gorman murdered his brother, Tom Gorman, on Brokenback creek a year ago. He went with his brother to reside and became infatuated with Tom's wife. Mrs. Gorman returned his affection, and together they coolly planned to murder the husband brother. Tom became suspicious. He drove the brother away from the place. But James returned, quarreled with Tom and brained him with a hatchet. The body then was hacked to pieces and thrown into a trench in the garden, and an attempt made to burn the remains.

The murderer and his victim's widow then loaded the household effects and personal belongings of the Gormans into wagons, sold the ranch and attempted to escape to Canada. They were captured near Cody. Gorman was convicted at the first trial. Mrs. Gorman turning state's evidence. A new trial was granted, and last April Gorman was again convicted and sentenced to be hanged on June 26. The supreme court granted a stay of execution pending the hearing of an appeal.

Last Wednesday Sheriff Fenton of Big Horn county was advised that a mob was coming to lynch Gorman, and he took him and Walters away to a canyon in the mountains. Wednesday night Gorman slipped his handcuffs and escaped. He was trailed to Shell creek and captured after a hard fight Saturday morning. He was returned to the county jail at Basin and had been in his cell but a short time when the mob arrived.

Another Tragedy.

J. F. Walters was formerly a wealthy mining man and merchant in the Black Hills, but drink weakened his mind and he lost his fortune. Three years ago he followed Mrs. Agnes Hoover to Thermopolis, Wyo., and demanded that she marry him. He had been paying attentions to her for some time, and she had objected. He demanded a final answer and she refused, whereupon he shot her dead. The tragedy was witnessed by a number of persons. Walters was convicted and sentenced to be hanged, but got a stay of execution, pending an investigation into his sanity.

Crime has been running rampant in Big Horn county for several years. Murders have been of frequent occurrence, and it has been difficult to run the murderers down.

When they were arrested and convicted and the higher courts prevented the county authorities from executing the murderers, the people became exasperated and determined to take the law into their own hands. Threats have been made against several other murderers and train and stage robbers.

Jim McCloud, a notorious outlaw, was arrested at Thermopolis, Big Horn county, yesterday. An attempt was made to take him to the county jail at Basin City, but a mob appeared and the sheriff returned to Thermopolis. This evening Deputy Sheriff Mead, who was injured by the mob that lynched Walters and Gorman, appealed to Gov. Chatterton for troops to act as an escort for McCloud, and not only protect him from the lynchers, but prevent a party of friends from rescuing him. The Basin City light battery is armed, mounted and ready to take the field in case the governor orders out troops. McCloud is charged with murdering Ben Minnick, a sheepman, who was shot at his camp on Black mountain last October.

SALVATIONIST PRAYS TO VISION OF CHRIST UNTIL HE IS EXHAUSTED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

KNOXVILLE, TENN., July 19.—(Special.)—On the dark wall of the six-story East Tennessee National Bank building Ernest Lineston, a local leader of the Salvation Army declares he saw a vision of Jesus Christ on the cross Saturday night, and from an early hour in the night until near the break of day he stood and knelt on the street and prayed that the Christ of his vision might take him to his side.

Half way to the top of the building the darkness was cut by a long line of light. Nearer the ground the deep shadows were broken by stray rays of light from an arc light. And it was to this place that Lineston directed his gaze. He was watched by a crowd, but not troubled by the police. When exhausted standing he knelt and continued his prayers to the Christ of his vision. He declared he could see even the nails, the garments of the Savior and the look of agony as he hung on the cross.

SMITH RESENTS PROCTOR'S REPORT

Explains Alleged Packing of Rural Free Delivery Service.

THE RULES NOT APPLICABLE

Had to Be Adapted to the Needs of the Service—Responsibilities of the Postmaster General Were Large—Entire Appropriation Entrusted to Him.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]
PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Former Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith has written a letter to Postmaster General Payne in reply to a communication sent to the postmaster general by John R. Proctor, president of the civil service commission, in which the latter criticised the administration of Mr. Smith during his term as postmaster general.

The main points to which Mr. Smith takes exception is Mr. Proctor's attack on the classification of persons at postoffices on the establishment of free delivery and the alleged "packing" of the rural free delivery division of the department in anticipation of its classification. On the first point Mr. Smith says the law provides for classified postoffices when the receipts reach $10,000 a year, and on the second point he states that the statute, not the department, puts the clerks of new free delivery offices into the classified service. In the letter Mr. Smith writes:

"The law provides that when any postoffice shall become a free delivery office —that is, when its receipts reach $10,000 a year—it shall be classified and its clerks shall by that fact be admitted to the classified service without being compelled to pass a competitive examination. Under this provision, in 1897, before I became postmaster general, some persons were appointed to offices about to be classified, and, after their classification, transferred to other parts of the service. The practice thus introduced continued in a limited degree.

Civil Service Rules.

"It is the statute, not the department, that puts the clerks of new free delivery offices into the classified service. Their classification is a matter of law. Their transfer is a matter of rule. No rule then prohibited transfer at any time, and no transfer was made without the sanction of the civil service commission, though it objected to the practice. No rule even at this day forbids transfer at any time in the exactly parallel case where small unclassified offices are classified by being consolidated with larger classified offices.

"The only other point of Mr. Proctor's letter which calls for any attention from me is his statement respecting the rural free delivery division as follows:

Nearly all of the clerks and messengers in the rural free delivery service who were covered into the classified service were in positions in Washington, D. C. One hundred and thirty-three of these appointments were made prior to July 1, 1901; 26 were appointed in the four months immediately preceding the classification; and 60 were appointed in the 26 days preceding classification. How many of these were appointed for reasons other than the needs of the service it is, of course, impossible for the commission to determine; but that the service was packed with employes in the interests of the individual is indicated by the fact that the number of appointments in the month of the classification was more than twice as great as for the preceding four months.

"With a few words of plain statement I shall leave judgment to be pronounced on this gratuitous imputation. The rural delivery appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, was $1,750,000; for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, it was just double, $3,500,000. The number of routes in operation July 1, 1900, was 1,276, and July 1, 1901, it was 4,301. In the next five months before the classification the number increased to 6,000. Was double the appropriation to be aplied, double the service to be provided, and double the work to be done without any increase of force?

"The truth is that when congress, by making the large appropriation of $3,500,000 for the fiscal year 1901-2, settled that the service was no longer experimental, the department set about organizing it on a permanent basis. It carefully calculated how the appropriation should be apportioned, how many agents should be employed in the field, how many clerks were needed at headquarters to keep up with the work, etc. With the greatly increased appropriation and service the force was inadequate to the requirements; the clerks were working over hours; and it was under these circumstances that the additional appointments were made.

Inuendo Is Resented.

"How much ground there was for Mr. Proctor's unworthy inuendo may be judged from the fact that of the 56 appointments to which he refers 41 were women clerks, four were transfers, six were designations for division headquarters in the field, and five all told were original appointments of men for the department! A vast deal of politics, surely, in the appointment of 41 women! Another fact deserves remark. Nearly two years have elapsed since the appointment. You have been postmaster general a year and a half, and you have not dropped one of them! If the service was 'packed,' how faithless you have been to your duty! This heedless critic didn't see that his blow was aimed at you as well as me!

"It may have been a sad case of mistaken judgment, but congress by law devolved the organization of the rural delivery and the appointment of all its force on the postmaster general, and not on Mr. Proctor. For several successive years it made constantly increasing appropriations, to be expended absolutely at the postmaster general's discretion, without condition or restriction. So far as I now recall, there is not a parallel case running through a period of years in the history of the country. This great confidence imposed high obligations on the postmaster general. He made his regular reports to the president and to congress, and they approved his action.

Mr. Proctor Criticised.

"When, as already indicated, it became clear that the service was to be enduring he addressed himself to the task of preparing it for a permanent footing. This involved bringing it within the classified service and of extending the civil service rules to it, so far as they were applicable. But inasmuch as the first requirement of the rural carrier was to have a horse and wagon (horse and wagon not being amenable to competitive academic examination) and inasmuch as other special conditions existed, the regular rules could not be literally applied just as they were; they had to be modified to adapt them to these conditions. Under the direction of the president, the department was engaged for some weeks with the civil service commission in framing a system and body of rules, and in view of Mr. Proctor's remarks, it is only fair to say that in this work he proved so unreasonable, so dogmatic and so impracticable that he had to be overruled both by his own associates and by the administration, and had to be substantially eliminated from all part in the construction of the framework. The burden of the work on the part of the civil service commission fell on Mr. William D. Foulke, who is as strong and rational in his practical sense as he is sincere, earnest and intelligent in his devotion to civil service reform.

"The principle governing the organization of the rural delivery and the attitude and spirit of the department were stated in my annual report for 1901.

TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF,
Former lieutenant governor of the state of New York. His friends are planning for his election to the governorship of the state of New York. He served as lieutenant governor three terms.

FRENCH COUNT SECURES A BRIDE AT WHEELING

Count Paul Martel de la Chesney Married to Miss Daisy Ellsworth Kirk.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]
NEW YORK, July 19.—When they learn she is now a countess the many friends of the beautiful young woman who was Miss Daisy Ellsworth Kirk before her first marriage will be doubly surprised. Only her immediate relatives knew that on July 4 last she was married to Count Paul Martel de la Chesney in Wheeling, W. Va. It was with her parents' knowledge and consent.

It was his illness alone which prevented the marriage being celebrated in his home. Having suffered from a stroke of apoplexy, his physicians decided the excitement attendant on the wedding might not be for the best, and as it was necessary for the count to be in Wheeling, Miss Kirk went there and they were married by the Rev. Mr. Price.

Both the count and his bride have been married before. Her first husband was William McKay Barbour, a wealthy resident of Colorado Springs, but in less than six months after their wedding she obtained a divorce from him. Before that she had met the count, who two years ago married Madeline Desmond, a society girl of Colorado Springs. She obtained a divorce from him some time ago.

The count and his bride are now in Philadelphia, where he expects to go into business. FRANK A. PARKER.

ELECT SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Dunbar Township Board Selects Instructors for the Coming Term.

DUNBAR, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—The school board of Dunbar yesterday elected these teachers for the coming term:

Adelaide, Eva Clisten, Janes Byers, Caroline Morris, Chester A. Murray; Brookvale, Bertha Tulley; Cross Keys, Nellie Teete; Eagle, Martha Rowan; Fayette, Mabel Golden; Furnace, Martha Williams, Sample Cochran; Cottemy, Jennie Pardee, Hickory Bottom, Nellie Behan; Hill farm, Isaac Smith; Kennesy, Jennie McQuiggan; Hughes, R. L. Cospenning; Juniata, Mary Roban, J. W. Workman; Leisenring, Myrtle McDiffitt, Catherine King, Ada Edwards, Linda Blaney, Mamie Burns, Michael Glass; Liston, Clara Corral; Monarch, Jane Roy, Anna McNulty, Delilah Monk, Nellie Hans, Jessie Smith, Edwin Smith; Nollie, Laura Crithfield; Paul, J. W. Carter, J. R. Brown; Peonin, Lizzie Nelen, Helen Corrall, Inez Corrall, George Marshall; Sandy Hollow, Stella Hensl; Sandy Flats, Beatrice Patterson; Sitka, Blanche Hordin; Stone, Ada Corrall; Summit, William McLanahin; Trotter, Bertha McFarland, Mary Parkhill, Harriet Mender, Belle Bowden, W. H. Johns; Vanderbilt, Belle G. Stahl, Annie McBurney, Maud Snyder, Anna Woodmancy, Winnie McFarland, Margaret Phipps, William Haggerty, Catherine Smith, R. K. Smith; Wheeler, Mattie Bowden, Leonard Slessman; West Leisenring, Mary Yoder, Maud Jennings, Jesse Woodward, Chester A. Murray; Woodyale, Rose Friel.

NOT OFFICIALLY DEAD.

Governor of Georgia Offers Reward for Negro Who Was Lynched 10 Days Ago.

ATLANTA, GA., July 19.—(Special.)—Governor Terrell has broken the record in the matter of rewards by offering $300 for the apprehension of a negro, who, it transpired, was lynched 10 days ago. The negro for whom the governor offers the reward is, or rather was, Ed Claus, who assaulted Miss Susie Johnson, a young school teacher in McIntosh county on July 9. The negro was far away before his crime was discovered. He was pursued, however, and captured after a chase over seven counties. The posse took the negro back to the scene of his crime, and after he was identified by Miss Johnson, shot him to pieces and burned the fragments.

The lynching was reported in the papers at the time, but now Governor Terrell offers a reward for the criminal. The explanation offered by the governor is that he has no official knowledge that the negro was lynched.

TWO FATALLY INJURED BY TRAIN COLLISION

CINCINNATI, July 19.—In the collision here today of an empty Queen & Crescent train, which was backing out of the Union depot, with an excursion train on the Baltimore & Southwestern, Mrs. Carrie Crawford, aged 38, and Harry Elswick, aged 11, both of Washington, Ind., were fatally injured. Ten other persons were painfully hurt.

Changing Car Tracks at McKees Rocks.

The Pittsburgh Street Railways Company had a large force of men at work on the crossing at the junction of Chartiers and Island avenues, McKees Rocks, yesterday morning. Work was continued all day and through most of the night. The tracks of the Pittsburgh, Chartiers & Youghiogheny railroad were cut through and will be intersected by the street railway tracks. Heretofore the electric cars were forced to run over the Pittsburgh Chartiers & Youghiogheny rails. Passengers were transferred across the obstruction during the day.

Payne Sails for Boston.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Postmaster General Henry C. Payne, who spent Saturday off Tompkinsville, on board the revenue cutter Onondaga, sailed today for Boston, where he is expected to remain three days, returning then to New York for another brief stay. Mr. Payne, who is making the trip for his health, did not land while here, and his physician is said to have refused to allow him to receive callers.

Woman a Master Carpenter.

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—Miss Louise Hinck, sister of E. C. Hinck, a well-known real estate dealer of New York, is the first woman to receive an invitation to become a member of the Master Carpenters' association of Montclair, N. J. Miss Hinck is an energetic young woman. She is wealthy and has constructed a large number of handsome residences. Miss Hinck speaks, Greek, Latin, French and German.

THINK MURDERER WAS ARRESTED

Supt. of Detectives McQuade Believes He Has the Assassin of Dominic Carlo.

IS HELD ONLY AS A WITNESS

Officers Work on Case and Find Italians Reticent—Little Girl Who Taught Carlo English Was Cautioned to Silence by Brother.

City and county detectives were working all day yesterday trying to discover the murderers of Dominic Carlo, who was killed on Saturday night in the yard of his boarding house, No. 4245 Compromise alley, near Rutherglen street, Twenty-third ward. Six Italians, five men and one woman, were locked up in jail as witnesses at the coroner's inquest. According to Superintendent of Police Thomas A. McQuaide, one of the prisoners is probably the murderer.

The men who worked on the case were City Detectives Edward Gough and John Lally and County Detectives George Waggoner and John Roach. Last night Roach and Waggoner said they thought they had a clew that would lead to early results.

The prisoners in the jail are Rocco Romano, Vincent Legus, Peter Grepo, John Cardeman, William Veston and Mrs. Corelia Tomaso. Mrs. Tomaso is considered an important witness. While the detectives were at her house, at which Carlo boarded, she said she knew nothing about the murder, but the detectives had been informed that she had a large knife concealed under her apron.

Produced a Knife.

They taxed her with the fact and she produced the knife, saying that she had found it in Compromise alley, about 100 feet from the place where Carlo appears to have been attacked. At that point there was a pool of blood, and shortly after daylight another knife similar to the one held by Mrs. Tomaso was found. The knife was covered with blood and was found close to the house line, where it had apparently been thrown by the assassin. The woman's knife had no blood on it. Both knives are made out of "fishback" files, are of hardened steel, ground to a fine edge and point without handles, and about nine inches long.

The Italians of the neighborhood are reticent about the affair and profess ignorance. One girl, 14 years old, began to give Detectives Waggoner and Roach some information that might be important, but her brother said something to her in Italian and she would not say another word.

Story Told By Girl.

The girl, Lena Vantula, said that she lived in Rocco Romono's house, near Carlo's boarding house, and Carlo was learning English from her. They were in the house on Saturday night. Someone put his head in the door and called Carlo. Carle got up and went to the door, and told the girl he was going out, but would return in a short time. That was 10 p. m. Twenty minutes later he was dead. Detective Waggoner asked Lena if she knew the man who had taken Carlo away. She said she did not know him, but that she could recognize him if she saw him. At this point her brother broke in, said something that the detective could not understand, and the girl shut up "like a clam," as the detective said.

Waggoner is disinclined to believe that Carlo told somebody just before his death that he had been stabbed by "the man who was to come down tonight."

Stabbed Seven Times.

Carlo was stabbed seven times, and two of the wounds, the doctors say, were fatal. Not much blood flowed from the wounds, but it is believed the man bled internally, and the post-mortem examination showed the lungs filled with blood. It is true that he did stagger about 100 feet from the place he was attacked to the yard of his boarding house, but Waggoner believes that he was too far gone to speak intelligibly.

When Police Inspector Milton E. Bailey went to the neighborhood about 2 a. m. yesterday he found the alley full of excited Italians. None of them would admit that he knew anything of the murder and Bailey ordered them all arrested. The police captured 28 of them, taking them from Mrs. Tomaso's house and that of Rocco Romana. At the hearing all but those committed to jail were discharged.

PITTSBURGH MISSIONS ATTACKED BY PREACHER

Declared They Are Forbidding. Does Not Wonder Some Persons Shun Them.

Several of the gospel missions conducted in Pittsburgh were severely criticised last night by the Rev. W. H. Calahan of the Allegheny mission, who spoke at the Methodist Episcopal church in Bell avenue, McKees Rocks. The speaker during the latter part of his sermon said:

"How can you hope to make people reconciled to a mission when its interior is gloomy and forbidding. It must be homelike. Why, there are some missions in Pittsburgh in which I would not live if they were to pay me $2 a day for doing so.

"I can understand," he said in another part of his address, "why it is that the young people coming from their homes in the slums can look upon the theater, the saloon or the dance hall as a sort of paradise."

BROWN-BURLEIGH NUPTIALS.

Pittsburgh Attorney Married in Ohio to Young Lady Well Known Here.

Clarence W. Burleigh, the Pittsburgh attorney, son and partner of Clarence Burleigh, formerly city solicitor, city attorney and district attorney, was married in Middletown, O., Saturday to Miss Marguerite Brown, daughter of ex-Senator McPherson Brown of Middletown. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Edwin D. Irwin at the residence of the bride's parents.

Mrs. Burleigh is a grand-daughter of the late Prof. J. P. Andrews of this city and a niece of Superintendent Samuel Andrews of the Pittsburgh schools. She has many friends in this city, having often visited here and being well known to the younger society ladies.

New Spanish Cabinet.

MADRID, July 19.—The king has approved the new cabinet, which has been constituted by Marquis Villaverde, as follows: Premier, Marquis Villaverde; foreign minister, Count San Bernardo; minister of justice, Senor Buganal; minister of finance, Senor Beasia; minister of war, Gen. Martitegui; minister of navy, Senor Estram; minister of the interior, Senor Garcia Alix; minister of public instruction, Senor Osma; minister of agriculture, Senor Gasset.

Gen. Wood Reaches Manila.

MANILA, July 19.—Gen. Leonard Wood arrived here today. He will confer with Gov. Taft and Gen. Davis on the Moro question, and will leave shortly for Zamboango to organize the government of the Moro province.

Duke of Abruzzi Coming.

Rome, July 19.—The Tribuna says the duke of Abruzzi, on board the cruiser Liguria, will shortly visit several North American ports.

MISS HARRIET SAWYER,
A beautiful society girl, daughter of James Sawyer, millionaire lumberman, who made a desperate attempt at suicide in the Martha Washington hotel, a new hotel for women only, in New York. Miss Sawyer went from Milwaukee to New York to study for the stage, but failed in her career.

PILGRIMS SEEK HELP AT SHRINE OF ST. ANNE

From Many States Came the Lame, Blind and Afflicted Faithful.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]
NEW YORK, July 19.—In seemingly endless procession in and out the little brick church of Jean Baptiste, men, women and children, lame, blind and afflicted with disease, made their way today. Some were there who had come from San Francisco, others from Florida.

It was the third day of the annual novena at the shrine of St. Anne, mother of the Virgin Mary, and the feast day of Our Lady of Mt. Carmel, and it was hoped that the relic enshrined in the basement of the church would perform more of the miracles for which it is famed. But none were reported, although the Rev. Father Roy from 8 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening presented the relic in its metal case to thousands of the afflicted supplicants. From the crowded pews prayers arose as the priest passed up and down the long line of bowed figures.

Two altar boys clad in black cassocks attended six revolving stands. On each stand were lighted candles. As supplicants arose from the rail they went to the candle stands. For 10 cents paid to the boys a candle would be placed on the stands and the petitioners permitted to light the candle. Most of the petitioners were women. The majority of them led children to the rail and some carried infants. In the throng were rich and poor.

Bound to a board a little yellow-haired boy of 4 years was borne down the aisle by an eager-faced woman. She knelt at the rail, raised the board before her and bowed in prayer. Father Roy came to her and the relic was applied to the boy's spine. His big blue eyes searched the face of the priest questioningly.

The relic, according to the priests in charge, is an authentic fragment, very small, of the wrist bone of St. Anne. It was brought to this country from Rome in 1880. FRANK A. PARKER.

MR. CAMPBELL RESIGNS.

Treasurer of National Transit Pipe Line to Be Succeeded by C. H. Lay, Jr.

OIL CITY, PA., July 19.—John R. Campbell, who has been treasurer for the National Transit Pipe line since the organization in 1877, has resigned and the resignation is now in force. He will be succeeded in the pipe line companies by Charles H. Lay, Jr., the first assistant treasurer. Mr. Lay will be succeeded by E. R. Shepard, National Transit agent at Bradford.

The treasurership of the various gas companies controlled by the National Transit goes to J. B. Crawford, first assistant treasurer of the Oil City Fuel Supply Company. H. R. Sheldon of Oil City succeeds Mr. Crawford.

Mr. Campbell's resignation was tendered a month ago on account of ill health, but was only accepted on Saturday.

MINISTER IS DEFENDANT.

Wife of the Rev. Hibbard A. Tucker, D. D., Sues for Alimony and Divorce.

RICHMOND, IND., July 19.—(Special.)—The Rev. Hibbard A. Tucker, D. D., vice president of the American Anti-Saloon league in Pennsylvania, in charge of the work in that state, is defendant in a divorce suit filed by his wife, Gertrude A. Tucker.

She alleges abandonment and failure to provide and asks for payment of $5,000 alimony with annual maintenance of $600, she having two minor children. Mrs. Tucker claims that the defendant in the suit has a farm in Montgomery county, Greencastle, Ind., worth about $8,000. Dr. Tucker happened to be in Greencastle today, and the papers were served on him immediately.

APPEAL FOR VOLUNTEERS.

Committee of Five Becoming Too Well Known at Kennywood Park.

The committee having in charge the prosecutions against the Steeplechase Company at Kennywood park reported their past work at the mass meeting of churchmen held yesterday afternoon at the Methodist Episcopal church, Homestead, and some warm charges were made against the district attorney, sheriff and constables who had refused to notice the appeals from the committee for help.

The original committee of five asked for 20 more volunteers to secure evidence, as the members said they had been at the park so many times for this purpose that they were well known there, and new faces could get more evidence.

A strong resolution was passed indorsing the committee and offering both personal and financial aid in continuing the prosecutions every Monday following violations of the preceding Sunday.

HORSE STEPPED ON DYNAMITE AND HOOF WAS BLOWN OFF

TRENTON, N. J., July 19.—An unusually peculiar accident today made necessary the shooting of a horse belonging to James H. Romaine, the proprietor of a hotel in this city, while Mr. Romaine and the other occupants of the carriage to which the horse was attached had a narrow escape from injury. The horse stepped on a stick of dynamite, which exploded and blew off one of the horse's hoofs. The vehicle was partly shattered by the explosion. The dynamite is supposed to have been a part of some that was being used for the blasting of rock in connection with the building of a macadam road.

Bed Caught Fire.

An alarm of fire from box 131 last night was caused by a bed igniting at the home of John Heinrich on Penn avenue, near Twenty-sixth street. Damage trifling.

EPWORTH LEAGUE GOES TO DENVER

Detroit Convention Decides on Western City for Next Meeting.

ADDRESS BY PITTSBURGHER

The Rev. T. N. Boyle Among the Sunday Speakers—Dr. Buckley Says Methodists Cannot Affiliate With Churches That Do Not Recognize Christ as King.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]
DETROIT, MICH., July 19.—With seven meetings tonight, all splendidly attended, the sixth international convention of the Epworth league, which Dr. J. F. Berry and other officers of the league say has been the greatest and most successful in the league's history, came to a close. Denver was this afternoon decided upon for the next convention.

The greatest crowd that has congregated in Tent Ontario during the convention was present tonight. The 5,000 seats were occupied and at least 2,000 more people were standing about the edges of the tent. Dr. J. M. Buckley of New York was the first speaker, discussing "Christ Our King." He said in part:

"We cannot affiliate with the Unitarians or any other body that does not recognize Christ as king. If we are right in our belief and assertion of His kingship they are unwittingly, if honest, blasphemous. If they are right we are idolaters. We must everywhere declare and maintain belief in His deity. I would be willing to receive an honest doubter into the church, but if he dogmatically declares that Christ is not God, I would be as willing to receive a Mormon."

Dr. Buckley urged more reverence in worship. He said: "Lack of reverence makes revivals mere hypnotic farces." Dr. Buckley then spoke of Dr. Sheldon, author of "In His Steps" and other books, and said that they were interesting, but "kindergarten books three times refined."

"The question is not what would Christ do, but what would Christ have us do," declared Dr. Buckley. "We are to take His Word and then seek divine guidance from it." Dr. Buckley said that we must believe that what we conclude after prayer—thoughtful, earnest prayer—is what Christ would have us experiment with.

The Rev. C. O. Johnston of Toronto, Canada, spoke on "His Conquering Kingdom" and Bishop John M. Walden discussed "My Place in the Army." The Rev. George J. Bishop of London, Canada, led the waiting hour.

Among the speakers at the various churches were the Rev. Frank McElfresh of Zanesville, O., the Rev. T. N. Boyle, Pittsburgh, and the Rev. C. E. Manchester, Steubenville, O.

One of the finest gatherings of the convention was the men's meeting in Tent Ontario this afternoon, which was presided over by B. F. Diefendorf of Canajoharie, N. Y. There were 3,500 men present and their voices swelling forth in "Onward, Christian Soldiers," the battle-hymn of the Epworth league, was one of the grandest effects of the convention.

The Rev. George R. Stuart of Cleveland, Tenn., stirred the gathering to a high pitch of enthusiasm with his exhortations, interspersed with anecdotes and stories. "We are shaping our religion to our commercial ideas," he said, "instead of our commercial ideas to our religion. We are cutting down the Bible to make it fit the exigencies of our business, and the Bible is true."

Dr. J. A. Lester of Nashville, Tenn., urged the men to do stronger battle for their religion and the church. "Too many men," he said, "turn themselves into women when the fight comes."

PATCHING UP PEACE.

Police Magistrate Brinker's Resignation Makes Allegheny City Politicians Anxious.

The resignation of Police Magistrate A. J. Binker of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, kept the agents for Mayor J. O. Wyman's administration busy yesterday afternoon. Doves of peace in the form of two well-known men from the North Side City hall hurried out to Magistrate Brinker's office in East street to patch up the trouble which is anticipated as the outcome of the resignation.

Before their arrival Magistrate Brinker is quoted as having told his friends that he would commence a campaign on Wyman that would result in suits being entered, opening a startling chapter of scandal in Allegheny politics.

"Go and see Alderman Wadsworth; he can tell a whole lot," Brinker advised after Wyman's emissaries had departed.

Alderman Wadsworth was spending the day in Ross township and could not be seen.

USED KNIFE ON A NEIGHBOR

Two Slavs Drink and Quarrel and One of Them May Die.

John Sabotsky is in the McKeesport hospital and will probably die from the effects of a deep knife wound in the abdomen dealt him by Petro Vilsik, a fellow Slav laborer employed in the steel mills at Monessen.

The men are neighbors and after work Saturday drank together and returned to their homes together. Before they reached their doors they began disputing, and when they parted for the night Sabotsky made a remark that enraged Vilsik, who drew a long knife and got in one thrust before Sabotsky could defend himself.

The wounded man was taken to the McKeesport hospital yesterday morning. Vilsik was arrested and is being held pending the outcome of Sabotsky's injuries.

NEGROES ATTEMPT TO LYNCH ONE OF THEIR OWN RACE

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The jail at Brooklyn, a suburb of East St. Louis, across the river from here, was broken open tonight by a mob of negroes, whose desire it was to lynch one of their own color for an attempted assault on a negro woman earlier in the day. William Carter, the negro prisoner, was hurried from the jail by the village marshal, who took him in a roundabout way to East St. Louis for safe keeping after the mob had broken open the doors with a railroad tie.

TWO WOMEN SAVE TWO OTHERS' LIVES

CHICAGO, July 19.—(Special.)—Amid the cheers of thousands of Chicago visitors who lined the banks of the St. Joseph river at St. Joseph, Mich., Lesh Roberts and Bessie Bacon, the latter from Indianapolis, rescued two women from drowning this afternoon. The four women were out in a small boat when the little craft was struck by a launch and overturned.

Audited His Accounts.

The auditing committee of the district council of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers, yesterday audited the account of Secretary Edward B. Wolfe, who has been missing from his home for the past two weeks. The committee refused to give out a statement regarding his standing with the district.

POPE LEO FAST NEARING DEATH

Continued from First Page.

being abandoned by his valet, Centra, and myself. These are the symptoms of incipient cerebral stemia and general exhaustion. He can no longer turn in his bed without assistance and is being kept alive by artificial stimulants.

"During the last 24 hours he has had two injections of camphorated oil, three of caffeine and two hypodermics of salt water, besides drinking stimulants."

Mgr. Bisletti, master of the pope's chamber, said earlier in the evening that the pulse of his holiness had not yet shown any signs of becoming intermittent, so, despite his extreme weakness and coma, he believed the pope would survive the night and possibly tomorrow.

Preparations for Death.

Both the Italian government and the authorities of the vatican have made final preparations for the pope's death. The government is rigidly censoring all telegrams and telephonic communication between Italy and the rest of the continent. At this hour but few people remain at the vatican. Dr. Mazzoni and Dr. Rossoni and the cardinals have gone to their homes to await the last urgent summons.

The medical aspect of the pope's case is exciting much discussion. One reliable authority having opportunities of knowing the private history of the treatment declares that a third operation for the removal of the pleuric fluid actually has been performed, but has not been made public in order to avoid increasing the public apprehension.

It is also stated in the same reliable quarter that Dr. Lapponi and Dr. Mazzoni have made a written statement before a notary public giving the exact details of the pope's case, and that copies of these statements have been deposited with Cardinal Rampolla and Mgr. Cagiano de Azavedo. The purposes of this statement is to answer possible subsequent medical criticisms on the treatment of the case.

Roosevelt's Message Answered.

It is understood that the doctors have not been as frank in their bulletins as they personally desired to be, details of some features of the case being withheld at the earnest request of the vatican authorities. Their formal statement is expected to clear up the entire medical history of the case.

President Roosevelt has sent, through Assistant Secretary of State Loomis, to Cardinal Rampolla a telegram expressing the president's sincere sympathy for his holiness at this hour of supreme anxiety and asking to be informed of the condition of the venerable patient.

The vatican authorities are deeply appreciative of this expression of the American president and recall the cordial personal exchanges between the president and the pope when the volumes of presidential messages and papal encyclicals were exchanged.

Cardinal Rampolla sent an answer to the message which contained the thanks of the vatican authorities for the solicitude expressed by the president and also the latest information concerning the condition of the pope.

LEO IS POPULAR WITH RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT

Belief That Present Good Relations Would Continue If Rampolla Were Elected.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]
ST. PETERSBURG, July 19.—M. Pobyedonostoff, procurator of the holy synod, said today:

"Pope Leo XIII. has many admirers in Russia. He is the most eminent person in the political world today, not only on account of his position, but equally because of his character. The emperor greatly desired to meet Leo last spring, but his visit to Rome was deferred. Leo numbered among his life-long admirers the grand duke, Serge Alexandrovich, the emperor's uncle, who first called upon the pope when a small boy with his tutor. He sent to the pope a token of his esteem upon the occasion of the latter's jubilee.

"The relations between the Russian government and the Roman curia have been better under Leo XIII. than ever before, and are now entirely normal, I understand, for, you know, the ministry of the interior and the foreign office alone are concerned, the ministry of the interior having entire jurisdiction over foreign religious bodies in Russia. While we all respect the pope and the great church whose head he is, we cannot take into consideration a union with the Roman Catholic church, of which Leo XIII., like many of his predecessors, hoped and dreamed."

The procurator of the holy synod is ageing, but is alert both mentally and physically. He still maintains a complete grasp of the affairs of the Orthodox Greek church, with its multitudinous relations to politics and life in Russia.

The department of foreign worship in the ministry of the interior confirms the statement that the relations with the Roman church under the present pope have been more satisfactory than previously. Cardinal Rampolla, who was mainly instrumental in establishing the Russian diplomatic mission at the vatican, enjoys special favor at the department, where it is believed that his election would mean a continuance of the present good relations.

FELL ON HIS HEAD.

Pole Arrested for Drunkenness Found to Be Suffering from Concussion of the Brain.

Anthany Yurkewitz, a Pole, whose address is unknown, was sent to the South Side hospital yesterday morning in an unconscious condition. He was found lying at South Seventh street and Cabot way at 7 o'clock Saturday evening and sent to the South Side police station, charged with drunkenness. Yesterday morning he still seemed to be under the influence of liquor and he was still unconscious.

Sergt. Charles Freeborn became alarmed about the man's condition and sent for Dr. A. E. McCandless. The physician found the man suffering from concussion of the brain and ordered him sent to the hospital.

At a late hour last night Yourkewitz was only partially conscious and could tell nothing except his name.

The report came to the station house that the man had met foul play, but this was found to be untrue when Special Officer James Connor made an investigation. Miss Lizzie Thomas of No. 615 Cabot way told the officer she had seen the man fall, striking his head on the curb stone. He was alone and under the influence of liquor at the time.

No Services in Schenley Park.

Over 2,000 persons who went to Schenley park last evening to attend the open air services held at the music stand near the Panther hollow bridge Sunday evenings during the summer by the Rev. S. Edward Young, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, Pittsburgh, were disappointed. The evening was pleasant, and the fine weather drew a large crowd to the park. No services were held, and the big crowd was plainly disappointed.

Iron Manufacturer Dead.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., July 19.—Andrew J. Crawford, aged 65, a millionaire iron manufacturer and coal operator, and one of the wealthiest men in Indiana, died at his home here today. He was president of the Vigo iron works, the Terre Haute Iron & Steel Company, and the Wabash Iron Company, concerns which recently sold out to the Republic Iron & Steel Company.

ALLEGHENY CLUBS RAIDED BY POLICE

Many Prisoners Were Captured and a Quantity of Beer and Whisky Was Confiscated.

OTHER PLACES WERE VISITED

Allegheny Central Station Looked Like a Wholesale Liquor Store—Double-Headed Speakeasy Found in Webster Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Allegheny clubs are not the safest drinking resorts on Sundays. Two of them were raided yesterday and, in fact, the police of both cities were busy Saturday and yesterday visiting alleged resorts and arresting the persons found in them.

The Alexander Hamilton Republican club, East Diamond street, Allegheny, was raided yesterday afternoon. William Arbogast, Jr., who was taking in the cash for beer and whiskey, was arrested, and with 41 visitors. Arbogast was held at being the intention of Director Thomas B. Scrandrett to make informations against him for illegal liquor selling, selling on Sunday and selling to minors. Most of the visitors were released on forfeits. About 50 cases of beer and several gallons of whiskey were confiscated.

The Pearl club, East Royal street, was raided at 10:30 a. m. H. C. Kim, the alleged bartender, and seven visitors were arrested, and a quantity of beer and whiskey captured.

At 3:30 a. m., an alleged speakeasy, operated by Catherine Magely at No. 109 Scott street, was raided by the police, who arrested the proprietor and three visitors.

At 1 p. m., No. 84 Luckey avenue, was raided and Charles Waschchuck and seven visitors were arrested. Here the police confiscated 13 kegs and four cases of beer and a quantity of whiskey.

Shortly before 6 o'clock last night the house of Mrs. Margaret Scanlan, at No. 66 Luckey avenue, was raided by Lieutenant Bolland and several other officers. She and seven visitors were locked up. Her excuse for keeping her house open and selling liquor after the raid had been made at No. 84 Luckey avenue, was that she wanted to get rid of her stock. She and most of the visitors left forfeits for their appearance at the hearings this morning.

Storehouse for Liquor.

After the raids Allegheny Central station looked like a wholesale liquor store. One room was filled with kegs and cases of beer, the tramproom was nearly filled and the bath room had nearly 100 cases of beer stacked seven cases high in it.

Police Magistrate Samuel Abernathy disposed of 82 cases at Allegheny Central station yesterday morning. Those given hearings included the proprietors, inmates and visitors at five disorderly houses which were raided between 3 and 4:30 a. m. yesterday and Lieutenant John Bolland and Officers Trantveller and Ehrhardt made the first raid at 1:05 o'clock. It was the house of Carrie Smith, at No. 53 West Robinson street. The proprietress, three girls and nine visitors were arrested and at 1:20 o'clock the house of Charlotte Morgan, at No. 519 West Robinson street was raided and she, six girls and 19 visitors were locked up. The house of Mame Harley, at No. 92 West Robinson street was next raided, at 2:45 o'clock. The proprietress, five girls and three men were locked up. Alice Swearer's place, at No. 308 Balkam street, was pulled at 3:45 o'clock and she and two girls and three men got a ride in the patrol wagon to Central station. The last raid was at 4:15 o'clock, when the house of Marian Lewis, at No. 101 Craig street, was raided. She and two girls and 12 men were arrested. The proprietresses were each fined $50 and costs, the girls each $10 and costs and the visitors each $5 and costs.

Police Busy in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh police were also busy. A double speakeasy, one of the most complete ever raided, was pounced upon yesterday by Police Captain Matthew Gorman and Lieutenant Charles Grimes, with a squad of officers. The house is No. 910 Webster avenue. The police found 15 men in the house, patronizing two speakeasies, one on the first and one on the second floor. Three barrels and a half-barrel of wine were on tap, two eighths of beer were flowing, and there was plenty of whiskey. John Luberti and Patrizio Debic are the reputed proprietors. All the prisoners but Luberti and a man who carried a wicked-looking knife with a spring blade, were released on forfeits.

Inspector P. F. Kelly, Captain J. N. Fredrick and Special Officer James Conner of the South Side district yesterday afternoon raided several disorderly houses and crap games, and rounded up twenty-five prisoners.

The house of Mrs. Mary Mullen, at No. 225 Carson street, was raided, and Mrs. Mullen and nine visitors were locked up. A great deal of beer and whiskey was found in the house.

John Taben of No. 324 Bingham street, was arrested with ten visitors. Liquor was also found in this place.

All were taken to No. 7 police station, where Mrs. Mullen and John Taban were charged with keeping disorderly houses and the rest with being visitors.

Edward Gret, No. 1808 Carson street, Albert Smith, No. 1734 Mary street, R. W. Algro, Water Works alley, and Philip Bock of No. 2426 Sidney street, were also arrested in different parts of the district for participating in crap games.

Glenwood Houses Raided.

Policeman James Noon raided two alleged speakeasies in Glenwood yesterday. At the house of John Lally, Irvine street, the proprietor and six visitors were captured, and at John Evans' house on Herbert alley, Evans and two visitors were taken.

At the morning hearing, Annie Scott of No. 1005 Bedford avenue, was fined $50 and costs on a charge of keeping a disorderly house, and two men found in the place paid $5 and costs.

Rosy Satchel of No. 19 Old avenue, was fined $55 and costs on the same charge, and a man found there with her paid $5 and costs.

Metta Moresko of No. 707 Sarah street, was charged with keeping a disorderly house. He, with seven visitors captured in the raid were fined $5 and costs.

Inspector James McAvoy and Capt. William J. Boyle yesterday afternoon raided the house of Mike Vidick at Fifth and Hamilton avenues and arrested Vidick and nine visitors. Vidick, who is 21 years old, with the visitors, left forfeit for a hearing this morning. The police allege Vidick has been conducting a gambling house at his place. A lot of beer was found in the cellar by the police.

Inspector F. H. Schmitt and a squad of officers yesterday afternoon conducted many raids in the Italian district in the neighborhood of the Union depot. They first visited the place kept by Louisa Dutcha at No. 7 Spring alley and arrested the proprietor and 15 visitors. The balance of the raids were made in the following order: Maria Snydor

MAYOR HAYS' DUTY TO CALL COUNCILS, SAYS WASSON

Twentieth Ward Member Declares Executive Should End Delay on Filtration.

BOND ISSUE NOT REQUIRED

Plans Provide for Plant Large Enough for Present Needs of City—More Filter Beds Can Be Added as Consumption Increases.

"It is the duty of Mayor William B. Hays to call a special meeting of councils to receive the report of the filtration committee and take prompt action. The mayor has stated that he will not call councils together to consider the railroad ordinance because he does not regard it as a public necessity. Filtration is properly classed a public necessity and the chief executive of the city owes it to the people to do something to stop the death and disease resulting from an impure water supply," said Common Councilman Joseph C. Wasson of the Twentieth ward, yesterday.

Mr. Wasson is from the same ward as Thomas M. Brown, chairman of the filtration committee, but in no respect does he voice Chairman Brown's sentiments in favor of alum water filtration.

"There is no question as to the method of filtration. That question was long ago settled by a commission composed of some of the most eminent men of the community, from all walks of life. There is no reason in the world why the city should spend $40,000 or $50,000 more on a new commission. The decision of the last commission, which examined the matter thoroughly and gave a judicial and impartial report, was unqualifiedly in favor of sand filtration and there is not the slightest ground for overturning its verdict.

Bond Issue Not Required.

"I do not agree with the filtration committee that another large bond issue will be needed to build a sand filtration plant sufficient to supply the present wants of the people.

"With the money now on hand the city has ample funds to build and put a plant in operation. The installation of meters, provided for in the plans prepared, will reduce the consumption of water 50 per cent and with meters a plant of a daily capacity of 50,000,000 gallons will be large enough to supply all the water that the people need or desire. The statistics show that the water consumption of Pittsburgh is far above other cities of 350,000 or 375,000 population.

"With the $2,500,000 already voted a plant can be built at once and when there is a necessity for a larger supply this can be provided by the addition of more filter beds.

"The plans and specifications of power houses, mains, machinery, etc., which have been prepared, provide for a daily supply of at least 100,000,000 gallons or twice the estimated consumption when the plant is started.

Filter Beds Can Be Added.

"When the consumption increases more filter beds can be easily built without a bond issue. One filter bed will increase the supply more than 1,000,000 gallons daily. The cost of one filter bed will be $25,000.

"I believe that the mechanical filter project is a job in which some persons expect to reap some pecuniary benefit. I would not be surprised if there were also some politics back of the present delay, and that the object was to prevent action on filtration until after the elections and then to force adoption of mechanical filters.

"I understand that a mechanical plant of the capacity of 75,000,000 gallons daily will cost about $1,500,000. The people can readily imagine where the balance of the $2,500,000 will go if the mechanical concerns have consolidated as reported and all the money available for filtration is used."

"If Mayor Hays will call a meeting of common council at once the matter can be taken up and a decision speedily arrived at. There is no good reason for the delay and if councils and the administration do their duty the work on filtration will be started at once and a plant built and put in operation at the fastest possible speed. The neglect which is causing numerous deaths and wide-spread typhoid is almost criminal."

COUNCIL CHAMBER WILL BE LOCKED

City Hall Janitor Refuses to Admit Railroad Opponents Tonight Without Orders.

CLERK TO ABSENT HIMSELF

Stevenson Members of Lower Branch Ready to Give Up—Wasson Favors Compromise With Pennsylvania Company—Call for Select Out Today.

Locked and barred doors will probably prevent the entrance of the opponents of the Duquesne way ordinance into the common council chamber tonight and also prevent the Stevenson-Sahner faction from holding its adjourned meeting according to schedule. The only program which the opposition has determined upon is to meet tonight in common council chamber and to adjourn sine die if a quorum is not obtained.

The action of Clerk H. B. Davis and the statement of the janitor of the city hall show that the Stevenson members will meet with a serious physical obstacle if they attempt to carry out their program tonight. The janitor stated yesterday that he would not open the common council chamber unless he had orders from either the city clerk, the superintendent of city property or the mayor. The city clerk has refused to issue the call for the meeting tonight or to recognize President Pro Tem. Sahner. He will not be present tonight and will not issue the order to the janitor to open the council chamber.

The superintendent of the bureau of city property, John A. Long, has been out of the city for a week and would not give orders for the opening of the council chamber unless he had the authority of Director E. M. Bigelow or the mayor.

Hays Will Not Meddle.

Director Bigelow is away and Councilman J. C. Wasson, who belongs to the opponents of the railroad measure, said yesterday that he did not believe Mayor Hays would instruct the janitor of the city hall to permit a meeting to be held in the common council room.

"I am satisfied that the mayor would not issue an order to throw the room open, for he does not want to take any part in the controversy. He has already refused to issue a call for the meeting and will not do anything to further it, even indirectly," said Mr. Wasson. "I believe that both the common council chamber and the city clerk's office will be locked tomorrow night and that it will be impossible to gain admission."

Councilman W. C. Reitz of the Thirty-fifth ward, who is acting with Councilman W. H. Stevenson in the railroad fight, said last night that a meeting could be held in the corridors of the city hall or elsewhere if the council chamber and the city clerk's office were locked. Mr. Reitz and Mr. Wasson both stated they did not think a quorum would be present tonight. They said President Pro Tem. Sahner and a few other opponents of the railroad ordinance would go to the city hall tonight to keep up an appearance of being consistent, but that nothing could be accomplished.

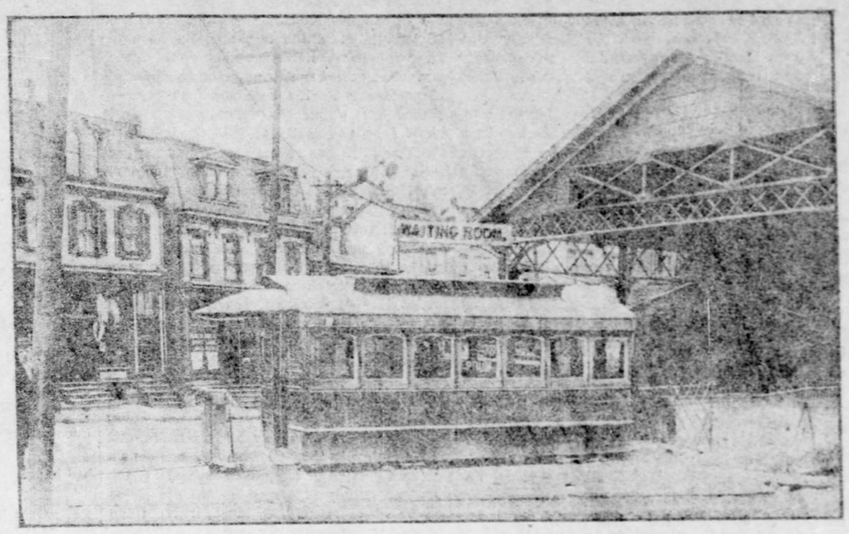
Wasson Favors a Compromise.

"I do not see what we can do," said Mr. Wasson. "It is now up to select council. I understand a call for a meeting will be out tomorrow and that a call will be made for Friday. Even if enough members sign the petition for a call, I do not think the railroad advocates can get a quorum of select council. I do not think there will be a select council meeting before September.

"The position assumed by Mayor Hays is the one that I have held from the start. I always considered the question of cash compensation as a secondary matter. The Pennsylvania should give the merchants along Duquesne way and contiguous to it adequate switching facilities, with the right to receive and ship in cars of other roads, the Pennsylvania to agree to transport the cars of other lines. I offered this amendment in councils and it was voted down.

"I believe that if it were incorporated in the ordinance the Pennsylvania company would accept it."

LAST USE OF ONE OF THE OLD HORSE CARS



Pittsburgh Railways Company's Waiting Room in Allentown.

The last remnant of the old-time horse cars on the South Side has disappeared. For five years one of these early relics of street railway transportation stood on skids at the head of the Knoxville incline and was used as a waiting room by passengers traveling on the Arlington avenue line, but this summer, when good weather came, the old car was dismantled and now the people have to be content with the hard pavement for a station. A few of the old cars were used as summer houses on the lawns of residences along Southern avenue, but these, too, are falling into decay.

NEW CONFIDENCE GAME SPRUNG UP THROUGH ALLEGHENY RAIDS

Allegheny speakeasy raids yesterday developed a new brand of confidence game. When more than 100 of the North Side's citizens had been hauled off to the police station the report went abroad that only the total abstainers had escaped the dragnet. About twilight a stranger knocked at the door of John Gallagher's home in Anderson street and asked for Mrs. Gallagher. When she went to the door the man said:

"I'm very sorry, Mrs. Gallagher, but your husband was arrested in a club this afternoon, and if you give me $10 I'll pay his forfeit and bring him home in time for supper."

Mrs. Gallagher remembered that her husband had left early in the day and was surprised at the news. She went to look for the money and then went to consult a neighbor.

"I have the $10 handy," said the neighbor, "and I'll go up to city hall myself and get John out. Don't give the money to a stranger."

The neighbor hastened to the police station and inquired for Mr. Gallagher.

"I don't think he's here," said the sergeant.

"Oh, yes, he is," the visitor replied. Then he asked Director Thomas B. Scandrett of the department of public safety to assist in the search. They went back and looked over the prisoners, but there was no sight of Gallagher.

"Gallagher must have gone to church," observed Director Scandrett.

Just then the door opened and a man with a broad smile on his face walked in. It was Gallagher.

"What are you fussin' about?" he asked. "I've been over in Pittsburgh all day, and when I came home to supper my wife said a 'con' man had been at the house trying to flim-flam her out of $10. It's a cold afternoon when you catch Gallagher. Come down to the house and we'll open a bottle of ginger ale."

SUNDAY ROWDIES WERE HUNTED UP

New County Detectives Looked at Places Where Lawlessness Generally Abides.

MANY PERSONS COMPLAINED

District Attorney Received Letters from Boroughs and Townships Objecting to Actions at Outings of "New Suit" and "Overcoat" Clubs.

Many of the township constables in Allegheny county were given a real sample of how to go after law-breakers when the four detectives sent out by District Attorney John C. Haymaker began circulating through the most sacred and hitherto undisturbed sections of lawlessness yesterday. It was the first day of the new county detectives, and while there are now four who will spend their time in the various townships, there is need for many more.

County Detective Robert G. Robinson and the district attorney on Saturday gave instructions to the four men who went out yesterday. They are Patrick Morrisey, formerly chief of police at McKeesport; George Schad, who served his time with the Allegheny detective and police department; Robert McMillan, for some time a constable at Carnegie and Bridgeville, and J. W. Reed, an old-timer on the police force, who has made many creditable arrests. Today Detectives Roach and Wagner will go into the field. There will be at all times not less than four men scattered in the county.

Many Letters to Haymakers.

For years letters have poured into the district attorney's office asking for protection against hoodlums, thieves and murderers. Most of these letters have come from nearby boroughs and townships and the greatest complaint has been in regard to Sundays. For some reason many of the township and borough constables have been flagrantly lax in covering their territory, and many specific charges have been made against their loose administration. This was shown at the license court hearings.

Since the outbreak at High Bridge, in West Liberty, which resulted in the deaths of two negroes and the wounding of several persons, the necessity for better and more general protection in the outlying districts has been apparent. On Sundays particularly there are obnoxious practices of all sorts resorted to outside of Pittsburgh. They simply breed crime. Opportunities are offered for all kinds of drinking, and this in turn leads to boisterousness and lawlessness.

The little boroughs roundabout Pittsburgh suffer from this sort of thing every Sunday. The constables are usually somewhere else just at the time they are needed and few arrests are made. Now that the district attorney is taking a hand in the settlement of accounts with these offenders, communications have been coming in to him in quantities larger than ever before.

Clubs Organized for the Occasions.

There are numbers of "new-suit" and "overcoat" clubs and organizations of a similar character that sneak to the hills on all sides of Pittsburgh and Allegheny every Sunday and beat the law at every turn. The clubs are followed year in and year out by gamblers who, for the payment of small sums, carry on any kind of a game. The clubs always have a large assortment of beverages.

They claim to be social organizations out for the day. They drop a $10 note into the hand of the farmer who owns the land, sometimes arrange matters with the constable and then gamble and drink the whole day. Drinks are had by purchasing checks, which are good at the bars. Some of the clubs allow anybody to eat and drink as much as they choose and they pay what they will. Any one who "yields up" less than a dollar is looked on as a "grouch."

Privileges are sold for holdup rackets and any kind of a game imaginable. Altogether the day is passed rather gloriously. When night comes along the half-drunken party tumbles into wagons or street cars and proceed to liven up the boroughs as they pass through.

Where Respectable People Suffer.

This is a very objectionable feature to their Sunday performances. Their language frequently is not the choicest, and often they direct their remarks to anyone who happens to be within hailing distance.

This is only a sample of the way the average Sunday is spent in many of the townships in Allegheny county. There is nothing to restrict the free practice of such wanton abuses when the constables manage to hide themselves until the whole thing is over.

These are the conditions the district attorney's detectives have to go up against. They cannot expect much assistance from the township constables. At least they are not banking on it, and the question that is now bothering the district attorney is how to stop this turmoil of dissolution and crime with only a total of seven men.

NEW CORNERSTONE.

Edifice of St. Claren's Congregation at Clairton Will Cost $25,000.

The corner stone of St. Clare's Roman Catholic church was laid at Clairton yesterday afternoon. Rev. Father Gallagher of New Castle performed the ceremony of laying the corner stone, assisted by Catholic priests from the vicinity of Clairton. All the Catholic societies in the neighborhood attended and 2,000 persons witnessed the event.

The Rev. Father Graham of St. Patrick's church, Pittsburgh, delivered an address. The new church is a beautiful structure of pressed brick and is 100x60 feet. It is a branch of St. Elizabeth's church of Elizabeth, and Rev. Father Thomas McCarthy, pastor of St. Elizabeth's church, has been appointed pastor of the new church. The congregation now numbers about 300. The church cost $25,000.

BAKERS ON STRIKE.

Demand That a Union Label Be Pasted on Every Loaf of Bread.

The strike among the bakers, inaugurated Saturday, has so far been confined to the members of local No. 324, located in the Twenty-seventh ward. Only two establishments are so far effected, and unless the proprietors yield to the demand of the strikers other locals in the city will quit work.

The strike was called by the district counsel. The bakers demand that every loaf of bread have a union label pasted on it. This the bakers refuse to do. It is the intention to have all the establishments, employing union bakers place the label on the bread. Each local is to strike separately, and if that method does not bring the necessary result all the members in the district will be called out. Local No. 160, which has a membership of 175, will come out on strike within a week unless the proprietors agree to put labels on the bread.

Fired His Revolver in the Street.

Marcus Besumas, feeling highly elated over several drinks he had taken, lost all idea of time and began to celebrate the Fourth of July in Water street, Saturday evening. He had a revolver and was firing it indiscriminately in the street, to the great chagrin of pedestrians. A policeman stopped the celebration and the city coffers became $25 richer yesterday morning, as a result.

TWELVE HUNDRED WERE GUESTS AT THE WEDDING

Interesting Ceremony in the Greek Orthodox Church at Woods Run United the Lives of an Esplen Girl and an Allegheny Butcher.

The largest wedding ever held in Allegheny took place yesterday afternoon in the Greek Orthodox church, Wood's Run. The guests numbered 1,200 at the ceremony, and nearly half that number shared the joys of the reception that followed. A great dinner was served at the bridegroom's residence, where those who had been invited to the feast gathered around a wedding cake as big as a tub.

The nuptials united the lives of Miss Annie E. Boben, a daughter of Andrew Boben of No. 226 River avenue, Esplen, and Michael Catcher, a young Allegheny meat dealer. The ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Father John Nedzelnitsky, assisted by the Rev. Father Nicola Kiswich, followed the quaint customs of the Greek church and attracted many persons of other denominations.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the services began. The church was crowded with devout worshipers and the friends of the bridal party. The bride, with six maids and a retinue of attendants, proceeded to the altar, where she met the bridegroom and knelt during the long service. In the ceremony there are many striking features to the strict ritual characteristic of the church. In the music there is a delightful suggestion of the oriental measure which makes the sacred strains strangely sweet and soothing.

At the close of the ceremony the benediction was a signal for the merrymaking to begin. The church had been decorated with bunting, and triumphal arches had been erected along the thoroughfares leading to the bridegroom's home in Kerr street. The moment the bride and bridegroom appeared at the entrance of the church they were greeted with showers of bouquets of flowers. Instantly their friends formed in ties and escorted the carriage through the streets, a big silk American flag being used as a guidon at the head of the procession.

Parlor, dining room and hall in the house were given up to the feasting, and the good cheer was dispensed with a bountiful hand. After all had been presented to the bride and the dining tables had been thrice filled and there were still many who had not broken bread in the house. Revered traditions would permit no guest to depart hungry, and at this juncture the pretty bride donned an apron over her white wedding gown and with her own hands assisted in serving the tables, cutting the cake and pouring the wine.

The feasting lasted until late in the evening. There will be no honeymoon tour. Every custom of the church was observed, and at the close of the festivities the bridegroom took his bride to a new home which he had furnished before the wedding.

Next Atlantic City Excursion July 23d, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Tickets good 15 days. Round trip fare $10 in coaches; $2 additional for tickets good in parlor or sleeping cars, when presented in connection with Pullman tickets. Special trains leave Baltimore & Ohio station, corner Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh, 8 a. m.; 6:00 p. m. and 9 p. m.

W. M. LAIRD CO.,
Smithfield St.
Market St.

Children's Days

—At the Big—

July Shoe Sale.

1800 Pairs High-Grade Sample Shoes, Oxfords, Slippers for Misses and Children at 50c on the dollar.

This lot has been divided into three Special Prices —50c, 75c and $1.00—and represents values of from $1.00 to $2.50 a pair. All leathers and all styles are here and the stock away above the average.

Today and Tuesday—Both Stores.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

431 to 437 Smithfield St. 401 to 403 Market St.

A CLEAN RECORD

ONLY 5 CENTS

WHEREVER USED

Lifebuoy Soap makes a clean record, not only cleansing perfectly but thoroughly purifying by disinfection. It does both at one and the same time. Where health is paramount an absolutely clean record is possible with Lifebuoy Soap.

Its own clean, wholesome scent indicates its true antiseptic qualities. Five cents at all dealers.

LIFEBUOY

TALKING MACHINES

A lot of $18 and $20 Talking Machines, using the disc records. They are in perfect condition. Some are shop-worn. Your choice for $6

GUITARS

Guitars sold regularly at $5.00, $7.50, $8.00 and $10.00, on which there is any blemish; also a few which have been used — have put on them a less than manufacturers' cost of $1.75 Each

Hamilton's Clearance Sale of

PIANOS

A GIGANTIC SUCCESS

Interest Increases Every Minute

Every department in this house has special offerings this month. Beginning with the sheet music department, on through the small goods department, musical boxes, talking machines, brass instruments, second-hand pianos and organs, new upright pianos, new organs, church organs, grand pianos, self playing organs and pianos, piano players, piano player music, stools, scarfs, cabinets.

OUT OF TOWN CUSTOMERS

We have printed a very complete list of the bargains offered throughout our store during this sale. This list we will gladly mail to any one who writes for it.

Upright Pianos

Among them such makes as Fischer, Capen, Biddle, Franklin, Cable & Sons, Hamilton, Willard, Smith & Barnes, Schumann, McPhail, Hazleton, Lowrie & Haynes, A. B. Chase, Heller and others—you will appreciate the quality of the offerings. All of these pianos have seen some use; a few of them but a few months, others several years, but each and every one of them represents from fifty to seventy-five per cent higher values than we have placed upon them. The prices begin at

$100

and run higher, according to the quality and use of the instrument.

Square Pianos

Take your choice at

$50

Cash with order.

Such makes as Hallett & Cumston, New York; Haines, Hoffman, Hoene & Co., McCammon, Decker Bros., Steinway and others. As stated above your choice at $50. Terms, cash with order. Boxing and delivery extra. Monthly payments can be arranged.

Sheet Music

Hiawatha

and two other late hits at the rate of

3 for 50c

	Reg. Price	
a. Hiawatha (song)	.50	3 FOR 50c Cash With Order
b. Whodar (march)	.50	
c. Neome (waltz)	.50	
	$1.50	

We have printed a list of a number of special combination offers like the above. We shall be glad to mail this list on request.

We have also taken from the wrappers about three thousand sample copies of the past season's hits. Some are very slightly soiled, otherwise they are in good condition.

These we are offering — your choice from the counter at 3 for 25c

As a special inducement to out-of-town purchasers who cannot get in to make selections themselves we have made the following special offer—send us your money and authority to select either vocal or instrumental (or both) music from this lot for you and we'll send you 7 for 50c

Cash with order.

Hundreds of vocal and instrumental books at reductions of 50 and 75 per cent. One lot of 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 books at, on the counter, 25c

Send for the complete list.

SEND FOR THE COMPLETE PRINTED LIST

We shall be glad to mail you the full list of the many special offerings we have this month. This advertisement cannot give many details. The printed list does. If you can't get in to the store—we hope you can—then don't fail to write today for complete information regarding this great clearance. It's free for the asking.

Make all checks, drafts and money orders payable to and address all communications to

S. HAMILTON

Hamilton Building, 335 and 337 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

In Writing Please Mention This Paper.

JOSEPH HORNE CO

Weather—Showers. Monday, July 20, 1903.

Another of Our Stirring Mondays.

Advance news has put you in possession of the prominent features that will be effectively set forth in this store today. We begin, with the opening of the doors at 8 o'clock this morning, an aggressive

Pre-Inventory Sale.

This means there are thousands and thousands of dollars' worth of seasonable goods that must not be seen on the pages of our stock books.

Much is said in advertisement about not carrying over goods from one season to another. It is rather a pleasing theme. But we want to tell you that all stores carry over certain lines of goods. They have to. And the lines that they carry are simply staples.

We carry staple lines over as well as any other store; but we never carry goods over that belong strictly to the season. And it is this class of goods that this Pre-Inventory Sale has to do with.

All sorts of Summer goods that pertain to the person, all sorts of Summer goods that pertain to the household, are placed in this great sale to be sold for the most remarkable low prices this store ever quoted. And no one will ever accuse us of being backward in getting down prices when occasion demands it.

Such occasion is now present. Come and buy for present needs, or for future use—there is money in your pocket carrying wanted goods over to next season; there is money for us in giving them to you for next to nothing. We'll put our money into things you need for cold weather.

PENN AND FIFTH.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY

OF PITTSBURGH.

Capital and Surplus - - $3,912,635

Receives deposits on time at 4% interest, and pays

2% on Checking Accounts,

ACTS IN ALL TRUST CAPACITIES.

Special attention given to management of estates.
Buys and sells property on a commission only.
Collects your rent, cares for your property and makes your investment pay.

D. P. BLACK, President. J. LEDLIE GLONINGER, Treasurer.
GEORGE T. OLIVER, Vice President. W. S. VAN DYKE, Secretary.
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George T. Oliver, Joseph Wood, James W. Grove, William H. Keech, William F. Lloyd, Charles D. Armstrong, John D. Brown, R. A. Phillips, George B. Metheral, David P. Black, J. Ledlie Gloninger.

311 FOURTH AVENUE.

Stinson, Kennedy & CO.

Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.

SANITARY PLUMBING

FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES, INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.

No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh

I. D. 'Phone, Court 741.

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with MICA Axle Grease

Get a box and learn why the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Preserves

—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for

Refined Paraffine Wax

It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

THE HIGHEST PRIVILEGE OF THIS BANK IS TO ENCOURAGE THRIFT AND ECONOMY AMONG THE PEOPLE AND TO ASSIST THEM IN THEIR EFFORTS TO SAVE MONEY.

4% INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Established July 29, 1786.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING
AT 347 AND 349 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL GAZETTE, INC'D., Owner and Publisher.
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WILLIAM S. SCOTT, Managing Editor.

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TELEPHONE CALLS:
BELL—Grant 108.
P. & A.—Main 1014-1015-1016.

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EASTERN OFFICE—407-8-9-10 Temple Court, New York.
NEW YORK NEWS BUREAU—Herald Building, Herald Square.
WESTERN OFFICE—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Building, Chicago, Ill.
WASHINGTON (D. C.) NEWS BUREAU—Room 10, Posts. Telegraph Building.
PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU—Ledger Building, Sixth and Chestnut Streets.
LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICE—5 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE—Young's Pier.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition, 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition at the rate of $3 00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2 50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, July 20, 1903.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland has changed his mind again and admits he is willing to be a candidate for governor of Ohio. A couple of weeks ago he declared he did not want to be governor—as though there was a remote chance that he might be—but that he was after the scalp of Senator Marcus A. Hanna. Now he is willing to be a candidate for governor. The scalp of Mr. Hanna is out of his reach and there is not the slightest danger that he will become governor, whether he wants to be or not. As a candidate Mr. Johnson will add interest and spectacular features to the campaign. He can afford it. But Col. Myron T. Herrick will be elected just the same.

Dr. Charles Wardell Stiles repeats with positiveness his tentative theory of some time ago that laziness is a disease, caused by infection with hookworm. He does not mean that luxurious sense of ease with which some great men loll around when they have nothing to do, but the chronic shiftlessness of the "poor whites" of the mountain districts in Georgia and the Carolinas. But the doctor has not proved his case. He may yet discover that hookworm is merely a product of conditions to which the "poor white trash" is subjected. Ill-fed, unnourished, they may produce hookworm disease, but it is a question whether the latter precedes the laziness.

Complete statistics for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, exhibit the largest foreign trade in the history of the United States. Imports were $1,025,000,000, by odds the largest sum ever attained, while exports aggregated nearly $1,420,000,000, exceeded only by the enormous total of 1901. The comparison by decades makes a truly startling showing of the increase of our commerce with foreign nations, the last decade being greatest of all. The decrease in exports since 1901 is due to no falling off in production, or inability to meet foreign competition, but to the enormous domestic demand that has left less of our products available for export. The internal growth of trade has been enormously greater than the increase in foreign commerce.

Councilman Joseph C. Wasson strikes the right note in the filtration matter. The alum water plan is a job that ought not to be countenanced by any one. Sand filtration is the successful method. There is money on hand sufficient to construct a plant to filter 50,000,000 gallons daily and equip the city with meters. More filter beds can be added as they are needed and as money is available for the purpose. Even if more money were needed at once councils have the power to provide it and proceed with this most important public work. We agree with Mr. Wasson that this is a matter of urgent public necessity and that Mayor William B. Hays would be fully warranted in calling special meetings of councils for its consideration. While councils are inactive typhoid fever is rampant and is a tremendous drain upon the resources of the people. An average of about 10 deaths every week from the disease and a total of nearly 100 new cases during the same time makes of typhoid a far worse scourge than smallpox and so more entitled to emergency measures to stamp it out. Moreover, medical men are more nearly unanimous upon the means of preventing typhoid than upon the measures necessary to prevent smallpox.

If anything had been wanting to give the world outside a correct appraisement of Breathitt county in Kentucky, it would be supplied by the act of Capt. Ewen in making his will and arranging all his earthly affairs preliminary to appearing again as a witness in the case against Jett and White for the murder of James B. Marcum. Capt. Ewen was a leading citizen of Jackson prior to his appearance in that case, well known in business, in church circles and as a Mason. During the first trial his hotel was burned by incendiaries and afterward he escaped from his home under military protection. He is now so certain of assassination that he has arranged his affairs as he desires them after death. It is an awful picture for this twentieth century in this great republic, and if Capt. Ewen dies, as he fears he must, a duty will be laid upon the shoulders of every good citizen to assist in bringing about the reign of justice in benighted Kentucky. It is not a personal question between Capt. Ewen and the Breathitt county feudists, but a question of justice that affects every good citizen.

Gov. Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin delivered a remarkable address at Chautauqua the other day in which he said all the people of this great land are oppressed by the tyranny of the corporations. Had the Wisconsin governor said this thing in a political speech it would require no attention, but he said it to a non-partisan assemblage, supposed to be gathered for educational purposes. For that reason it cannot go unchallenged. It is a statement not in accord with the plain facts. The people of this country compare very favorably with those of any other country, or of all other countries, in creature comforts, educational advantages and progressive tendencies. They are self-governing. Such being the case, they are not ruled, oppressed or robbed by the corporations. Gov. La Follette has fallen into an error of thought and speech that is quite common these days, but when he looks squarely at the facts he will find nothing in them to sustain his charge. There are occasional exhibitions of corporate arrogance that are irritating, but there is no tyranny nor any chance for it, and the condition of the people is vastly better than in the "good old days" when corporations were small and few.

Market Reform.

Director McIlvain of the Allegheny department of public works has a grievance, and as it is a grievance on behalf of the public and concerns the public pocket, the people of Allegheny ought to be much interested in it. So, for that matter, ought the people of Pittsburgh, for the reform to which the grievance points ought to be brought about in Pittsburgh as well as in Allegheny. Director McIlvain complains that "the stalls in the Allegheny market have been a source of graft for years, and before long a stand in the market will cost almost as much as a seat in the stock exchange." He knows of one stall that sold several weeks ago for $3,500, and although the market clerk, the mayor, the city controller and the director had to execute the transfer papers, the city got nothing out of it. This has inspired him to endeavor to prevent speculation in market stalls, and last week he caused the presentation of an ordinance in Allegheny select council, as an amendment to the existing market ordinance, providing that "when a stall is sold the city shall get 20 per cent of what the seller makes on the deal," or 20 per cent of what the purchaser pays. If the city of Allegheny had received 20 per cent of the money that changed hands on the transaction of which the director speaks, the treasury would have been the richer by $700 and the private purveyor of the lease would still have $2,800 to which his legal right would probably be clear, as matters stand under the ordinance if amended. But why leave it at all possible for persons to enrich themselves by traffic in market leases? If the lease of a stall in the Allegheny market is worth $3,500, the city has a moral right to the money, and its proper agents ought to take steps to secure to the city in the future all the financial advantages that shall accrue from transfers of leases.

Director McIlvain declares that "some people in Allegheny have been making a lot of money that should come into the city treasury" by holding leases of stalls and subletting them at high figures. This should not be permitted. The market leases ought to provide that stalls shall be leased only to bona fide users, and that when the lessee shall cease to use the stall the lease shall become void. In this way the rights of the city and the rights of stall keepers will be protected against a species of speculation and traffic that has no right to exist.

If leases of market stalls are so valuable as Director McIlvain says and as developments in Pittsburgh and Allegheny have shown them to be, it is a question, as was suggested in these columns some time ago, whether the time has not arrived for the two cities to obtain from the stalls a revenue more commensurate with their value by auctioning and letting them to the highest bidder. If persons are willing to pay $3,500 for a stall in the market, why should not the sum go into the public treasury instead of into a private pocket? And if persons are paying higher rentals for stalls than the city is receiving, why should not the city receive the maximum sum, instead of some speculator in stalls, who pays the city rental and pockets the difference?

Boom at East Brady.

An illustrated special article in the Sunday Gazette yesterday recited another chapter of the material development up the Allegheny river—this time in and near old Bradys Bend. The history of that section is a succession of fat and lean years. First, the old furnace days when the Bradys Bend Iron Company was a principal producer of railroad rails and structural shapes; the disaster following the panic of 1873; the Armstrong run oil boom a few years later; another depression and now the boom of natural gas and coal, the latter likely to be more lasting than others have been. East Brady and Kaylor are breathing the elixir of new industrial life.

Like Kittanning, the town of East Brady looks eagerly forward to the benefits to be derived from navigable water. True, its present boom is founded purely on railroad accommodation, which is being increased, and its coal will always find its best away-from-home market to the north and west. But the people feel they will gain much from an improved river, giving them water connection with Pittsburgh and ultimately with the wide world beyond the Panama canal. They have the right to be ambitious. They ought to have a navigable river, and The Gazette is pleased to see the abundant evidences of progress in that region.

There are some points, however, on which the good people of East Brady have been somewhat misinformed in common with other denizens of the Allegheny valley. They are that a raising of the bridges at Pittsburgh is a prerequisite to improvement of their river, and that the railroads are bitterly hostile to that work. There is no truth in either of these assumptions. The bridges at Pittsburgh will not interfere with the traffic that will develop upon an improved Allegheny river, nor will the old iron bridge between East Brady and Bradys Bend. We believe an inquiry addressed to any railroad official in Pittsburgh would elicit an assurance of sympathy with the slackwater project, because a development of the territory will bring an accession of high-grade traffic to them.

The whole trouble with the river improvement is that it is so slow. The first dam begun 10 years ago is soon to be dedicated with a formal celebration. At the same rate of progress East Brady will be reached in about 75 years. To reduce that time to a period within the business activities of the present generation will require much effort and the union of all interests along the river. East Brady cannot afford to waste any of its abundant energies upon side issues or inviting opposition from powerful interests otherwise friendly disposed toward its projects.

Compensation and Service.

It is not probable there will be any meeting of common council this evening. In fact, it is likely the chamber will be closed. A few members may turn out to keep up the pretense that action by the majority was illegal, but their effort will have no standing. Meantime there is a veering around even among the minority in common council to more reasonable views. They are beginning to realize that the surrender of the Liberty avenue franchise is more important than any cash compensation that could be exacted. They are also beginning to appreciate the suggestion of The Gazette that a provision for reasonable switching charges, applied to all railroads alike, is more practical than any idle provisions for joint use of tracks.

Every railroad man knows that no satisfactory rules can be made for joint use of tracks by competing railroads which are hostile to each other. Friendly roads can make traffic agreements without the aid of city authorities. The vital consideration is good service to shippers, and that can be gained by a switching provision as it could not by any nonsensical reservation of rights that other roads may use the tracks built by one road. The Gazette made this suggestion some weeks ago and yesterday pointed out that it would be unjust to impose such an obligation on the Pennsylvania railroad alone.

The pronouncement of the chamber of commerce has had its effect in awakening the general public to the true status of the matter, and while the opponents to the removal of the tracks from Liberty avenue are talking about holding mass meetings, we do not believe they can get any influential portion of the community to indorse their proposition to keep the tracks in Liberty avenue. A good many people have agreed to the proposition to exact a large rental, but very few of them would subscribe to it as an only alternative to having the tracks remain where they are in Liberty avenue. The general desire of citizens is for progress.

Justice in Allegheny.

Some light is perhaps shed on the path of justice in Allegheny city in the declaration of Police Magistrate Brinker of his reasons for resigning his magistracy. The police magistrates are, of course, appointees of the mayor, but it is contemplated by the city charter and other statutes that they shall apply the laws without fear or favor and deal out even and exact justice. Magistrate Brinker asserts that this is precisely what he did, and that because he did it he displeased the mayor. As the magistrate tells the tale, a friend of the mayor was accused of cruelty to animals; the charge was formally made and a time set for a hearing. The mayor's friend enlisted the mayor's good offices, and his honor, so the magistrate says, telephoned to him, directing him to end the proceedings and discharge the accused. Nevertheless he imposed a fine of $50. Then followed a summons to the mayor's office, where, according to the magistrate, he and the mayor had words. The magistrate says the mayor's language was such that he became angry and declared that "because a man was a friend of Jim Wyman was no reason why he should abuse dumb beasts," after which the talk became warmer and the mayor was told things which, the magistrate asserts, "will burn in his (the mayor's) ears for some time." It is all entertaining, but appears somewhat trivial until it is remembered that if there is one instance of interference on the part of the mayor with the course of justice it is not unlikely that there are others. Therefore it is no unimportant matter. Thus far, of course, we have only Magistrate Brinker's side of the story. Mayor Wyman ought to tell his side now, so that the public he is presumed to serve may be able to judge from the evidence whether the mayor is directing his course to serve the public or to serve his friends, and thus make them debtor to him. A line of such credits that may be realized on in a pinch might easily be established in such a way. The magistrate has made his assertions in a public manner, following the mailing of his resignation, and the mayor ought to reply no less publicly. Magistrate Brinker declares that "perhaps some of the other magistrates in the city could tell some interesting stories if they could be induced to talk." The mayor doubtless knows whether they can. Therefore, how about it?

No Need to Worry.

During the period of disturbance in Wall street values, attention was in a measure concentrated on exports of gold to Europe, and there was some uneasiness lest they should continue and grow to large volume. Not so much apprehension was felt, however, as has been felt in former seasons of gold exportation, and in view of our large production of the precious metal it is really surprising that there should be any apprehension whatever. The director of the mint recently pointed out that as this country is a producer of gold, it is only natural that there shall be times when gold will be exported to countries which are, like ourselves, users of gold, but which, unlike ourselves, are not producers of it, or produce a quantity insufficient for home use. The season's exports of gold have not, we believe, totaled $30,000,000. Part of this sum, shipped from New York, was made good by receipts of gold at San Francisco from Australia, and the Canadian Klondike also ships much gold to that point which ought to be deducted from the year's movement out of this country. But taking no account of the receipts through our Pacific back door as compensation for shipments from our Atlantic front door, the tables of gold production in the United States reveal that we can export much gold and yet have a comfortable remainder to add to our constantly increasing supply. The state of Colorado alone produces almost as much gold in one year as has been exported from the United States in the year past. California produces more than half as much as Colorado. The United States in 1901 produced nearly one-third of the world's total output of gold. Is it surprising, therefore, that the world should occasionally come to the United States for gold, as it comes for wheat, corn, meats and other foodstuffs, which we also produce in such great abundance? It does not worry us when we are drawn on for foodstuffs, and why should it annoy us when we are drawn on for a portion of our gold surplus? When our food supply is drawn on we are given full value of something else for it; when our gold surplus is drawn on we are likewise given full value of some other commodity. What do we lose in either transaction? The fears attaching to exports of gold are largely sentimental. There is seldom much reason for them, and there is absolutely no reason for them so long as we have a surplus to market of everything the world wants and which it must have and which it must pay for.

Of course, the president will be gratified to learn that the British would like to have him pay a visit to England, and the nation will regard such remarks as appear in the cable dispatches on the subject as fresh evidences of goodwill, but we need the president in our business and can't see very well how we can spare him.

Dr. Adolph Koenig, editor of the Pennsylvania Medical Journal, says: "Stones should be tied around the necks of those responsible for the delays in sand filtration," and they should be drowned in the Allegheny river. Is there any death worse?" How about soaking them in the alum water, doctor?

Says Bryan to Cleveland: "You're not in the race,
You ought to go back and sit down."
But Cleveland replies not. Over his face
Broad smiles chase away the grim frown.

Perhaps it ought to be only regarded as another evidence of prosperity if the postoffice department was made to pay $150 for cash registering machines which were sold in open market for $125.

Bryan warns Democrats against the Cleveland boom. Iowa Democrats recently gave warning against a Bryan boom. And there you are. How would it do for Democrats to call all booms off?

Since Congressman Cannon made his declaration concerning rubber money, it is recalled that congressional ideas on the subject are somewhat varied, but none too elastic.

In view of what happened in Wall street last week, it really is rather mean of Bryan to harp on that old story about Cleveland being dominated by Wall street influences.

Mayor Low of New York wouldn't talk after lunching with President Roosevelt, but it is not to be inferred from this that the luncheon was not a good one.

Mayor Hays said before he went south that he would leave details of the Pennsylvania ordinance to councils. He is sticking to that determination.

Opponents to the removal of the railroad tracks from Liberty avenue threaten mass meetings. They also threaten councilmen.

Dr. Stiles insists it is the hookworm that makes people lazy. Does he mean angleworm on the hook when the fish don't bite?

Of course, Philadelphia accepts it as a compliment that Mr. Schwab is said to have gone to that city for a "rest cure."

Tesla promises us wireless photos, but a wire variety really will not be superseded by realization of his dream.

It is understood that Ambassador George von L. Meyer is home from Italy to arbitrate his resignation.

Mr. Bryan is probably willing that Mr. Cleveland shall live, if he is real quiet about it.

Dr. Richardson of America is exhibiting in London the genuine wireless telegraphy.

The New York Giants are playing pretty good ball, but not quite good enough.

The Democratic issue is in the answer to the question, who is the millstone?

Grover Cleveland stands with President Roosevelt against race suicide.

News of a cabinet crisis in Spain reminds us that nation is still on earth.

The Republican lamp yet holds out to burn.

There is a Republican open door.

IN THE EYE OF FAME.

Dr. Charles W. Needham, the new president of Columbia university at Washington, is not a college graduate.

Alfred H. Smith, the new general manager of the New York Central railway, began his career as a messenger boy in the Cleveland office of the Lake Shore at a salary of $4 a week.

Dr. Toyokichi Iyanaga, a Japanese scholar and government official and an authority on the eastern question, is delivering a series of lectures before the summer students of the university of Chicago on "Japan" and "China" this week.

The Rev. Francis D. McShane, one of the Dominican fathers connected with the St. Mary's church in New Haven, has just completed arrangements with Yale university by which he is to become a member of the senior academy class of 1904. This is the first instance of a Catholic priest with a parish appointment entering Yale for a degree or for study of any kind.

THE ILL WIND.

There is a wind that blows across Life's plain,
To some blows good, to some blows ill;
To you it comes like music's sweetest strain,
To me so bleak and chill.

Why does the wind through all these weary years,
While sweeping o'er the brine,
Bring freight'd argosies to line your piers,
And shattered wrecks for mine?

Why did the tempest turn from out its path
To pass your mansion by
And on the humble cottage glut its wrath
Where my stark children lie?

Why should it still pursue me as I go—
Something with which my spirit vainly copes—
To blast the golden harvests that I grow
And litter all the highway with my hopes?

When Fate shall drop the distaff and the skein,
And life no more allures,
Perchance the wind will sing as sweet a strain
Above my grave as yours.

—Sam Davis, in Smart Set.

The Quiet Observer.

ERASMUS WILSON.

Jack sent me roses every day,
Great, fragrant, costly bunches,
A loving note with them always
Inviting me to lunches.

We're married now—I lunch alone,
Cold bites at empty tables.
Roses? Jack never buys me one;
He says he isn't able.

And now I have discovered this;
No paradox is clearer,
However dear a sweetheart is,
A wife is always dearer.

—New York Herald.

What say you all?

Does this particular wife speak for you as well as for herself?

Maybe she was in the pouts when she said it because Jack wouldn't take her to the horse show, or buy her a bow-wow, or stay at their home as much as he did at her home before they were married.

There are so many things, you know, which a husband may do that he wouldn't think of doing when in the lover state. And that is why you can't place any reliance in the promises of a man to do better after he marries, for what a man won't do for his really sweetheart and intended wife he will hardly do after he gets her all to himself.

You may have known men to marry girls with bad habits, who fully expected to reform them in time. Have you ever known any of them to succeed?

It isn't a safe gamble, to say the least, and may be the worst ever.

Jack may have presented the roses with a lot of honeyed words and much soft talk, all of which she took for gospel truth.

* * * * *

There are said to be tricks in all trades, but we are not all tricksters. At least there are a few in each trade who are not, one of whom you could name if modesty did not forbid.

It is a question, however, whether tricky people mean to be so. You may know it to be true that men have done things because the opportunities offered which they would have regarded as trickery, or jobbery, had others done them.

It isn't everyone who has the nerve to allow an opportunity to pass that promises well. And it must be a very mean opportunity that a mean man can't find an excuse for accepting. This excuse may suffice for himself and yet be too thin for others.

A man who is morally near-sighted doesn't need much of an excuse to hide himself from himself.

Jack may have thought he was the whole thing, and that anything he might do would naturally be accepted as the proper thing. If this was the case, as it might have been, no doubt he was surprised to hear her complain against anything he may have done. Taking this view of it, he would feel that he had been cheated—another case of the woman fooling the man.

And who knows both that right here may have been the parting of the ways.

Isn't it wonderful what mere trifles may do when not interfered with?

There are good trifles as well as bad, but we see more of the bad because we are not looking for the good.

* * * * *

Before there was so much literature, so called, children were even better readers than now, and were benefited more by what they read.

How many books did you read before your mustache monopolized your attention? Not nearly as many as your children, and your grandchildren, have at their command. And you know more of what you read than they do of all their reading.

There was something specially attractive about the more popular reading matter of years ago than there is now.

This brings to mind an old piece that some of you—many of you, possibly—can recall. The title of it was "The Blackberry Girl." It was a favorite recitation in country schools. While it may not rank very high as poetry, nor strike you as being great, there is much of that element in it which, for want of a better name, we call human interest.

We are indebted to Mrs. E. Ford, Brooklyn, N. Y., for a copy of it, which she wrote from memory, as follows:

Why, Phoebe, have you come so soon?
Where are your berries, child?
You cannot sure have sold them all—
You had a basket piled?

No, mother, as I climbed the fence
The nearest way to town,
My apron caught upon a stake—
And so I tumbled down.

I scratched my arm, and tore my hair,
But still did not complain,
And had my blackberries been saved
Should not have cared a grain.

But when I saw them on the ground
All scattered by my side,
I picked my empty bucket up
And down I sat and cried.

Just then a pretty little Miss
Chanced to be walking by;
She stopped and, looking pitiful,
She begged me not to cry.

"Poor little girl, you fell," said she,
"And must be sadly hurt."
Oh, no! I cried, but see my fruit
All mixed with sand and dirt.

"Well, do not grieve for that," she said;
"Go home and get some more."
I can't, for I have stripped the vines—
These were the last they bore.

My father, Miss, is very poor,
And works in yonder still;
He has so many little ones
He cannot clothe us all.

I always longed to go to church,
But never could I go,
For when I asked him for a gown
He always answered "No."

There's not a father in this world
That loves his children more—
"I'd get you one with all my heart,
But, Phoebe, I am poor."

But when the blackberries were ripe,
He said to me one day:
"Phoebe, if you'll employ the time
That's given you for play,

"And gather blackberries enough,
And carry them to town,
To buy your bonnet and your shoes,
I'll try to get a gown."

O, Miss, I fairly jumped for joy,
My spirits were so light—
And whenever I had time to play
I picked with all my might.

I sold enough to buy my shoes
About a week ago,
And these, if they had not been spilled,
Would bring my bonnet, too.

But now they're gone, they all are gone,
And I can get no more,
And Sundays I must stay at home
Just as I did before.

And, mother, then I cried again
As hard as I could cry,
And looking up I saw a tear
Was standing in her eye.

She snatched her bonnet from her head.
"Here, here," she cried, "take this."
Oh, no! I said, I fear your ma
Would be offended, Miss.

"My ma! No, never! She delights
All sorrows to beguile,
And 'tis the sweetest task she knows
To make the wretched smile.

"She taught me when I had enough
To share it with the poor,
And never let a needy child
Go empty from the door.

"So take it, for you need not fear
Offending her, you see
I have another, too, at home,
And one's enough for me."

So then I took it, here it is.
For, pray, what could I do?
And, mother, I shall love that Miss,
As long as I love you.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 19.—This is the time of year when conventions of all kinds are held in the vicinity of New York city, if not actually in the city itself. Gotham never looks more attractive to the casual visitor than in the summer. Although on a hot day, it is not as a rule, there are cool breezes sweeping across from one river to the other, and the boast of the hide-bound New Yorker that he lives in the finest summer city in the country is pretty nearly justified. For this reason, among others, organizations, professions or trades which desire to hold a convention are disposed to choose Manhattan as the scene for it. Today the city is harboring a score or so of delegates to the National Hardware convention, which has just closed its labors in Saratoga. There is nothing much in Saratoga on a Sunday, but there is a great deal in New York, and the delegates, having finished business, are here for recreation. Some of them went to church in the morning and spent an hour or so in a roof garden this evening, while others put in the day looking over the city. The weather was cloudy and threatening, but a group of good fellows like the hardware men do not mind bad weather and there are no complaints on that score to be heard among them. The southern men are delighted with the conditions, while those from Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, St. Louis and other centers of dampness declare that New York today has been just like home. Nearly all of the delegates will depart for their several homes tomorrow.

New Jersey's Latest Bug.

New Jersey fruit growers have a new bug. It is not like "Big Bill" Devery's bug—a campaign factor—but a brownish-black beetle, which bores its way through apples and leaves a tunnel of ruin behind. It is only about a week since the cheering information came from Jersey that the peach crop had not been ruined this year. If we are to lose all our apples, however, the saving of the peaches will be but cold comfort.

Bre'r Fox's Name is Legion.

Foxes seem to be plentiful enough in this part of the country to make hunt clubs independent of the elusive anise seed bag for years. Farmers and commuters in New Jersey within easy reach of this city are complaining that foxes and mink are so numerous and rapacious that they are eating up the young pheasants and quail in game preserves, and are raising a ruction generally. A few years ago there were few foxes here, and when the members of the different hunt clubs wanted a day with the hounds they were obliged to let a hireling trail a highly-scented bag over the route, so that the dogs should have something to follow when the word was given. A well-grown fox is worth money today, but if the vermin increase in numbers in the next year as they have in the last the price for them will go up materially, but it will be in scalp money.

Prepare to Honor Archbishop Farley.

Unless the pope dies before Wednesday there will be a very impressive ceremony in St. Patrick's cathedral on Wednesday morning. Archbishop Farley will be invested with the pallium, with all the pomp the church is accustomed to introduce on such an occasion. In the evening the Catholic club will tender a reception to the archbishop. Justice Giegerich of the supreme court, president of the club, will deliver the address of welcome, and there will be music by the Catholic singing societies and other organizations. As 2,000 invitations have been sent out, it can be seen that the gathering will be a notable one, as regards numbers, as well as in the personnel of those present. The most distinguished Catholics in Greater New York are members of the club. If Pope Leo should die before Wednesday, the investiture and reception will be postponed to some time when the ceremonies in connection with the pontiff's death are over and the customary period of deep mourning has elapsed.

She Should Please Mr. Roosevelt.

There can be no complaint of race suicide at the Central park menagerie. Miss Murphy, the hippopotamus, had a baby a few days ago, and now Jennie, the beauty of the zebu family, has a son weighing 20 pounds. The zebu is a popular member of the family at the Central park zoo, and there is even more rejoicing over the coming of a new one than when the baby hippo first splashed in the tank by the side of its mother last week.

Odors That Rise to Gotham.

Manhattan has another complaint against Jersey. As if the mosquitoes and malaria were not enough, it is charged that smoke and smells come over and render wretched the lives of people living in Riverside drive and other swagger localities along the shore of the Hudson river. As the nuisance comes from another state the authorities in New York do not know exactly how to deal with the situation, but declare that they will do something. If it is only to send a petition. The industrial institutions in New Jersey which cause the disturbance are a large sugar refining plant, a glucose factory, two oil works, a chemical works and a few other factories, all belching forth smoke and smells in their own particular style, and spoiling existence for Manhattaners. What does it profit to live in New York if one must breathe the smoke of Jersey?

One of Those Manhattan Rains.

It is not to be expected that we shall have more than one consecutive fine Sunday in New York. Last Sunday was fair and balmy; today was not. Coney Island, which had prepared for a great Sunday, with every wheel going around and the loop-the-loop doing a double turn, finds itself chilly, and damp, and depressed, and generally disagreeable. The storm came from the west, as usual, and got down to business yesterday afternoon, settling down for a good old 24 or 36 hours of it. If only we could have three or four sunshiny Sundays in succession we should all feel better. As it is we have to make the best of what we get. Even the churches suffered this morning. It was too wet even to go to church.

Capt. Hank Haff is Scared.

It is the opinion of one excellent authority that Sir Thomas Lipton will capture the America's cup this year. That authority is no less a person than Capt. Hank Haff, who has been associated with the defense of the cup for a number of years. He said yesterday, in so many words, that he did not think Reliance was as good a boat as Shamrock III. Moreover, he expressed the opinion that Shamrock II. could have won the contest last time but for bad luck. Columbia won then by a fluke, he says. Sir Thomas Lipton has always expressed his belief that he has in Shamrock III. a yacht which could carry off the prize, but it is understood that he is prejudiced to some extent—as, indeed, he could not help being. But Capt. Haff doubtless wishes he could say that Reliance has the better chance, and when he says the opposite his remarks are significant.

Sam Parks Alone In Way.

Tomorrow morning will witness the first unanimous endeavor to resume work in the building trades in New York since the beginning of the strike on the 5th of May last. Sam Parks, walking delegate of the Housesmiths' union, is not so sure that operations can be resumed until the union of which he is at the head joins the movement. Other labor leaders do not think that Parks is as important a factor as he believes himself to be, and the popular feeling is that there will be a general resumption of work on this Monday morning.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers registered at the New York hotels yesterday:

Waldorf-Astoria.
W. L. Hearne, T. Hearne.

Broadway Central.
W. H. Heckman, Mrs. Heckman, J. L. Moore, Mrs. Moore, W. R. Toerge, R. C. Brower.

Holland.
A. W. Dravo, Mrs. Dravo, C. L. Miller, J. D. Evans, Herman Griffen, Mrs. Griffen.

St. Denis.
E. L. Wild, Mrs. Wild, S. R. Well, E. J. Mellon, Peter Verner and child, August Trump, Isabel Trump.

Navarre.
E. A. Ross, E. E. Grant.

Imperial.
J. P. Fitzhugh, A. S. Leech, W. E. Adams, Lester Walker, Joseph Lauffer, J. P. Hunter.

Gilsey.
Louis Reilly.

Union Square.
Charles Krally, H. S. Blake, Mrs. Blake.

Bartholdi.
William J. Davis.

Victoria.
J. W. Vandergrift, Mrs. Vandergrift, M. F. Connell.

Fifth Avenue.
Frank G. Wattles, R. S. Robinson.

Manhattan.
H. A. Kuhn.

Hoffman.
Jacob Stirn.

Currency Reform.

Senator Lodge gives authoritative confirmation to the belief that in calling an extra session of the fifty-eighth congress the president will include in his proclamation both the approval of the Cuban reciprocity treaty and remedial currency legislation. This announcement will have the effect of quickening discussion of the defects in the existing financial system and of the several methods proposed for their cure. It ought also to have the effect of reassuring the country, in case the crop-moving period brings a repetition of the stringency of last year, that the cause of that embarrassment is in a fair way to be removed.

The attitude of the administration toward currency reform has been fairly well defined. It remains to be seen what will be the outlines of the measure yet to be evolved from further conferences between members of the senate finance committee. In addition there is to be expected some consultation between members of the committee on banking and currency of the late house. Most of these members have been re-elected, and the assumption is that Mr. Cannon, despite his declared disbelief in the necessity of financial legislation, will not make the new committee of a complexion adverse to the known desire of the administration and to the general policy of the party.—New York Mail and Express.

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The senate finance committee, which is holding conferences this summer, is drafting a bill for introduction in congress. The indications now are that it will be identical in most respects with the Aldrich bill of the last session, which had for its main features the acceptance of other than government bonds to secure federal deposits and the releasing of the moneys collected from customs. Under the existing law customs moneys cannot be deposited in national banks, but only the funds derived from the internal revenues.

It remains to be seen if Representative Cannon, the prospective speaker of the house, will have anything additional to say regarding financial legislation. Mr. Cannon made a fair statement about letting the constitutional majority in the house have its way, but it is known that he is earnestly opposed to financial legislation at this time. It is a great gain for the advocates of a reform to have the president reiterate his desire for legislation of some kind along this line. His position has been known for a long time, but the statement made by Senator Lodge will increase public confidence.—Buffalo Express.

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If Mr. Cannon adheres to his purpose to block the redemption of this pledge in the house he can unquestionably prevent the early accomplishment of the president's plans. Even if he concludes to allow business in the body over which he will preside to take its natural course, there will be difficulties enough in the way of currency legislation. The subject is complicated, and hasty, ill-considered action would be worse than none at all.

It is to be hoped that leaders in both houses will give the matter close attention in the next three months and attend the extra session in November with a well-digested plan of action on which a majority of them at least are somewhat near to an agreement. If this is introduced at the very beginning of the session there may be some hope of its passage. If, however, congress comes together for a month with everything respecting currency reform in confusion, it is hardly possible that anything can be done before the end of the session. As the same congress will resume work in regular session in December, whatever progress may be made will be something gained. Measures will not die as they would at the expiration of a congress, but the extra session will mean so much more time for work before the holiday recess. Without an extra session there would be little hope of getting any real consideration for either Cuba or the currency before next year, because of the procrastinating habit which prevails at the beginning of every long session.—New York Tribune.

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The Aldrich committee, which was to have formulated a plan of currency reform, early gave signs of suffering from "cold feet," and which Mr. Cannon, who is to be the next speaker, afterward denied having threatened to prevent any financial legislation, he did not conceal his personal opinion that none was needed. Thus the prospect for relief was overclouded, and it is reassuring to learn that President Roosevelt has not changed his mind upon this subject. He has said that in his judgment a wise and conservative amendment of our monetary system, so as to insure its stability and to render it adequately responsive to the national needs, was necessary to the welfare of the country. He says so still, and the fact that his attitude in this respect has not been changed is likely to have a powerful and probably determining influence upon the course of congress.

The politicians hang back because they are reluctant to undertake any financial legislation when a presidential election is imminent. In this they underestimate the intelligence of the community. The party that is sound on the currency and that is true to its convictions no longer has anything to fear at the polls.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

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The legitimate business interests of the country may congratulate themselves that President Roosevelt is preparing to take a hand in the reform of our currency system, for, though Senator Lodge announces for him that work of that kind belongs distinctly to congress, it is an accepted fact that when the president "hopes" that congress will take up a subject he somehow manages to impress his "hope" on the representatives and senators in a way that produces action and results.—New York Press.

The Vice Presidency.

It is true that no man should be elected to that office (the vice presidency), who is not fit for president, but the number of men who are fit for president is probably much greater than is generally supposed, says the Washington Post. The troubles that come through mistakes in selecting vice presidential candidates have not been caused by the weakness or intellectual inferiority of selections so much as by going out of the party for material. For example, John Tyler, who succeeded to the presidency on the demise of President William Henry Harrison, was not deficient in capacity, but the Whigs had taken him to strengthen their ticket without any assurance that he was with them on their "paramount issue," the national bank. They found too late that they had caught a tartar. Heedless of that warning, the Republicans in 1864 threw Hannibal Hamlin overboard and caught a more afflictive tartar in the person of Andrew Johnson. The lesson of dearly bought experience is that, in selecting a vice presidential candidate, do not cater to any section or influence so far as to take a man whose fidelity to party is open to a possible doubt.

Simon Wolf, to whom Secretary Hay addressed the note announcing President Roosevelt's decision, to forward to the czar the petition of American Jews, is well known as a writer on Jewish subjects and as a philanthropist. He is the founder of the Hebrew Orphans' home at Atlanta, Ga. Among the books he has written is "The American Jew as Patriot, Soldier and Citizen." He was recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia from 1869 to 1878, and was minister to Egypt in 1881-1882. He is 67 years old, and has practiced law since 1858.

IT IS TO SMILE.

"I think I'm not hard to get along with."

"Faith, nayther am I, mum! Whin a mistress is doin' her best, 'tis meself that overlocks lot av things!"—Puck.

"Did those mining stocks prove to be a good investment?"

"Yes," answered the hard-luck man, "for the people who sold them to me."—Washington Star.

A colored brother who "got religion" in southwest Georgia is in trouble. He "went into a trance for six days and nights," and woke up with three mules that didn't belong to him.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Wife—The idea of your coming home in this condition! I am ashamed of you!

The Husband (who has been out with the boys)—You (hic) ought to be (hic) ashamed of yourself. Didn't you (hic) marry me to reform me?—Smart Set.

Mrs. Manners—Why will you stay out so late, Charles? You didn't use to do so.

Mr. Manners—I know, dear; I stay away for your comfort. You told me the baby never cried except when I was at home, so I thought I'd spend as little time as possible at home—all for your sake, my dear, all for your sake.—Boston Transcript.

DRUG STORES ARE NOT AFRAID

Sunday Selling of Cooling Summer Drinks in Wilkinsburg Goes Merrily On.

HOT SHOT FROM THE PULPIT

Ministers and Congregations Denounce Violations of Blue Laws by Votes and Resolutions—Law Is Not Unjust, They Say.

Not that yesterday was particularly hot, but because the law says something to the effect that "thou shalt not sell ice cream on Sunday," did hundreds of men and children of Wilkinsburg pass over their dime for refreshing drinks served at drug stores. This in the face of strong sermons preached in the morning and the vigilance of a committee of 12 citizens, all of whom want to see the sale of drinks on Sunday stopped.

The druggists now have it in for the committee and lively proceedings are expected this week. Many of the witnesses in the cases for violations of the Blue laws are outspoken against the informers, and it is said that with the co-operation of the druggists they will be influential in closing such establishments as ice plants, brick yards, etc., that operate on Sunday. During the morning the chief interest centered around the First Presbyterian church, where the Rev. T. Parry peached against law-breaking, making direct application to the druggists. He also incidentally and forcibly referred to the filtration scandal of Pittsburgh and what he termed the "juggling" with public interests by unscrupulous politicians. He made Wilkinsburg a way station in his discourse, but he stopped there long enough to let the people know how he stood on the ice cream question.

Made a Denial of Reports.

He took occasion to deny reports which reflected on the method of appointment of the committee of 12 and the position of the burgess of the borough. The committee, he explained, was not self-appointed, but was regularly elected by a meeting composed of members of almost every church of the borough. The stopping of the sale of drinks on Sunday and the prosecution of the offenders, he said, have the sympathy of the churches and the individual members. The Rev. Mr. Farry called for a standing vote, and every auditor stood with the exception of two. A similar vote was also taken in the South Avenue Methodist and the Reformed Presbyterian churches.

At the latter in the morning, Dr. R. C. Wylie spoke on the enforcement of the Sunday law. He said that "one would infer from what has been said in some quarters that almost everybody except the committee of twelve is in favor of the violation of the law." Continuing, he declared:

It is my firm belief that all good citizens favor its enforcement. The following are the reasons why the law should be enforced: It safeguards a civil institution. No plea is now made that the law should protect an institution of the church.

Definition of the Sabbath.

The Sabbath cannot be confined by the boundaries of the church. It demands on one day in seven the cessation of worldly pleasure, toil and business. It therefore enters civil life with its prohibitions and of necessity becomes a civil institution.

The Sabbath law of Pennsylvania is most reasonable in its requirements. It does not command the performance of any religious act. It merely prohibits all business, pleasure and labor, except works of necessity and charity. It is 100 years old, but repeated efforts within the last ten years have failed to secure its modification. It is well suited to our times. Courts have held that the sale of ice cream, soda water, etc., is not necessary, and is therefore violative of the law.

There is a close connection between morality and Sabbath observance. No people will long maintain a high moral standard if the Sabbath is not observed. The law is intended to suppress not only what would be immoral on other days, but also what would hinder the use of the day for the training of the moral nature.

But is there anything demoralizing in the sale of a glass of soda water or a plate of ice cream? We might ask the same question about the sale of drygoods and groceries, or a deal in real estate. All these things are immoral on the Sabbath, because they are violations of law, both human and divine. They breed a spirit of lawlessness and anarchy. They lead to grosser forms.

It has been said that the people of Wilkinsburg demand that druggists sell soda water on the Sabbath. If this is true the people are unreasonable, and the authority of the law could be invoked to protect the druggists in their right to a day of rest. But if the druggists do not value this right, and if they sell for the sake of the money there is in it, the interposition of the law should be invoked to protect the druggists' clerks in their right to a day of rest.

The following resolution was then read and adopted:

Resolved, That we approve the efforts of the committee of twelve for the enforcement of the Sabbath law and will give it our support.

The entire audience voted in support of the resolution.

MADE THREATS TO KILL.

Lawrenceville Man, Now in Jail, Wanted Life of His Mother and Step-Father.

After purchasing a revolver Charles Sherbech went around telling persons that he intended killing his mother and his step-father. Policeman Charles Rupp heard of the murderous assertions of Sherbech and he proceeded to his home in Lawrenceville. Sherbech had reached his residence and immediately had begun to start trouble.

When the policeman arrived he found Sherbech on the porch beating his mother in an unmerciful manner. The woman was doing her best to get away, but her efforts were unavailing. Rupp jumped in, disarmed Sherbech, placed him under arrest and took him to No. 5 police station, where he was locked up. This morning his mother will make an information against him.

Held for the Juvenile Court.

Thomas Kinley, 15 years old, was held for the juvenile court by Magistrate Thomas F. Kane, yesterday. The boy is said to have enticed a 5-year-old daughter of Mrs. Anna Holmquist of Sherman street and another little girl of the same age, into a vacant house on Forty-second street.

"NEUTRALINE."
The Magic Powder that Deodorizes Perspiration.

'Tis a delicate topic—the disagreeable odor which some persons emit when they perspire. It has cost clerks and stenographers good positions, has led to the humiliation of teachers, has made mothers disagreeable to their children, has cost women of great force of character their social influence, has broken matrimonial engagements, has led to marital estrangements and has been the cause of unspeakable misery to many a fastidious person. It is the bane of women of the highest intelligence—the refined, high-strung keenly sensitive people, who suffer most acutely from a sense of anything unpleasant in their personality.

"Neutraline" comes to the sufferers from perspiration odors as a priceless boon. Used according to directions it affords perfect relief.

Campbell sells it at "The People's Store"—only 10 cents a box. Worth its weight in gold.

Stock Investments.

Invest in growing properties. The United States Security Company have just issued a letter on Wabash, showing its value and how small investors can become stockholders.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PROOFS IMPLICATE JOHN A. LEE

Daniel J. Kelley Makes Serious Charges of Boodling Against Former Friend.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—Daniel J. Kelly, legislative agent for the baking powder company now sojourning at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario, is making war on John A. Lee, former lieutenant governor of Missouri, and Kelly's one time bosom friend. Lee implicated Kelly before the St. Louis grand jury in boodling deals and forced Kelly to leave the United States. Now Kelly has had photographed a number of letters and telegrams purporting to have been sent to him by Lee, and showing Lee in a more damning light than even Lee's own confessions.

Some of these photographed copies of Lee's alleged letters have been shown to correspondents of St. Louis newspapers at Niagara-on-the-Lake and to St. Louis lawyers, who have gone there to see Kelly. Others are in the hands of Circuit Attorney Falk. Many will be sent, Kelly says, to Jefferson City next week to be used there in the first of the boodle trials to come up. Mrs. Kelly will take the letters to St. Louis.

In the letters Lee is shown as not only soliciting money from Kelly, but promising to pay him back after he should be elected governor, or to use the words of the letters, "There are ways by which money could be repaid, advanced for a purpose of that kind, within the first year after election." Lee says the letters are forgeries.

P. M. ARTHUR'S REMAINS ARRIVE AT CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, O., July 19.—The body of Peter M. Arthur, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who died suddenly in Winnipeg, Man., last Thursday night, reached this city tonight. It was accompanied by four members of the Brotherhood from Winnipeg, one from Ratportage, Ont., and another from Moose Jaw, N. W. T. There was no representation of engineers to meet the body on its arrival, this being in accordance with the wish of the Arthur family. The funeral tomorrow will be conducted as privately as possible, in view of the wide acquaintance and the position held by Mr. Arthur.

ARCHBISHOP-ELECT HARTY LEAVES ST. LOUIS FOR ROME

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The Rev. Father J. J. Harty, archbishop-elect to Manila, departed tonight for Rome, where he is to receive his consecration. He will leave New York Wednesday morning on the steamer St. Paul, bound for Southampton, and expects to arrive in Rome on the last day of July. The day has not yet been set for his consecration. As soon as he arrives in Rome the papers giving him his appointment will be handed to him. He will then make a retreat of eight days. The consecration by Cardinal Satolli will take place after this.

GIRL'S COMPANION WHIPPED EIGHT SOLDIERS FOR INSULT

ST. JOSEPH, MO., July 19.—A squad of militiamen at the Lake Contrary encampment made some remark about a girl who had accompanied Marvin Winton to the camp. He resented it and whipped eight men in uniform. Their friends rallied and he was driven almost into the lake. Winton drew a knife and cut several soldiers before the row could be stopped by constables. The prisoner was again attacked on a street car while in charge of the constables and badly beaten. A large mob gathered and was dispersed with great difficulty.

Judge Ide to Return to Manila.

ST. JOHNSBURG, VT., July 19.—Judge Henry C. Ide of the Philippine commission, who has been spending the past month at his home here, has engaged his return passage to Manila on the Coptic, sailing from San Francisco, August 18. His six months' leave of absence expires in September, and he returns to the Philippines in excellent health.

Meadville Pastor Resigns.

MEADVILLE, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—The Rev. Dr. Ken C. Haynes, pastor of te First Presbyterian church of this city for the past 15 years, resigned today to take effect August 3. He has accepted a call to Cambridge, O.

Brother Dead in Buffalo.

The police were asked last night to notify Frank Cullen, a fireman on the Pennsylvania railroad, that his brother James had died yesterday in Buffalo. Police Captain A. M. Teeters sent the word to the railroad roundhouse at Twenty-eighth street.

HIGH A ON ALTO HORN DEALS DEATH TO PESKY MOSQUITO

NEW YORK, July 19.—J. H. Thomas, leader of the National Cornet band at New Brunswick, declares that a certain note of an alto horn results in the death of every mosquito within range. At the last rehearsal of his band Fred Nixon killed five of the insects with one blast in high A. Thomas says high A on an alto horn produces about 24 vibrations per second.

"I noticed that five mosquitoes dropped into the horn the instant he struck the note," said Thomas. "From rough calculations I think that an ordinary amateur band ought to be able to kill off all the mosquitoes in the Newark meadows in three days."

FIRE AT CONEY ISLAND SCARES MANY PEOPLE

Moving Picture Exhibition Interrupted and Many Lives Endangered.

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—Threatening the destruction of the lower part of Coney Island, near the steeplechase, a fire, the worst in years, started at 4:15 o'clock this afternoon in the hotel and music hall of Wilson & Kojan. The firemen fought the stubborn flames for hours.

The resort is known as the Belvedere hotel and was crowded with women and children who were watching a moving picture exhibition. The operator who was manipulating the machine set fire to some of the films and in an instant flames shot upward through the floor above and then on to the roof.

Only the quick arrival of the police prevented many persons being trampled upon as a result of the panic which followed. One woman was carried from an upper story room unconscious from suffocation, and a number of persons were slightly injured, but there were no fatalities. The property loss was about $10,000. FRANK A. PARKER.

MYSTERY FOR POLICE.

Man Found Injured in Allegheny Box Car—Three Companions Arrested.

Four men found sleeping in a box car at the foot of Anderson street, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon, produced a mystery for the North Side police. One of the men, Charles Langhurst of Lowrie street, Troy Hill, was found suffering from several severe cuts in his back and was taken to the Allegheny General hospital, and the others were locked up on the charge of being suspicious persons to be held to wait the result of their companion's injuries.

All were intoxicated and gave their names as Lawrence Snyder of Second street, Allegheny; Joseph Ide of No. 182 Pike street, Pittsburgh, and William Gordon of Lorain street, Allegheny. Langhurst will recover.

TOLEDO MAN INVENTS GLASS WORKING MACHINE

RICHMOND, IND., July 19.—(Special.)—The glass workers of Indiana are startled by the announcement that another new glass-working machine has been perfected and that Ball Bros. are negotiating for the patent rights. This machine is said to be a mechanical marvel which not only gathers the glass from the furnace and blows it, but presses the glass as well. The machine was invented by a Toledo man. The inventor demands a princely sum for the result of his study. Ball Bros. have one of the largest plants in the United States.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED BY PASSENGER TRAIN

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Four persons were killed this afternoon near the Avondale suburban station on the Cincinnati, Lebanon & Northern division of the Pennsylvania railroad, while walking on the track. They were Louis and William Murr, messenger boys, aged 13 and 11 years, and two unidentified young men. While walking through a deep cut on a curve they got out of the way of an outgoing excursion train and were struck on the other track by an incoming passenger train.

Michigan Banker Dead.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., July 19.—Frederick N. Rowley, president of the First National bank of Kalamazoo, and one of the best known financiers and capitalists of the state, died at his residence here this afternoon, after a short illness, caused by a stroke of paralysis. He was 49 years old.

TROLLEY COLLISION HAS SERIOUS RESULT

One Killed and Many Seriously Hurt in Accident Near Elyria, O.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CLEVELAND, July 19.—Cars Nos. 90 and 87 on the Oberlin branch of the Cleveland & Southwestern Electric line collided near Turners Mills, two miles southwest of Elyria, at 5:30 this evening. One man, E. L. Garvin of Oberlin, was killed, and a great many injured, some of whom may die.

The injured are: William Gibbon, Kipton, leg broken; Lillian Burdick, Wellington, hip broken; both very serious; D. C. Wheelock, Assis Cyan, Charles Farron, all of Oberlin; William O'Brien, motorman of car No. 90, Cleveland; J. Harbisa, Pittsfield; Dellis Gordon, Columbia; Charles Post, New London; Frank Gilbert, Wellington; Stalie Standard, Wellington; Robert Stahl, Columbus; Patrick Rowarke, Lorain, and Miss Keene, East Norwalk.

The cars were filled with Sunday excursionists and were both behind time. They met on a curve and were badly smashed.

TO HOLD FIELD DAY.

Bartenders Will Assemble in Exposition Park August 18.

At the Bartenders' meeting yesterday it was decided to hold their field day August 18 in Exposition park. Among the sports of the day will be a base ball game between the members of the Homestead and McKeesport locals and the Pittsburgh locals. The game promises to be interesting, as several ex-league players will be on the diamond, among them John Berger and "Heavy" Mitchell.

It was also decided to indorse the emergency hospital project. The hospital is intended for union men. The membership fee is $2.50 a year, and entitles the member to all treatment, whether from accidents or other causes. Visitors will be admitted at all hours, day or night.

AGREED UPON WAGES.

Skilled Workmen at Glassport Plant Accept 17½ Per Cent Reduction.

The trouble between the Pittsburgh Steel Company and the employes at the Glassport plant has been adjusted. The skilled men, about 300 in number, have accepted a reduction of 17½ per cent of the former wage scale. This reduction brings the wages on a par with the Sharon plants.

The Glassport plant employs about 600 men. The works were closed down July 1, for the necessary repairs. It will start up today.

PLATT SUGGESTS ALDRICH FOR VICE PRESIDENCY

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—Senator Thomas C. Platt suggested today that Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island would make a strong candidate for vice president on the Republican ticket next year. "It may be necessary to look in the east for a candidate," Senator Platt said at the Oriental hotel. "If that proves to be the case, what do you think of Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island? He would be missed in the senate, of course, but he would make a very strong candidate on the Republican ticket."

DRUG CLERK LOSES DIAMONDS AND WATCH

Myron Porter of Braddock was arrested at Homestead last evening for taking two diamonds and a gold watch from Charles Johnson, a clerk in McKee's drug store, Eighth avenue. Porter, in company with William Crousey, entered the drug store at 6 o'clock and passed back of the counter, engaging the clerk in conversation. The diamonds were removed for inspection and the watch was taken from Johnson's chain.

ELKS BROWSE IN GREEN PASTURES

Pittsburgh and Allegheny Delegations Arrive at Baltimore.

DEAL ON WITH CINCINNATI

Object of Local Lodges is to Secure National Reunion and Grand Lodge Session in 1905—Streets Ring With Campaign Cry.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BALTIMORE, July 19.—Nearly 1,000 members of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks arrived in Baltimore tonight in attendance at the national reunion and grand lodge session from Western Pennsylvania. Pittsburgh was well represented and everywhere the man with a toby between fingers was given a hearty welcome.

The streets of the city were brilliantly illuminated tonight and everywhere could be heard the boom that the Pittsburgh lodge inaugurated for the meeting of the grand lodge in Pittsburgh in 1905. Cincinnati, it is a foregone conclusion, will carry off the prize next year, and a dicker has been on with the Ohio delegation that if the Pittsburghers would support Cincinnati next year for the grand lodge meeting the members of that city would support Pittsburgh for 1905. Consequently there was a mixture of Cincinnati fellowship and Pittsburgh toby smoke beneath the electric display in the crowded streets.

Lodge No. 11, in charge of M. G. Livingston, arrived here shortly after 6 o'clock on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. The train was made up of several excellent coaches, with a club car in the middle. The Scottdale and Connellsville delegations joined the crowd at the latter place. Allegheny lodge No. 339 came in tonight also, and the McKeesport and Homestead delegation, it is expected, will arrive tomorrow morning.

The Pittsburgh lodge established headquarters at the Southern hotel, where arrangements have been made to keep an open house. A reception room is stocked with tobies and tomorrow hundreds will puff the weed and yell for Pittsburgh. On the train the Pittsburgh delegation composed the following, and in the streets tonight can be heard the cry:

Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, we are alive;
Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, 1905.

The Western Pennsylvania delegation tomorrow will distribute thousands of badges, somewhat resembling a saucepan, upon which is printed "B. P. O. E., 1905," and it is expected that there will be quite a stir tomorrow for Pittsburgh.

If the Pittsburgh delegation succeeds in framing up a compromise by which Pittsburgh will get the grand lodge meeting two years hence the city will see the greatest convention ever held in that city, if the members of the Allegheny county lodges hope to eclipse this city in the arrangements.

More members of Lodge No. 11 of Pittsburgh, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, left last night over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad for Baltimore, where they will attend the annual convention of the order this week. The Pittsburgh delegation left on the second section of train No. 10, which left the Water street station shortly after 9 o'clock.

The delegations along the Monongahela river came to Pittsburg yesterday afternoon and left early last evening over the Pennsylvania railroad. Among the delegates were those from Brownsville, Charlerof and Monongahela City. Other lodges were represented in the party.

The Cleveland delegation will pass through the city this morning over the Baltimore & Ohio. They will arrive in the city at 6:30 and will take breakfast at the Monongahela house. Immediately after they will start for Baltimore. The Cleveland delegation desired a daylight ride over the Allegheny mountains.

HAILSTORM DESTROYS CRAWFORD COUNTY CROPS

MEADVILLE, PA., July 19.—A very heavy storm, with rain and hail, swept over this section this evening, doing great damage to crops. In some sections orchards were ruined, full grown apple trees being uprooted by the dozen. On many farms the oat, corn, wheat, potato and other crops were whipped to shreds.

GREAT CROWD WILL GO TO OYSTER BAY

President Next Sunday to Address New York Societies of the Holy Name.

4,000 TICKETS SOLD ALREADY

Nicholas Murray Butler, Head of Columbia University, Spends Quiet Sunday With the Chief Executive—Mrs. Roosevelt and Children Attend Church.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 19.—President Roosevelt's Sabbath was spent in comparative quiet at Sagamore Hill. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, spent the day with the president, who, contrary to his usual custom, did not attend church. Mrs. Roosevelt was in her pew at Christ Episcopal church at the morning service, with two of the younger members of the family.

Arrangements are practically perfected for the excursion of the societies of the Holy Name to Oyster Bay next Sunday, when the president will address them from a platform erected in an open field back of St. Dominick's church. Already it is reported that 4,000 tickets for this excursion have been sold and fear is felt that the crowd will be so great that the Long Island railroad will experience difficulty in handling it. The hotel accommodations in Oyster Bay are inadequate for the normal summer population.

The program for next Sunday contemplates that the president shall deliver his address about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The members of the Societies of the Holy Name will be drawn up along the sides of the road along which he will be driven from Sagamore Hill, and will salute him as he passes to the meeting place.

The Societies of the Holy Name of New York have as their object the encouragement of reverence for the deity and the suppression of profanity. The president's address to them will follow these lines.

NICHOLAS DECORATES NEW YORK BENEFACTOR

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—In recognition of the remarkable success attained by the St. Petersburg Young Men's Christian Association, known there as the Society for the Moral Improvement of Young Men, founded by James Stokes of New York three years ago, the czar has conferred upon Mr. Stokes the order of St. Stalislau of the First Class. The insignia of the order have been received by Mr. Stokes from Count Cassini, who, in delivering them, said the association has become the most efficient and most popular organization in St. Petersburg.

Found Bones of Strange Animal.

WILKESBARRE, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—Samuel Harkins, a truck farmer on the west bank of the Susquehanna river near Plymouth, made a discovery yesterday which threatens to revolutionize the theory that has been formed relating to the formation of the Wyoming valley. While doing some work on his farm he unearthed the tooth of some peculiar animal. The bones were white with age. One bone was very large and seemed to be the jawbone. The bones have been sent to Philadelphia for an expert examination. Many believe the bones are those of a mastodon.

WHY NOT GO TO CHAUTAUQUA?
P. & L. E. R. R.
$6.00—ROUND TRIP—$6.00
Go any Tuesday, Friday or Saturday and stay 15 days if you wish. Leave Pittsburgh 1.20 p. m. (city time), arrive in time for 7 o'clock dinner, or get a fine meal in the dining car.

SOZODONT
TOOTH POWDER
"The Only Dentifrice of International Reputation."—SARA BERNHARDT
Standard 52 Years
SOZODONT

MARRIED.

BURLEIGH-BROWN—At Middletown, O., on Saturday, July 18, 1903, by the Rev. Edward D. Irvine, CLARENCE W. BURLEIGH of Pittsburgh and MARGUERETTE GEIST BROWN of Middletown, O.

DIED.

ANDERSON—On Sunday, July 19, 1903, at 4 a. m., at Passavant hospital, J. S., eldest son of D. S. and of the late Jane S. Anderson, of 425 Biddle avenue, Wilkinsburg, in his 45th year.
Notice of funeral later.
(Leader please copy.)

CRAWFORD—On Sunday, July 19, 1903, at noon, PATRICK S., beloved husband of Christina Crawford (nee Euler), aged 57 years.
Funeral from family residence, 1403 Fremont street, Allentown, Wednesday, July 22, at 8:30 a. m. Solemn high mass of requiem at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GEORGE—At Pasadena, Cal., Thursday, July 16, 1903, ROBERT ALEXANDER GEORGE, aged 25 years.
Funeral services at the residence of his mother, Mrs. John L. George, Beaver street, Sewickley, Quaker Valley station on Monday afternoon, July 20, at 4:15. Interment private. Trains leave Allegheny station at 2:40 p. m. (city time).

HELLERMAN—On Sunday, July 19, 1903, at 2 p. m., MARGARET, aged 2 years and 6 months, youngest daughter of Peter Hellerman.
Funeral from residence of her father, 159 Moultrie street, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, July 21, 1903, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LIBBEY—On Saturday, July 18, 1903, DR. J. EDGAR LIBBEY, in his 61st year.
Funeral services at his late home, No. 627 College avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock.
Interment private.
[Philadelphia and Boston (Pa.) papers please copy.]

NESS—On Friday, July 17, 1903, at 10 p. m., LYDIA, wife of William Ness (nee Lamont), in her 19th year.
Funeral from her late residence, No. 900 Penn street, Sharpsburg, on Monday at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RIVETT—On Saturday, July 18, 1903, at 7 p. m., JOHN RIVETT.
Funeral services at his late home, 316 Sheridan avenue, East End, Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

ROBERTS—WILLIAM PRESTON ROBERTS, son of Evan M. and Mary K. Roberts, July 18, 1903, at 2:15 p. m., age 2 years 6 months 21 days.
Funeral from the home, 2746 Oakley street, South Side, Monday, July 20, at 2 p. m.

SMITH—On Friday, July 17, 1903, at 9:30 p. m., at his residence, No. 1507 Charles street, Allegheny, WILLIAM SMITH, beloved husband of Mary Smith (nee Dittmer), in the 47th year of his age.
Funeral at his late residence, No. 160 Charles street, Allegheny, Monday, July 20, at 2 p. m., to which friends of the family, Allegheny commandery, No. 35, K. T.; Robert Bloom lodge, No. 414, I. O. O. F.; Elks lodge, No. 339, and reference lodge, No. 238, A. F. and A. M., are respectfully invited. (Philadelphia and Cleveland papers please copy.)

TIBBY—On Sunday, July 19, 1903, at 9:45 p. m., at his residence, No. 1526 Main street, Sharpsburg, WILLIAM TIBBY, in his 72nd year.
Notice of funeral later.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Tel. 2022. 250 Fifth Avenue.

99 1/2 Per Cent Pure Banner Baking Powder

THE KEELEY CURE for 21 years has been used successfully
Cures Drink Habit and Drug Using.
The Keeley Institute, 4246 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXPOSITION PARK 12 NIGHTS, COM... MON., JULY 27
The largest outdoor exhibition in the world
PAIN'S Gorgeous $100,000 Spectacle.
LAST DAYS OF POMPEII
500—Men, Women and Children—500
Awe-inspiring Eruption of Vesuvius.
$1,000 Nightly Display Pain's Fireworks.
Seats for 10,000. Excursions all Railroads.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Tonight, Mat. Sat.
THE CHIMES OF NORMANDY.
Seats selling at Garden, Meller's and Hamburchick's.

OAKWOOD—SOUTHERN
Parks always free after 7:30 P. M.
Tonight and All Week.
VAUDEVILLE
Friday Night is Amateurs' Night.
KENNYWOOD
PARK IS ALWAYS FREE.
Every afternoon and evening this week.
SAUNDERS AND CAMERON
In Their Great Juggling Act.
Band Concerts by Rocereto's Concert Band.

Bennett & Co.—New Store.

Men's Furnishings.

A Bennett made-to-measure shirt always fits — always wears better and gives more general satisfaction—

A new lot of mid-summer patterns are here for you to choose from—about 3,000 altogether—whole pieces, too—not samples—You know we have our own factory and make the shirts right here—
We can fill orders now for August vacationists.

Suits to Order—
Men's Tailoring Dept.

We have an over stock of fancy patterns in very fine suitings that we are making up now at big reductions—Regular $65 values at $45 and $50 the suit.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
Corner Wood and Fifth.

Bennett & Co.—New Store.

Voile Suits Reduced

If you can make use of another good voile suit don't fail to run in this week, as this is absolutely one of the best money saving offerings we have ever made—

$40 Walking Suits at $15

Another especially good bargain for this week—Just a small lot of light weight walking suits in blue, black and brown.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
Corner Wood and Fifth.

W. B. LOVELESS CO. SHOES 434 PENN AVENUE

Notwithstanding the heavy rains during Saturday and Sunday tremendous business was transacted at the Grand Opening Sale at

KEATING WEST-VIEW

The rain, however, made it impossible for investors to get over the grounds conveniently. Many were driven home, and great numbers of out-of-town people, whose letters we have, did not put in an appearance at all owing to the weather.

Therefore there is still a wonderful opportunity at Keating West-View for investors who act at once.

Don't forget that the NEW SHORT-LINE traction cars to KEATING WEST-VIEW, Perrysville, start on Smithfield Street, at Fifth Avenue. They are marked Madison Avenue and East Street. These cars will take you to the property in twenty-five minutes. The direct route they take is three miles shorter that the Riverview Park route out Perrysville Avenue.

Remember the terms on lots are 5 per cent down and 2½ per cent per month for balance; 10 per cent discount for cash when paid within sixty days from date of purchase.

With every lot sold a two year premium bond is given on which you can earn from 5 to 25 per cent, or $12.50 to $2.50.

APPLY FOR FREE CAR TICKETS AND ALL FURTHER INFORMATION TO FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,

334 FOURTH AVENUE, FIRST FLOOR, TIMES BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Agent for Allegheny-Bellevue Land Co.

ETHER MAY CARRY WAVES OF THOUGHT

Prof. Garrett P. Serviss Discusses London Telepathic Experiment.

COLLUSION NOT SUSPECTED

Distinguished Scholar Says Such a Demonstration Can Be Explained by Science—Must Be Accepted as Strong Evidence of the Brain's Power.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ITHACA, N. Y., July 19.—"I should be glad if I could believe that the interesting experiment in telepathy tried between London and Nottingham on Saturday was, as Mr. Stead thinks, the beginning of wireless telegraphy without electricity or electrical machines; in other words, ethereal telepathy, with human brains as the only transmitting and receiving instruments. But, notwithstanding the apparent success of this experiment, I fear that so great a boon for human intercommunication is still far off.

"It must be granted that the idea of telepathy is not of an essentially occult nature. It calls into play no supernatural or inconceivable features or medium, but simply assumes that the ether which conveys the waves of light or electricity may also convey other waves, perhaps of an electrical nature, set into vibration by the action of the brain, and that these waves, striking upon another brain, may reproduce thought impressions corresponding to those which gave rise to them in the brain from which they originated.

"Thus the theory of telepathy resembles that of wireless telegraphy between electrical stations, and we should have to accept, if it were proved, that the brain can act upon the ether in the manner assumed. Of course, there was no deception and no collusion in the London-Nottingham experiment. Its results must be accepted as strong evidence of the power of the brain to affect the ether. There seems to be no other way to account for the phenomena. But even more elaborate precautions than are described in this case would need to be taken in order to give this evidence a truly scientific character. The experiment should be repeated many times under varying conditions and the character of the messages conveyed should be carefully studied before the fact of the telepathic communication can be regarded as absolutely demonstrated. Even granting that the three messages were actually transmitted on Saturday from the brain of one man in Nottingham to that of another in London, it must be remembered that these two men were especially selected subjects and there is no evidence that people in general possess such a power.

"A few years ago, in conjunction with a friend, I tried a number of similar experiments in New York, but we were unable to get any results. However, Mr. Stead and his friends deserve great credit for undertaking the trials, and it is to be hoped they will continue.

"GARRETT P. SERVISS."

EUROPE IS BUYING.

Current Low Level of Prices Will Help United States in Financial Way.

LONDON, July 19.—(Special Cable.)—One feature of the financial week just closed has been the considerable purchases of American securities for the European British account. At the current low level the Statist thinks that, should those purchases continue, American bankers will secure the necessary funds for financing the crop movement without having to resort to any reduction in their loans.

Another thing which may eventually help to relieve pressure in New York is the fact that a considerable amount of American railroad promissory notes have been sold here during the week. Buying has been very free. A considerable portion has gone to the continent. As this lessens the necessity for shipping gold from New York, it makes possible a reduction of loans there and generally gives credit to America in Europe. The sale is considered of immense advantage to New York, as things stand at present.

This week's general shrinkage in prices and the heavy fall in values of American securities is the result of uneasiness regarding questions political and troubles in the far east and anxiety as to their position in New York. The latter has, as I have pointed out before, really been the one vexed question over which those of London stock brokers who have not been planning stock exchange walks to Brighton or trying to arrange for new holidays have been worrying over here many weeks past.

The market has at last got rid of its indebtedness to the banks, having been helped thereto by the fact that the installment of £3,000,000 on the Transvaal loan, which fell due this week, seems to have been lent out again as soon as it was paid, while the government has been making considerable disbursements.

Consols were slightly lower on balance at 92 1-16@2-3c for money and 92 5-8@92 1-2c for the account. Developments in the American railway department are awaited with the keenest anxiety.

PITTSBURGH IS LIBERAL.

Missionary and Christian Alliance Gets $37,000 at Encampmet.

LANCASTER, PA., July 19.—The encampment of the Missionary and Christian alliance at Rocky Springs, came to a conclusion today amidst an outburst of religious enthusiasm which swept the substantial sum of $37,000 into the coffers of the society. While a congregation of several thousand sang inspiring hymns, collectors circulated among the worshippers, reaping a golden harvest of cash and written pledges. The collection exceeded by $6,000 that of last year, and was the largest in the history of the alliance.

Among the larger contributors were: Pittsburgh Branch No. 1, $7,000; Pittsburgh Branch No. 2 (colored), $500; Philadelphia, $7,000; Bradford, $1,500; Scranton, $1,550; Butler, $1,500; Lancaster, $1,200; Altoona, $1,000; Cumberland, $1,000; Harrisburg, $800; Wilmington, $700; New Jersey, $600. For the new home in Jerusalem, $108 was raised.

This district of the alliance includes Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware and New Jersey.

"Hairless Man" Dead.

WILKESBARRE, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—John Behee of this city, died last night, aged 54. He was known as the "hairless man." There was not a single hair on his whole body. In early youth he had a spell of sickness and all his hair came out. Eminent physicians in different parts of the country treated his case, but could not restore the hair. Nature came to his rescue partly. The scalp became very hard and was impervious to the cold. Behee worked outside on the coldest days without headgear and never felt the effects of the cold.

Married at Greek Church.

LONDON, July 18.—(Special Cable.)—It was learned today that the wedding of the Baronne de Vriere and Vladimir Constantinovitch was celebrated at the Greek church in Bayswater, the master of the church officiating. The Greek minister in London acted as best man. The bride's mother, Mrs. Cutting, was present, together with Col. Constantinovitch, father of the groom.

News of Nearby Towns and Country

EMINENT MINISTERS TO LEAD SCRIPTURE STUDY

Grove City Bible Conference Promises to Be the Best in Its History.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

GROVE CITY, PA., July 19.—Arrangements have been completed for the seventh annual session of the Grove City Bible conference, which convenes here Thursday evening, August 6, and closes Sunday, August 16. The committee of arrangements, of which the Rev. Dr. S. A. Hunter of Pittsburgh is chairman, have completed their list of speakers and teachers, and it contains some of the best known men in the entire Presbyterian church. The conference has grown in number of students and in interest each year, and this year promises to be the best in its history. The entertainment committee reports many inquiries and thinks the attendance will far exceed that of last year.

President C. Ketler of the college, who is in active charge of the school, is jubilant over the prospects. He has just returned from Pittsburgh, where arrangements were completed for some special work which was not on the program of last year. The Rev. Matthew Brown Riddle, D. D., L.L. D., professor of New Testament Greek in the Western Theological Seminary, will be one of the prominent instructors. He was a member of the American company of new testament revisors, and special stress each day will be laid on his department.

Systematic Bible study, embracing several periods each day, will be presented by him. He will be assisted in his department by the Rev. Dr. George L. Robinson, professor of Hebrew in McCormick seminary, Chicago, and the Rev. Dr. William Hoge Marquiss of Louisville, Ky. Attorney Harry E. McCormick, president of the Allegheny County Sabbath School association, will have charge of a department on Sabbath school work, and he will have able assistants.

The Rev. Dr. Stephen A. Hunter, pastor of the South Side Presbyterian church, Pittsburgh, will conduct the missionary conference. The Rev. Dr. Hunter spent 20 years in China as a missionary, and is probably one of the best adapted to this work in Western Pennsylvania. Among the other eminent instructors on the list are the Rev. Dr. Borden B. Bowne, professor of philosophy in Boston university; the Rev. Dr. James Orr of New Free Church college, Glasgow, Scotland; Henry W. Frost, educational secretary of the student volunteer movement for foreign missions, and Mrs. Grace Scott of the China Inland Mission society.

Already many Western Pennsylvania people are here to spend their vacation and with the opening of the conference a large crowd will be present.

LARGE CROWDS EXPECTED AT FIREMEN'S MEETING

Many Delegates Have Declared Their Intention to Attend Latrobe Convention.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

LATROBE, PA., July 19.—The largest convention in the history of the Western Pennsylvania Firemen's association is scheduled to take place in Latrobe during the week of August 11. Delegates from all sections of the state have written to Chairman Blackburn announcing their intention of being present. Arrangements have been made by the executive committees of the various fire companies of Connellsville, Pitcairn and Beaver Falls for camping out during the convention.

Grounds for the erection of tents have been secured on Chambers Island, the old baseball grounds, and the G. A. R. park on the North Side. The Connellsville fire department will be accompanied by representatives of the leading business houses to assist the firemen in their effort to obtain for Connellsville the convention in 1904. The principal streets will be spanned by gracefully designed arches which will blaze with electric lights.

KILLED DURING QUARREL.

Young Man Shot Dead by a Pole Who Surrenders to the Police.

WELLSBORO, PA., July 19.—John Watkins, a well known young man of Morris Run, this county, was shot and killed almost instantly at that place after last midnight by Mike Bumbriski, a Pole. Bumbriski was brought to the county jail here this afternon. He does not deny the killing. He says he was under the influence of liquor and did not know that he had committed the deed until told of it this morning.

It seems Watkins and Bumbriski had an altercation and the latter went into his house, seized a shotgun and fired at Watkins at close range. The wounded man died two hours later in the Blossburg hospital.

Bumbriski did not try to evade arrest. His brother attempted to hide him from the police, but the murderer delivered himself to the authorities. He was badly scared and was glad to be safely locked in jail. Watkins was employed in a wholesale liquor house and leaves a widow and child. Bumbriski is a miner and is 22 years of age.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

STEUBENVILLE, O.—Joshua Edwards, a coal miner, was killed by the Cleveland & Pittsburgh excursion train from Silver Lake, at Portland station.

WASHINGTON, PA.—Denitoo Findish, an Italian, was killed by an express train on the Panhandle at Hanlin station. He was employed in the mines near McDonald.

CUMBERLAND, MD.—Andrew Spearman, aged 60, was run down by a light engine on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad at Oldtown, and received injuries which it is feared will prove fatal.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA.—The fire department here went on strike and Mayor Crile appointed a policeman to take temporary charge of affairs until new men can be secured. The firemen quit because of the low wages paid. It is said the chief of the department will again resume his position.

Lawrenceville Women In Fight.

Lizzie Johnston and Mary Devine were each fined $10 yesterday morning by Magistrate T. F. Kane on charges of disorderly conduct. Together with Marie Devine they were fighting at Forty-eighth and Harrison streets, when Lieut. Peter Walsh placed them under arrest. Marie was discharged.

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is the New and Better Breakfast Food, so different from all others that it plesses everybody. Get a package to-day at your grocers.

THE GENESEE PURE FOOD CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

REV. MR. DIEFFENBACHER INSTALLED AT YOUNGWOOD

REV. CYRUS R. DIEFFENBACHER,

Who Was Installed Pastor of the First Reformed Church of Youngwood, Pa., Yesterday.

GREENSBURG, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—The Rev. Dr. Cyrus R. Dieffenbacher was this afternoon installed pastor of the First Reformed church of Youngwood by a committee of the Westmoreland classis of the Pittsburgh synod, consisting of Rev. A. M. Shaffner of Ruffsdale, Rev. Stanley L. Krebs of Greensburgh and Rev. H. S. Garner of Southwest Greensburg. Rev. Mr. Dieffenbacher was pastor of the First Reformed church of Greensburg for 21 years, resigning four years ago to accept a call to Shippensburg, Pa. When the big Youngwood yards were built a Reformed congregation was established there and many members of the First church, Greensburg, affiliated themselves with the new organization. Rev. Mr. Garner supplied the congregation for a time along with the Harrold charge, but the pastoral duties became too onerous and the Youngwood congregation decided to call a pastor. The Rev. Dr. Dieffenbacher was the unanimous choice and his resignation was accepted by the Shippensburg charge. At a special meeting of the Westmoreland classis here last Tuesday he was received from the Mercersburg classis of the Potomac synod. He preached to large congregations this morning and afternoon.

STRANGE ANIMAL AT LARGE NEAR WEST ELIZABETH

MONONGAHELA CITY, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—A strange animal, thought to have escaped from some menagerie, has plunged West Elizabeth into a state of excitement. It is supposed to be amphibious and roams about the region bordering the river. It is declared to have chased boys out of a corn field and to have stampeded cattle. Persons who have seen the animal say it is about four feet long and that it has a head like a hog. It emerges from the river and after an excursion through adjacent land it retires to the water again. In the soft mud it leaves tracks of two web feet and two like those of a pig. Local students of natural history express the view that the animal is a water hog.

Married at Steubenville.

STEUBENVILLE, O., July 19.—(Special.)—Howard G. Page and Floss Broderick, Thomas David Huston and Mary Mulholland, of Pittsburgh; Henry E. Winkfield and Rosa Jetter of Allegheny; William Eckhardt and Bertha M. Campbell of McKeesport; Perish J. McDonough and Anna F. Yochim of Pittsburgh; the Rev. Joseph H. Leiper of Philadelphia and Hattie Walker of Toronto, were granted licenses and married here.

PERFECT COMPLEXIONS

MARK THE USERS OF

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c and 25c.

VILLAGE IS OVERRUN WITH RATTLESNAKES

Eight Hundred Reptiles Escape from Cage in Mountains Near Altoona.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ALTOONA, PA., July 19.—Eight hundred rattlesnakes, measuring upwards of three feet each, were accidentally let loose at the village of Highland Fling, on the top of the Alleghanies, about six miles north of here, this morning and complete consternation as a result is reported to be reigning among the residents, who have become terrified.

J. C. Albright of that place had collected them for an eastern agency. While feeding them the cage door became unfastened in some unknown way and before it could be closed the reptiles escaped. Albright was badly bitten and came to the hospital here for treatment. On the way he was stopped twice for fast driving, but when he showed his snake bites and told the story of the rattlers swarming about the town he was allowed to continue his journey. He has a chance for recovery.

No person has ventured near enough the town yet to see if others have been bitten by the reptiles, but word reaches here that the town is virtually overrun with the snakes. The bravest of the residents have been hunting the reptiles and hundreds of them have been killed. The others are escaping to the mountains and finding hiding places under houses.

Albright spent the greater part of the summer gathering snakes and valued his collection at $1,000.

FAMILY OF GIANTS HOLD REUNION IN WEST VIRGINIA

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., July 19.—(Special.)—Benjamin Hamrick of Webster Springs, Webster county, is the father of a remarkable family which has just had a reunion. There are eight sons, and the united weight of the father and sons is 1,515 pounds, while their aggregate heighth is 56 feet 1¾ inches. The average heighth of the nine men is a little over 6 feet 2 inches. The family is as follows: Benjamin Hamrick, weight 155, height 6 feet 5¼ inches; Arnold, 168 pounds, 6 feet 1¼ inches; Isaac, 200 pounds, 6 feet 5¾ inches; Adam, 168 pounds, 6 feet 3 inches; William, 161 pounds, 6 feet 1 inch; Eli, 155 pounds, 6 feet 3 inches; Simpson, 175 pounds, 6 feet 1¼ inches; Felix, 163 pounds, 6 feet 2 inches; Ellis, 180 pounds, 6 feet 3 inches.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Best values in all kinds of Furniture.

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REMOVED TO—

Arrott Building

Cor. Wood St. and 4th Ave

SECOND FLOOR.

HORNE-STEWART Co

DRY GOODS

Monday 20 July 1903

Lots of little things that seldom get a word in the papers—garters and darners, needles and pins—go and forget them and trouble begins.

Little Things

"Mum" is a snow-white harmless cream that effectually kills the odor of perspiration. Regular price 25 cents .....Special at 20

"Persperine" is a powder that accomplishes the same thing—a delicate deodorant sold regularly at 25 cents .....Special at 21

"Alba Bleach," made in Pittsburgh for Pittsburgh Hats—cleans and bleaches white straws.....25

Talcum Powders. Mennen's Borated Talcum Powder, and Colgate's Violet Talc or Cashmere ought to cover your wants.....15

Brushes. Full line of Kentz Hair and Cloth Brushes in ebony and other polished wood backs—Nail Brushes .....04 to 1.50

Dr. Scotts Electric Brushes, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00

Rubber Sponges. Wisdom in their use and easy to buy. Priced according to size, 38, 50, 75, 1.00, 1.50

Star Safety Razors. A full line and seven styles—some with a blade for every day—take them away sharpened and be independent for weeks—shaving soaps and sticks.

Shell and Imitation Shell. Full lines in Combs, Loop Hairpins and Barettes.....Combs....25 to 5.00

Barettes..15 cents up. Loop Pins....25 to 45

Silver Things. Shoe Horns, Hair Curlers, Pencils, Knives of divers kinds and Scissors..Special Prices.

Easy Forgot

Mirrors. Ever find a good one in your summer outings? Hand Mirrors, round or oval, in ebony and other woods.....50 to 3.00

Triple mirrors. Shaving Glasses....85 to 3.00

Richard Hudnut. Full lines of the celebrated Hudnut Toilet Accessories—perfumes and toilet waters, and high-class Manicure preparations.

Colgate & Company. Full line of soaps, perfumes and toilet waters.

Roger & Gallet. For those who prefer the French Soaps, Perfumes and Waters we offer the best. Eau Gorlier 50

Haubigart, Ideal Perfumes. Toilet Waters and Face Powders. Soap.....2.00

King Dodo. These extracts, toilet waters and soaps are meeting with deserved success.

Cottan et Cie. A soap without odor, endorsed by the Societe Hygienique—larger size 35 cents the cake, 3 for 1.00. Small size.....25

Sanitol Hygienic Soaps, Tooth Brushes and Tooth Paste.

Crouches Ammoniated Medicinal Soap. A new soap meeting with popular favor. Regular price 25 cents the cake. Special Introductory Price 15c

Hard to think of them all and easier for you to forget them—once away always wanted and hard to get.

Shop by Mail 233-235 FIFTH AVENUE Buy by Phone

B. & B.

Half the month gone—Shelves, Boxes and Cases only half empty—the other half are to be.

Price is what the last half is to be moved with.

All who come will get the benefit—such benefits as you never got.

Goods and prices when you get here to prove it.

Note some lots that are evidence of the kind of prices that's to empty all the other half of the Shelves and Boxes—upstairs and down.

Lots more—some small lots—some larger—priced like what follows.

Surplus lot 35 cent Imported Double Width Oxfords, 10c.

All pink and white, tan and white and oxblood and white stripes.

When we have any slow property—no difference how good it is—we sell—and price it so it sells at sight—these Cheviottes are an example.

Lot handsome fine cottons—35-cent Scotch novelties—white and black, light blue and white novelty weaves, 15c

—fresh, new and clean—a case where too many were imported.

More of the celebrated D. and J. Anderson's 40 to 65 cent Madras and Novelties put in at these three sacrifice prices, 15, 25 and 35c.

Lot double width (yard wide), soft finish white P K's, 10c.

Broken lines and big lines, 25 to 85-cent fancy white goods—Oxfords, etc., at 15, 25 and 35c

—only a piece and some only part pieces of a style—but over a hundred styles and these broken lines of fancy white goods.

50c fancy imported gray and black striped Swisses—with white embroidered figure spots, 15c

—with a lot of other odd pieces, fancy 25-cent imported Swisses, and some double width, dark striped, 45-cent dress Swisses—all 15c.

2 cases of best American 12½c Cottons, 30 inches wide, 6½c—fine cloth—a little heavier than a batiste—Navy and Black grounds, with white printings, and White grounds with fancy colored stripes—the sale of these 2 cases of goods as good as they are at the price furnishes evidence that we're in earnest and determined about this shelf emptying.

broken lines paris dress goods

$2.00 goods, $1.00.

$1.00 goods, 50c.

50-cent goods, 25c

—light and dark—sheer and medium weights—for dressy gowns and service gowns for the grown or the children, this immediate dress goods shelf emptying will pay to see about.

Woolens—lot broken lines, part pieces and one piece of a kind, $1.00 to $2.00 grades—54 inches wide, 50c

—see them promptly and get the useful that you want now—or will want in the fall—and that's not many weeks away.

5 lots—broken lines, black goods, 20, 35, 50, 75c and $1.00

—staples and fancies—all wools and mohairs.

Lot $1.50 plain dark Gray and Navy Blue Glace Mohairs—with line stripes, 54 inches wide, $1.00.

Mohairs, 35, 50, 75c to $2.00—Navys, Grays, fancies, solid white and white and black—beautiful goods, 42 to 54 inches wide.

how it's done in the silk department

Table of $1.50 and $2.00 Double Width Foulards—best goods made—choice styles and color effects, including Navy and Black grounds—all 44 inches wide—8 yards plenty for a fashionable gown, 75c a yard.

All the double width colored Grenadines—principally Black and White and Navy and White—$1.50 and $2.00 goods, 75c.

If these two lots—rich goods on a throw-away basis—don't make things hum in the Silk Aisle nothing will.

Lot of Dollar to $1.50 Novelty Silks—dark and medium colors—principally stripes, 50c a yard—women never spent a half dollar so well as those will who come and get Waist patterns, or other usable lengths off these webs of handsome silks piled out on the center counters, to be sold out today and tomorrow.

Lot of 24-inch 85-cent Changeable Taffeta Silks—odd colors—extra good quality, 50c.

laces cut

—grouped on the center counter—priced so they'll go flying.

Five-cent narrow Torchon edges, 2c.

Fifteen and 20-cent White Pointe de Paris and Val Serpentine Insertions, 2 and 2½ inches wide, 5c.

Two hundred pieces 20-cent 2½ and 3-inch open guipure embroidery insertions, for trimming P K and Oxford Shirt Waist Suits, 10c.

Lot of hand-embroidered White and colored 35 and $45.00 Linen Robes, $15.00

—when we say 35 and 40 dollars we mean that's what they actually were.

Twelve and $14.00 Embroidered Ecru Batiste Waist Patterns, $5.00.

finette flannels

—fine cashmere twill Cream Flannels, made by Lupin—particularly adapted for Infants' Wrappers and Sacques and other uses when something dainty and superfine is wanted.

85c quality, 65c.

Dollar quality, 75c.

Nothing the matter with the goods—only a fortunate purchase

odd lots o' curtains

Going to sell out every single pair, odd two and three pair lots and some single Bonne Femme Curtains and the prices this day marked thereon will do it quicker than anything of the kind was ever done in this store.

Examples—Single pairs that were $4.50 for $2.00—$6.75 for $3.00—$13.50 for $6.75—$40.00 for $20.00.

All kinds of curtains are in the sale, but we can't itemize them.

Two pair lots that were $4.00 for $2.50—$11.00 for $5.50—$17.50 for $9.00—$25.00 for $16.00—$50.00 for $30.00

—only a few lots are mentioned, there's a hundred others.

Three pair lots that were $13.50 for $8.75—$30.00 for $16.50—$37.50 for $22.50—$67.50 for $42.00—$97.50 for $55.00.

Above prices are for lots, not pairs—and French and Swiss, and every kind of Lace Curtains are among them—Arabian, Renaissance, Brussels, Irish Pointe, etc.

Lot of odd pairs fine Portieres that were $13.50 to $18.00 a pair, $8.50.

Lot of Tapestry bordered and other Portieres—not odd pairs, but quantities—24 different styles in all—various qualities, ranging as high as $8.50 a pair for $4.50.

Couch Covers reduced—$2.75, $3.00, $4.00 and $6.50.

Lot of Cheney Brothers handsome figured Drapery Silks, reduced to 35c.

mattings reduced

Prices that give people these nice, cool floor coverings on a basis you never got them at.

Instance—50 rolls Ten Dollar Cotton Warp Mattings—$6.00 a roll—just 15 cents for 25-cent Mattings, but we won't cut them at that price—whole rolls—40 yards—$6.00—20c by the yard.

porch rugs

—sell them all out now.

Look at these prices:

Eight $28.50 Algerian Rugs, 9 by 12 feet, $18.00.

Twelve $17.00, 7 by 10 feet size, $11.00.

Sixteen $15.00, 6 by 9 feet size, $8.50.

Four $7.50, 4 by 7 feet size, $4.50.

Six $1.00, 1½ by 3 feet size, 65c.

One $15.00 Moodj Porch Rug, 8 by 12 feet, $11.00.

Two $12.00, 7½ by 10½ size, $8.75.

Three $13.00, 7 by 12 size, $9.50.

Five $11.50, 6 by 12 size, $8.00.

Nine $8.50, 6 by 9 size, $6.00.

Three $9.50, 5 by 12 size, $7.00.

Five $7.50, 4 by 12 size, $5.50.

Five $4.50, 4 by 7 size, $3.00.

Three $5.50, 3 by 12 size, $4.00.

Fourteen $2.75, 3 by 6 size, $2.00.

women's wash suits

Some of the prices that are to empty the cases in that section.

Assorted group $15.00, $20.00 to $35.00 Wash Suits, $10.00.

Another lot at $15.00 that will show you we mean business and pay you beyond your most sanguine expectations.

in'ants' cloaks

—long White ones—Bedford Cord, Silk and P K—$7.50 ones, $3.50—$16.50 ones, $8.25—$25 and $30 ones, $15.00—$35.00 ones, $18.00.

Children's fine White Lawn Guimpes, all sizes, trimmed with embroidery and lace—$3.00 ones, $1.50—$2.00 ones, $1.00—$1.00 ones, 50c.

men's and women's hose

Importer's stock women's 50c stockings—35c—new goods and good goods—10 patterns—lace effects—all black and 720 pairs—3 pairs for $1.00.

600 pairs men's 50c hose—black and combination colorings—lace, plain and embroidered, 25c—as to quality they're all a 50c sock should be.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny

AS BUSINESS BRINGERS GAZETTE CLASSIFIED ADS EQUAL ANY.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE SLIGHTEST WANT IS QUICKLY SUPPLIED BY GAZETTE CLASSIFIED ADS.

SECOND SECTION. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1903. PAGES 7 TO 12.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	55	24	.688	Brooklyn	37	39	.597
New York	46	28	.622	Boston	39	44	.470
Chicago	47	33	.588	St. Louis	28	50	.359
Cincinnati	41	35	.539	Philadelphia	23	55	.295

JACK TAYLOR OF CHICAGO AGAIN BEATS THE CHAMPIONS

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	49	27	.645	Detroit	35	36	.493
Philadelphia	44	33	.587	Chicago	35	38	.465
Cleveland	39	33	.542	St. Louis	30	38	.441
New York	34	34	.500	Washington	23	51	.311

CHAMPIONS LOSE TO CHICAGO CUBS

Pittsburgh Up Against Jack Taylor, and Again Fall Before Him in Good Game.

HIT DOHENY AT RIGHT TIME

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

Chicago	8	Pittsburgh	5
St. Louis	5	Brooklyn	4
Cincinnati	9	Philadelphia	5
Cincinnati	7	Philadelphia	4

GAMES TODAY.

Pittsburgh at Chicago.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, July 19.—Chicago was victor in the first clash with the champion Pirates today, thrashing Pittsburgh soundly before a big Sunday crowd, 8 to 5. It was Taylor against Doheny, and as is usual with Jack of late, he came out on top. He did not pitch a game which was very much better than that of Doheny, but his Microbe mates pounded that ball in bunches and thereby got runs.

Both teams played great fielding games, Pittsburgh making but one error, although almost every player on the team took difficult chances. The Microbes were after everything and the two errors which they were guilty of made but little difference in the score.

They went right after Doheny in the first inning, when they gathered in two runs. Slagle slammed out a single and after Carey had struck out Chance singled and Jones doubled. Slagle and Chance crossed the plate.

In the third Chicago made two more by clean hitting. With one out and Chance on the bases, Jones, Harley and Kling all singled and Chance and Jones tallied. Still Pittsburgh was trailing along unable to do anything with Taylor.

In the fifth the Microbes clinched the game. Chance went down on a pass and reached second on Doheny's error. Jones reaching first on the choice. Evers hit safely and stole second. Harley did exactly the same thing. Williams also singled and Chance, Jones, Evers and Harley were in. This ended the scoring for the Microbes and in the seventh Pittsburgh took a hand.

It looked as if the Pirates would get dangerous and, in fact, they did get too close to the Chicagoans for comfort. Taylor was hit for fair and the visitors collected four runs before the side was retired. Ritchey began the seventh inning by going out. Then Chance failed to put out Kruger, Weaver hit safely and Doheny was given a pass. Then followed three singles in succession by Beaumont, Sebring and Wagner. When noses were counted it was found that Kruger, Weaver, Doheny and Beaumont had tallied.

It looked as if Taylor had gone to the bad, sure in the eighth, when Leach opened up with a three-bagger. But Leach was the only one who scored, the others being unable to duplicate the drive. In the ninth, when the Pirates promised themselves that they would win, they were most viciously. The score:

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.		Pgh.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Slagle, l	1	2	1	1	0		Beaumont, m	1	2	2	0	0
Casey, s	0	0	0	2	0		Sebring, r	0	1	0	0	1
Chance, 1	2	1	8	1	1		Wagner, s	0	1	2	6	1
Jones, 2	1	2	2	1	0		Byrnes, 1	0	1	9	2	1
Evers, 2	1	1	1	4	0		Leach, 3	1	1	1	1	0
Harley, r	1	2	1	1	0		Ritchey, c	0	0	2	3	0
Kling, c	0	1	5	0	0		Kruger, l	1	1	0	1	0
Wills, s	0	1	1	3	2		Weaver, 2	1	1	3	2	0
Taylor, p	0	1	0	0	0		Doheny, p	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	5	11	27	10	2		Totals	5	9	24	15	1

Chicago	2	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	*	8
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	5

Left on bases—Chicago 6, Pittsburgh 7. Two-base hit—Jones. Three-base hit—Leach. Sacrifice hits—Jones, Kling. Stolen bases—Harley 2, Kling. Double plays—Wagner and Brashear; Leach, Wagner and Brashear; Doheny to Byrnes. Bases on balls—Off Taylor 2, off Doheny 3. Hit with ball—Casey. Time—1:45. Umpire—Moran. Attendance, 11,600.

TWO FOR REDS.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Cincinnati easily took both games from Philadelphia today. Both of the visiting pitchers were hit hard and timely. The second game was called in the seventh inning to give the Philadelphias time to catch their train. Doolin was hit on the hand by a pitched ball and had to retire from the game. Attendance, 15,000. Score:

FIRST GAME.

Cincin.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Phila.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Donlin, l	1	1	2	0	0	Barry, l	0	1	2	1	0
Seymour, m	2	2	3	0	1	Gleason, 2	1	2	3	2	1
Dolan, r	2	2	2	0	0	Wolverton, 3	0	1	2	3	0
Beckley, 1	2	2	7	1	0	Kelster, r	0	1	1	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3	1	2	2	4	1	Titus, m	0	0	1	3	0
Daly, 2	0	1	1	4	2	Douglas, 1	1	0	5	2	0
Peltz, s	0	1	1	0	0	Hulswitt, s	0	1	4	4	1
Bergen, c	0	1	2	3	0	Doolin, c	0	0	0	0	0
Foote, p	0	0	0	1	0	Roth, p	0	0	0	1	0
						Duggleby, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Hallman	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	9	14	27	10	4	Totals	5	8	24	14	3

*Batted for Duggleby in ninth.

Cincinnati	1	1	3	2	0	1	0	1	*	9
Philadelphia	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	5

Two-base hits—Donlin, Beckley, Steinfeldt, Hulswitt. Three-base hit—Seymour. Home run—Steinfeldt. Stolen base—Kelster. Left on bases—Cincinnati 7, Philadelphia 7. First base on balls—By Foote 3, by Duggleby 2. Struck out—By Foote 4, by Duggleby 1. Passed ball—Doolin. Time—1:45. Umpire—Johnstone.

SECOND GAME.

Cincin.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Phila.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Donlin, l	1	1	1	0	0	Barry, l	1	2	2	0	0
Kelley, l	0	0	1	1	0	Gleason, 2	1	2	0	3	0
Seymour, m	0	1	1	0	0	Wolverton, 3	0	1	2	0	0
Dolan, r	0	0	3	0	0	Kelster, r	0	1	3	0	0
Beckley, 1	2	2	8	0	0	Titus, m	0	0	3	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3	1	2	4	1	0	Douglass, 1	0	2	6	0	0
Daly, 2	0	1	4	4	0	Hulswitt, s	0	1	4	4	1
Peltz, s	1	1	1	5	0	Doolin, c	0	0	0	1	0
Bergen, c	0	1	5	2	0	Frazer, p	1	1	0	3	0
Suthoff, p	1	2	0	0	0	Roth	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	7	11	21	14	0	Totals	4	10	18	8	1

*Batted for Fraser in ninth.

Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	0	*	7
Philadelphia	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	4

Sacrifice hit—Dolan. Three-base hits—Beckley, Suthoff and Roth. Stolen bases—Steinfeldt. Left on bases—Cincinnati 7, Philadelphia 4. First base on balls—Off Suthoff 2, off Fraser 3. Hit by pitched ball—Donlin. Struck out—By Suthoff 2. Passed ball—Bergen. Time—1:35. Umpire—Johnstone.

WON IN TENTH.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—St. Louis won an uphill 10-inning game from Brooklyn today, 5 to 4. In the early stages it looked as though Brooklyn would win hands down, but the local team rallied in the eighth and tied the score by batting in two runs. In the tenth inning a double by Smoot and Barclay's single after two were out, settled the game in the locals' favor. Attendance, 9,174. Score:

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Br'klyn.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Farrell, 2	0	0	3	4	0	Strang, 3	0	0	1	1	4	0
Donovan, r	0	0	2	0	0	Sheckard, l	1	0	2	2	0	0
Smoot, m	2	1	1	0	0	Gessler, r	1	2	3	0	0	0
Brain, s	0	1	1	1	1	Jordan, c	0	1	10	1	0	1
Barclay, l	1	0	2	3	0	Dahlen, s	1	0	4	4	0	0
Burke, 3	0	0	0	2	3	McCreery, m	1	1	0	0	0	0
Hackett, 1	1	0	12	0	0	Flood, 2	0	0	0	3	2	1
J. O'Neil, c	0	1	4	1	0	Ritter, p	0	0	0	3	1	2
M. O'Neil, p	1	1	0	4	0	Jones, p	1	1	0	2	0	0
Totals	5	5	30	16	2	Totals	4	8	29	18	4	4

*Two out when winning run was made.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2—4

Two-base hits—Smoot, M. O'Neil, Strang. Three-base hits—Brain, Gessler. Sacrifice hit—McCreery. Stolen bases—Donovan 2, Smoot, Barclay, J. O'Neil, M. O'Neil, Strang, Sheckard, Gessler. Hit by pitched ball—By Jones 1. Bases on balls—Off O'Neil 3, off Jones 1. Struck out—By O'Neil 2, by Jones 5. Left on bases—St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 6. Time—2:10. Umpire—O'Day.

THE PITTSBURGH LACROSSE TEAM

WADDELL MAY PITCH FOR HOMESTEAD WEDNESDAY

Manager Risher Wants Southpaw to Oppose Pirates. "Slab" Burns Released.

Rube Waddell, the erratic south paw of the champion Philadelphia American league team, may pitch for Homestead on Wednesday afternoon at Steel Works park against the Pittsburgh National league champions. Waddell, who is now under suspension by the American league for slugging an insulting spectator at Philadelphia last week, is a former Homestead pitcher. Manager Howard Risher of Homestead yesterday wired Waddell a large offer to pitch against the Pirates. Risher thinks he will accept, and he does not look for any interference on the part of President Dreyfuss because Waddell belongs to the American. Risher expects to get a definite answer from Waddell today.

Risher is now on the lookout for an experienced twirler to stay with the team the rest of the season. On Saturday night he released "Slab" Burns because he could not keep in condition to pitch ball. Burns, who showed a lack of control during the season, walked 10 men and hit three batsmen at Altoona last Thursday. This leaves Risher with Alex Pearson and "Buck" Washer as his regulars. He has two good men in sight whom he may sign in a few days. However, he may take on Frank ("Pat") Eastler, a young right-hander who was with the Scholastics a while this season. Both Pearson and Washer are pitching great ball.

For a while Risher feared that he would have to make another shift in his team because of an accident that happened to Third Baseman Mays. Edmundson of Altoona last Friday. Edmundson got an awful jolt in his neck. "Germany" Smith slid into him, his knee coming down on his neck. On Saturday Edmundson fell while fielding a fly on the slippery ground and he compelled to retire. Tate was brought in from left to third and Violet went from right to left. Charlie McCloskey went to right, despite the fact that he is suffering with two broken ribs.

Homestead plays at Natrona this afternoon and tomorrow at Wilmerding in a twilight game tomorrow evening at Steel Works park. Pittsburgh will be the attraction at the park Wednesday and the All-Cubans on Thursday. The Nebraska Indians on Friday and Money on Saturday completes the schedule for the week.

IN CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Double Headers Played at Fort Wayne and Terre Haute. Wheeling Loses.

FORT WAYNE, IND., July 19.—Fort Wayne and Grand Rapids split even in a double header today. Alberts was invincible in the first, but weakened in the last game and lost out. Arthur's brother is dead and Myers caught, Curtis playing first. The scores:

First game—			R.	H.	E.
Fort Wayne	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	=	4	9	5
Grand Rapids	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	=	2	3	2

Batteries—Alberts and Myers; Farrell and O'Neil.

Second game—											R.	H.	E.
Fort Wayne	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	=	2	7	4
Grand Rapids	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	*	=	5	12	3

Batteries—Alberts, Young and Myers; Thomas and O'Neil. Umpire—Williams. Attendance—2,217.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., July 19.—Terre Haute and Dayton each won a game here this afternoon. The scores:

First game—											R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	=	3	7	5
Dayton	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	2	=	6	9	3

Batteries—Reed and Richardson; Bennett and Fox.

Second game—											R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	4	*	=	10	11	0
Dayton	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	=	2	7	3

Batteries—Grubbs and Richardson; Hart, Bennett and Fox.

SOUTH BEND, IND., July 19.—Moffett struck out eight men and South Bend won easily. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
South Bend	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	=	5	12	2
Wheeling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	=	0	2	4

Batteries—Moffett and Sager; Foreman and Shannon.

Married Men Capture Game.

In a large acreage out at Wainwrights grove, near Calhoun park, where there are no window panes or street lamps, the married men of the Monday club of the South Side yesterday afternoon met on the diamond the single men of the club. It was a hard fought game but the married fellows got away with every score. They made 6 to the singles' nothing. The line-up was as follows: Married men, John Cleary, p.; John O'Neil, c.; Dan Flaherty, r.; Dr. H. Gray, 2; James Kelly, s.; Tom Hagan, 3; James Hagan, 1; T. McGovern, l.; Tom Barry, m. Single men, Dan Murray, p.; Pat Heeber, c.; George Fitzgerald, c.; George Murray, 1; John Riordan, 2; George Normide, 3; Pat Hayden, m.; Tom Higgins, r.; P. Mulvany, l. Umpire, Tom Donahue.

Charleroi is Lamenting.

CHARLEROI, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—Rain and poor attendance have almost settled baseball in Charleroi. And about the time Manager William R. Eckel thought he had a winning combination, some faster aggregation would get his best players. Couzzie, Glassburner and Ortlieb of Niles, O., Ferguson of Homestead, and Doherty of Johnstown, all started the season here. Tomorrow, Tuesday and Wednesday the All-Cubans will be here, and the first two games will be twilight.

"Lefty" Jackson Gets His Game.

ALLIANCE, O., July 19.—(Special.)—Warren defeated Alliance in a close game today. Both pitchers kept the hits well scattered. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Alliance	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	=	1	7	4
Warren	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	*	=	4	7	2

Batteries—Pratt and Reed; Jackson and Patterson.

Arrested Pinkerton Detective.

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—Abraham Herman, a Pinkerton detective of the Sheepshead Bay race track, was arrested Saturday charged with oppression. His arrest is a step by Lawyer Steinhardt against the race tracks. The Pinkerton man's arrest is to be used as a test case.

Eastern League Scores.

At Newark, first game—Toronto 4, Newark 5. Second game, Toronto 1, Newark 12.
At Providence—Baltimore 2, Providence 0.

MATCH RACE ABSORBING INTEREST EVERYWHERE

McChesney and Waterboy Will Run Next Wednesday at Brighton Beach Track for $10,000 Purse.

The match race between McChesney and Water Boy next Wednesday at the Brighton Beach track, for a purse of $10,000, will be one of the most important races of this kind that has been seen since Salvator scored his notable victory over Tenny in 1890. McChesney, with his trainer, S. C. Hildreth, arrived at the Gravesend track, New York, Saturday, from the west. The race is the absorbing talk in turfdom, and it is estimated that $1,000,000 will be bet on its outcome. The records of both horses are:

McCHESNEY.
AS A TWO YEAR OLD.

Date.	Track and Distance.	Wt.	Place at Finish.	1st or 2d Horse.	Time.
May 14	Latonia, Ky., 4½ furlongs	105	1	Gwenton, 101	:56¾
May 20	Latonia, Ky., 4½ furlongs	108	3	Mabel Wynn, 100	:56½
June 3	Hawthorne, 5 furlongs	102	6	Ed Austin, 112	1:01
June 8	Hawthorne, 5 furlongs	105	3	Harry Beck, 112	1:02¼
June 14	Harlem, 5 furlongs	99	4	Altona, 99	1:03 2-5
July 6	Washington Park, 5 furlongs	103	2	Rossiame, 108	1:02 4-5
July 8	Washington Park, 6 furlongs	103	7	Red Tip, 104	1:01
July 11	Washington Park, 5½ furlongs	103	6	Belle's Commoner, 107	1:08
July 16	Washington Park, 5 furlongs	108	4	Approved, 108	1:01 2-5
July 23	Hawthorne, 6 furlongs	105	1	Four Hundred, 110	1:14⅘
July 26	Hawthorne, 7 furlongs	110	1	Commissioner Forster, 107	1:34
Aug 7	Harlem, 6 furlongs	98	1	Lord Quex, 98	1:15 2-5
Aug 12	Harlem, 5½ furlongs	107	2	Lord Quex, 107	1:09 2-5
Aug 15	Harlem, 6 furlongs	108	5	Jaubert, 108	1:15 3-5
Aug 31	Hawthorne, 5½ furlongs	110	2	L. Sanelson, 101	1:08
Sept 3	Harlem, 6 furlongs	104	2	Nellie Waddell, 104	1:13 1-5
Sept 6	Harlem, 6 furlongs	111	2	Jack Ratlin, 111	1:09 4-5
Sept 16	Hawthorne, 1 mile	85	3	Brutal, 100	1:44
Sept 18	Hawthorne, 6 furlongs	107	2	Merriment, 107	1:14½
Sept 21	Hawthorne, 1 mile	80	1	Uhedi, 101	1:39¾
Sept 25	Hawthorne, 1 mile	108	1	Lucien Appleby, 101	1:40¼
Oct 2	Harlem, 6½ furlongs	105	2	Merriment, 102	1:18 1-5
Oct 9	Harlem, 5 furlongs	110	2	Hepodiade, 102	1:04 1-5
Oct 17	Worth, 7 furlongs	115	1	Lucien Appleby, 98	1:31 1-5
Oct 23	Worth, 7 furlongs	113	1	Gallantrie, 108	1:30
Oct 29	Worth, 7 furlongs	118	1	Lucien Appleby, 105	1:26 1-5

AS A THREE YEAR OLD.

June 10	Harlem, 1 1-16 miles	108	2	Aladdin, 107	1:49 3-5
June 13	Harlem, 1 miles	112	Fell.		
Aug 3	Harlem, 6 furlongs	107	4	Huachuca, 103	1:14 4-5
Aug 8	Harlem, 6½ furlongs	105	1	Joe Frey, 112	1:19 4-5
Aug 16	Harlem, 1⅛ miles	103	3	John Bright, 111	1:57
Aug 20	Harlem, 6 furlongs	115	1	Nellie Waddell, 110	1:13⅘
Aug 23	Hawthorne, 1¼ miles	114	2	John Bright, 112	2:06⅘
Aug 28	Hawthorne, 1 mile	103	1	Joe Frey, 107	1:38⅘
Sept 1	Harlem, 1 3-16 miles	114	6	Scintillant II., 109	1:57 2-5
Sept 5	Harlem, 1 miles	122	1	Ben Mel, 100	1:40 2-5
Sept 22	Hawthorne, 1 mile	116	2	Rose Tree, 112	1:45⅗
Oct 6	Harlem, 1 mile	113	1	Scarlet Lily, 111	1:39 2-5
Oct 9	Worth, 1 1-16 miles	124	1	Caliban, 109	1:47 4-5
Oct 11	Worth, 1¼ miles	126	1	John McGurk, 100	2:11 3-5
Oct 15	Worth, 1⅛ miles	122	1	Sombrero, 122	1:56
Oct 25	Worth, 1⅛ miles	116	5	Lucien Appleby, 119	1:58 2-5
Nov 2	Worth, 1 mile	125	2	Gilfain, 107	1:40 1-5
Nov 27	New Orleans, 1 mile	120	1	Lady Sterling, 104	1:41 1-5
Nov 29	New Orleans, 1 mile	125	1	Old Hutch, 112	1:40 4-5
Dec 25	New Orleans, 1 mile	128	1	Old Hutch, 113	1:41 1-5

AS A FOUR YEAR OLD.

Jan 23	New Orleans, 1 mile	113	1	Rough Rider, 90	1:43 2-5
Jan 31	New Orleans, 1 1-16 miles	102	1	Hargis, 100	1:48 2-5
Mar 30	Memphis, 1 1-16 miles	120	10	Ordnung, 111	1:49
June 2	Hawthorne, 1 miles	128	5	Talpa, 104	1:48 2-5
June 6	Harlem, 1 3-16 miles	127	1	Gregor Cox, 101	2:10 3-5
June 8	Harlem, 1 mile and 70 yards	110	2	Savable, 92	1:46 2-5
June 18	Harlem, 1 1-16 miles	127	1	Sam Pullen, 102	1:45 2-5
June 27	Washington Park, 1¼ miles	127	1	Alan-a-Dale, 120	2:11 2-5
July 1	Washington Park, 1¼ miles	124	2	John McGurk, 106	2:31 2-5

WATER BOY.
AS A TWO YEAR OLD.

Date.	Track and Distance.	Wt.	Place at Finish.	1st or 2d Horse.	Time.
July 1	Sheepshead Bay, 5½ furlongs	116	1	Bonner, 112	1:07 3-5

AS A THREE YEAR OLD.

May 8	Westchester, N. Y., 5½ furlongs	110	1	Swiftmas, 126	1:08
May 9	Westchester, N. Y., 7 furlongs	122	1	McDowell, 115	1:28 4-5
May 13	Westchester, N. Y., 1 mile	110	1	Nantor, 108	1:40 4-5

AS A FOUR YEAR OLD.

June 3	Gravesend, 1 1-16 miles	111	2	Dublin, 114	1:46
June 22	Sheepshead Bay, 1 miles	111	1	Fire Eater, 99	1:42 1-5
July 2	Jerrey Island, 1⅛ miles	115	1	Irish Lad, 115	2:04 3-5
July 8	Brigston Beach, 1¼ miles	124	1	Roehampton, 107	2:03 1-5

AMERICANS STRONG.

British Tennis Experts Not Feared in Contest for Davis Trophy.

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—With the coming of the English lawn tennis team this week and the preparatory practice of the American defenders of the Davis international challenge trophy, there will be sufficient to keep the followers of the sport busy figuring which team will win. It is the plan of the Britons to go at once to Boston and play there on the courts of the Longwood Cricket club, where the matches for the Davis cup will be held on August 4, 5 and 6. The Wrenn brothers, who are chosen for the doubles, must compete at Longwood this week to qualify for the championship doubles at Newport, where the Davis Cup match begins the tournament, and the winner will meet the Dohertys for the national title and twin cups that they won last year from Ward and Davis.

From the views of the Britons it is felt that the team this year is better than that of a year ago. The Doherty brothers have improved since their visit, and Harold Mahoney is a much stronger man than Dr. Pim. There seems to be no question but that the little "Do," the name which H. L. Doherty is known in his own country, will be seen in the singles this year. He is by all admitted to be much superior to his brother, the tall R. F. Doherty, who met and was defeated by Larned in the finals at Newport last August.

So far as the Americans are concerned it is evident that the three men selected to defend are of equal ability and much steadier than the team of the previous year. Larned is in excellent form, and Bob Wrenn is fully able to take care of the place made vacant by Whitman's refusal to play. In painstaking steadiness the Wrenn will compare favorably with the Englishmen, and on the rapidity of their strokes they will be of a higher class. All things considered the teams are more evenly matched than they have been in previous years. Out of the four matches in the singles and the one in the doubles, the Americans are confident of scoring the necessary three victories. Some of the experts believe that they will take four of the competitions. Those familiar with the work of "the little Doherty" declare that his supreme of stroke will be a revelation to the Americans and that he will win both of his matches in the singles.

INTERESTING STRUGGLE.

Decatur and Bloomington Making Fight for First Place in Three I.

ROCKFORD, ILL., July 19.—(Special.)—The scene of war in the Three Eye league has been shifted to the southern end of the circuit, and upon the outcome of the lengthy series inaugurated yesterday depends in a large measure the championship honors.

If Decatur and Bloomington can clean up the northern clubs in the long home series it will be regarded as quite a certainty in many quarters that the race will be theirs to fight out between them in the stretch.

All eyes in the north are on the Rockford and Davenport teams. It looks as if they were the only pair that has a look-in for the pennant. They have a hard job cut out for them on their swing around the southern end and it is going to take a lot of pluck and good ball playing to get through with colors flying. If they can battle there as they have on their home grounds in the last series, and Dubuque and Cedar Rapids can give some support in the fray, the pennant calculations in Bloomington and Decatur may need to be revised. Both Rockford and Davenport have experienced two bad trips and claim they are due for a winner this time.

The umpire question has again reached an acute stage and a great deal of hard feeling is manifest. An interview was given out by President Sexton of Colorado Springs, Col., in which the executive said if another outbreak against an umpire occurred on the Rockford grounds he would declare Rockford's franchise forfeited without notice.

This to the Rockford people, in the light of recent developments, was like shaking a red rag before a bull. Probably nowhere in the country are the baseball audiences of finer caliber than in this city; the so-called rowdy element less conspicuous. But Rockford has been given the reputation of a rowdy town as the result of a series of disturbances due to a long list of incompetent officials being saddled upon the local club and their one-sided stories seemingly accepted without investigation in other proper channels by the executive office.

The crux of the matter is that while President Sexton is away attending to the Western league the little Three Eye is swinging about in troubled waters without a helmsman. It is a stanch enough little craft, but constant banging against the rocks, the result of the pilot being absent, has knocked off a good deal of the paint and caused a serious straining of some of the timbers.

For weeks there has been complaint against the umpire staff, but the executive office evidently set it down as due to prejudice over defeat and the intense rivalry, and continued the generally laudable practice of "backing up" the indicator handlers. The fact is, however, that there has been incompetency in the staff from the start, and it has not been mended.

Martin Hunting More Trouble.

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—"Denver Ed" Martin is after another match with Bob Armstrong. So confident is Madden's colored fighter that he can defeat his rival that he is willing to roast him at any place, winner to take all.

Arrested for Neglecting Children.

NEW CASTLE, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—Humane Agent William Schuster, superintendent of the Helping Hand mission, and the police officials, have joined hands in a crusade against parents neglecting their children. Last night John McCoy and his wife were arrested for neglecting their 4-year-old girl. Mike Dotka, a mill worker, whose wife is dead, was arrested shortly afterward for neglect of his three children. In both cases neighbors had been furnishing food to the little ones.

Ramsey Denies Report.

DECATUR, ILL., July 19.—The report given circulation in this city that Alexander Robertson, superintendent of the middle division of the Wabash, will be removed from that division to accept a better position with the road in the east, is said by President Ramsey to be erroneous.

WILL RETURN MERRITT.

Report Has It That Worcester Will Send Back Young Pitcher.

According to a report from the east George Merritt, the young pitcher who was turned over to the Eastern league by Pittsburgh, is not making good and will be returned to Pittsburgh.

Merritt was given to Worcester by President Dreyfuss in early spring. Besides being a pitcher he can also play in the outfield. If the report from the east is true that he is not holding up his own his friends in both the National and New York State league, where he played before coming to Pittsburgh, will be greatly surprised.

TURF WRITERS TO MEET AT SARATOGA

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—The annual reunion of the Turf Writers association of America will take place at Saratoga this year. It will be held during the second week of the meeting. The association is the only organized body of reportorial workers in the United States. It was brought into existence at New Orleans three years ago with a membership of 20. More than a hundred of the recognized turf writers of the United States are within its fold today. Turf writers from as far west as San Francisco and as far south as New Orleans will attend, the conclave at Saratoga. The New York committee on arrangements is arranging a daily round of entertainment for the visiting scribes.

BITTER ON DIAMOND AS IN THE RING

NEW YORK, July 19.—(Special.)—Young Corbett and Terry McGovern are as bitter rivals in baseball as in the squared circle. The game that is to be played between the teams which each will captain, at the Polo grounds next Saturday will not be the first time the little fighters have clashed on the diamond. Last year in Cincinnati the Terry McGoverns defeated the Young Corbetts 2 to 1. Young Corbett lost a pot of money on that game and is itching to get even. Corbett waits to bet McGovern $500 in addition to the $5,000 side bet on the series that he will make a better record than Terry in batting, fielding and base running.

American Association Games.

At Milwaukee (two games)—Milwaukee 5, Indianapolis 1; Milwaukee 3, Indianapolis 1.
At St. Paul (two games)—St. Paul 1, Columbus 3; St. Paul 6, Columbus 1.
At Kansas City (two games)—Kansas City 5, Louisville 10; Kansas City 6, Louisville 7.
At Minneapolis (two games)—Minneapolis 5, Toledo 6; Minneapolis 0, Toledo 4.

John Ward Wins at Golf.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 19.—John M. Ward, the former well-known ball player, this afternoon won the president's cup at the Hollywood Golf club, making a score of 40 out and 40 in, and beating Arthur Lehman 6 up and 5 to play.

Vanderbilt's Alpha Runs Scored.

PARIS, July 19.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Alpha, ridden by Ransch, took second place today in the Prix du Trocadero. The same gentleman's horse, Bright, was unplaced in the same race, and his Consolation also failed to secure a place in the Prix de Nozay at St. Cloud.

SECURED NEW PARK.

Canonsburg A. C. and Pittsburgh & Buffalo Teams to Unite.

WASHINGTON, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—Harry P. Jones, Esq., of this place with others, have purchased a tract of territory from George C. and

STIRS THE SOUL TO ITS DEPTHS

The Rev. H. C. Swearingen, Now of Lincoln, Neb., Preaches on Twenty-Third Psalm.

SPOKE IN A LOCAL PULPIT

Former Pittsburgh Pastor Gives Eloquent Exposition of the "Song of the Crook" and Believes It a Work of King David Himself.

An exposition of the twenty-third psalm, beginning, "The Lord is my shepherd, I shall not want," was the topic of the Rev. H. C. Swearingen at the Second Presbyterian church yesterday morning. Mr. Swearingen was formerly pastor of the Third United Presbyterian church at Lincoln, Neb., of which William J. Bryan is a leading member. Mr. Swearingen is spending his vacation in this city and supplied the pulpit in the morning in the absence of the pastor, the Rev. S. Edward Young, who is likewise on a vacation. In introducing his subject Mr. Swearingen said:

There are persons whose spiritual sense is so attuned to the harmonies of life that they are able to discern and to express that which others can only feel. Life is full of hidden harmonies. The heart is a harp, and when God breathes on its strings it gives forth a varied melody. Sometimes He breathes softly, and the music, faint as the echo of some far-off hymn that the angels chant, steals through us as the tremulous light of morning through the sky. We feel its thrill; we know it is heavenly, but we do not understand. Again, He strikes the heart's strings with the fury of the whirlwind, and our souls quake.

To the untaught ear this is not melody; it is tempest; we do not understand. But there are rare spirits that catch the melody in God's whisper and in God's thunder; and the power to perceive the deeper harmonies and then to transpose them into a key in which all may sense them is the highest form of inspiration. It is the gift of interpreting to men their own experience. Such a power the author of the twenty-third psalm possessed. This little hymn has outlived ages because man finds in it a voice that his soul seeks.

He who truly lives reads it and exclaims: "Here is a revelation of my life. This is what I have felt." One who should live truly reads it and confesses: "This it is for which my heart cries out."

Psalm Written by a Hebrew.

This psalm was wrought as an experience into the heart of a Hebrew citizen. A Hebrew poet penned it as a medium of the worship of the Hebrew people. Yet it is not Jewish; not a syllable of it is racial. It is human and universal. The age that produced it has no claim on it that is not shared by this day. It is the song of the busy, practical west as truly as of the meditative east. It is chanted at every stage of our pilgrimage. The little children lisp it, the dying saint whispers it, it is the bed of infancy and the pillow of old age. It is the song of the heart as it hymns its confidence in the shepherd-care of God.

It is not surprising therefore that preachers hesitate to treat of it. All expositions fall far below the psalm itself in point of excellence that their authors are ashamed of them. The fragrance of the violet is the down on the wing of a butterfly. To analyze a flower botanically is to destroy it; and a rose is not of more delicate structure than this psalm. It is a theme for nature to melt to be contemplated only in awed silence.

Art has its treasures as rare as to command mute admiration. And there are some natures which speak to the heart with such simplicity, such naturalness, such exquisite tenderness that to attempt to speak for them appears like injecting a jarring note into a sweet harmony. This psalm wells forth from the depths of a human heart that has felt the touch of God as it flows through life, making its every step and singing as it goes, one is reluctant to turn it into the stiff channels which logic has dug. Any analysis must be to the psalm itself what a water main, laid by the hand of man with mathematical problems and for purposes of utility, is to the mountain stream which leaps in glad freedom from rock to rock and flows through gorges and mirrors, on its silver bosom the overhanging branches as it hurries from its snowy home to the thirsty valley beneath.

Cause of the Hesitation.

Yet this hesitation in discussing the psalm is due, perhaps, to oversensitiveness. All scripture has been written for our learning, and yet there is a constant temptation to think which passages such as this invite is to deny ourselves some of the rewards of solid thought. It will not be amiss to point out the beauties of the psalm, for there is no danger in spiritual digestion for there is danger that we, because of changed conditions of life, permit the colors of the picture to fade out.

It has been styled "the song of the crook," and that which precedes it is called "the song of the cross," and that which follows "the song of the crown." In the foreground is a shepherd. This is an image of great dignity as well as winning tenderness. Sheep herding was an occupation by no means confined to the humble. The patriarchs and Moses had been shepherds. Heroes and heroines of Homer's epics men and women of princely blood, tended their flocks.

About this occupation is a touch of nature that makes it poetic; and those consummate Bards who, in adapting the Hebrew scriptures, compelled nature to pay tribute from her treasures to embellish their songs revealed in the wealth of meaning suggested by this figure. Israel sounds no sweeter note of praise than when she sings of herself as the "sheep of the pasture."

"Give ear, O Shepherd of Israel, thou that leadest Joseph like a flock," is the theme to which one of her lyricists tunes his strings. Isaiah, always fine, rises to the full height of his genius when he writes: "He shall lead His flock like a shepherd; He shall gather the lambs with His arm and carry them in His bosom." And Zachariah in that grim passage on which falls the shadow of the cross calls out: "Awake, O sword, against my shepherd; smite the shepherd and the sheep shall be scattered."

Gentle Speech of the Saviour.

With speech as gentle as that by which a mother calms her babe Jesus says to His disciples: "Fear not, little flock;" and then in an elaborate picture portrays Himself as the Good Shepherd who calls His sheep and lays down His life for them. It is the favorite figure in both testaments, but at no point is it drawn out as it is here.

With such a setting for the psalm it is difficult not to believe that David is its author. If not, then Israel had another poet as rich in genius and spiritual experience as her royal bard. It is as fruitless the cheek of the shepherd boy and certainly reflects his life among the folds. It, however, must have been written when the king's days were far spent. The imagery is from the desks, but its settlement is characterized by a maturity, an exaltedness, a dignity that belong only to later manhood. And it surely adds something to the interpretation of the psalm to see as its background the whole of David's checkered career.

PROVIDENCE OF GOD IN LIFE OF AVERAGE MAN

The Rev. J. T. McCrory Takes Isaac in Order to Illustrate Some Truths.

The Rev. J. T. McCrory, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church, yesterday morning had for its text Genesis, xxvi, 28: "And they said: We saw certainly that the Lord was with thee."

The preached dwelt on the providence of God in the life of an average man. He said in part:

The Christian who compels such recognition from the ungodly has made a splendid attainment to godliness. But precisely that is what every follower of Jesus Christ ought to aim at and reach. We are witnesses. We are to be living epistles read and known. That primarily means them, that the ungodly are to see Christ in our lives—which is the same as to make evident that God is with us.

But some one says: Why, but Isaac was one of the Patriarchs, one of the chief fathers, and we are only ordinary, humble, average people." That is the reason I have taken Isaac rather than Abraham or Joseph or Moses, for one of the truly great men of the bible. Isaac was a man of the most ordinary character, as all the notices of him in the bible indicate.

You can attain to his stature in godliness if you are willing to do as he did. Here is the way he arrived at such noble stature in godliness:

First, he was placed within the circle of covenanted mercies by a godly, believing father by his circumcision at the age of eight days. The baptism of our children serves the same purpose, and brings them within the circle of covenant blessing.

Second. When he came to years of full discretion he accepted for himself the will of God and made absolute surrender of himself. That transaction on Mount Moriah, when Abraham laid his son on the altar of sacrifice meant more than the testing of Abraham's faith. It meant also the testing of Isaac's will whether he would submit to Jehovah at the cost of his precious life.

Third. Then, when Isaac was 40 years of age, he took the next step and showed that his conversion had been genuine by accepting his place in the line of the ancestry of a godly seed and taking the wife which the providence of God selected for him.

Fourth, he stood the test of temptation. After the death of his father there was a famine in Palestine. Down in Egypt was abundance of pasture for his great flocks and herds and provisions for his household and numerous servants. He starts to go there; gets as far as Gerar, where God for the first time communicates with him directly and offers him the land of Canaan and all the blessing of the covenant made with Abraham. He accepts the offer, and instead of going down into Egypt dwells among the Philistines, and there it was God gave such evidences of His favor to Isaac that the heathen said: "We saw certainly that the Lord was with thee."

Follow in his steps, and you will be so favored of God as a witness for Him that all who come into association with you will be convinced of the fact that God is with you."

SERVICES SUSPENDED AT MT. OLIVET CHURCH

Congregation Decides on Closing Building "For the Present," but Deferred Final Action.

The congregation of Mt. Olivet Presbyterian church voted at the church meeting yesterday morning to suspend the holding of services in the church "for the present," there being no time fixed when the services will be resumed. The action was taken to allow the subject of the church merging with the Sixth Presbyterian church, or taking other steps to better its condition, to be considered at greater length.

There are several plans under advisement in the congregation. A considerable part of the congregation wishes to have the church become a part of the Sixth absolutely. Another part desires the church property, valued at about $5,500, to be retained so that when the neighborhood of the church at Beechwood boulevard and Phillips avenue becomes more thickly settled there will be no trouble in supplying the residents with a church.

One plan suggested yesterday was the sale of the present property and the removal of the church to the vicinity of Hazelwood avenue and the Beechwood boulevard. The purpose of this suggestion is to bring the church into a more central location for the congregation.

For some time the church has been nominally a mission of Bellefield Presbyterian church. It has raised its own money, however, and has secured ministers to supply the pulpit from various places. The Rev. G. B. Phillips, who is taking a graduate course at the Western Theological seminary, has been the supply for about a year.

Mt. Olivet is one of the old congregations of this vicinity. It was founded about 40 years ago and the present building was constructed 30 years ago.

TWELVE RULES GIVEN TO AVOID EVIL-SPEAKING

Rev. Dr. W. J. Russell, Pastor of East End Christian Church, Talks on "Ethics of Speech."

The Rev. Dr. William J. Russell, pastor of the East End Christian church, in his sermon yesterday evening on the "Ethics of Speech" said:

"If we would avoid evil speaking and learn to use words that are golden, there are three things which we must do.

1. We must learn to talk. Conversation is an art. But no one will reach this ideal without much thought and care. A good talker is generally a well-informed man, is posted on the current questions of the day, is familiar with the intellectual celebrities of his own and other countries, is aware of the leading discoveries of the world of science, and has an intelligent estimate of current and standard literature. With such material at hand, and with the ability to express himself, how can he help but interest and instruct all who listen to him? This knowledge can be gained only by infinite labor and application, and what seem to be the brilliant flashes of genius when uttered are more often the product of careful painstaking thought.

2. We must learn to be silent. Carlyle says: "Hold the tongue till some matter lie behind; a soul it engages. Despise the significance of silence? Cease that chaotic hubbub wherein thy own soul runs to waste, to confused suicidal dislocation and collision. Out of silence comes strength." It is related of Isocrates to the one occasion, when dining with the king of Cyprus, he was asked why he did not join the discourse of the company. He replied: "What is reasonable I know not, and what I know is not seasonable." If we would avoid talking ill we shall often have to follow the example of Isocrates.

3. We must learn to love humanity. Yes, the radical cure for all evil-speaking is love. If we would bless God we must first learn to bless man, who is made in the image of God.

"Kind words are like the morning sun that gilds the opening flower;
Kind words are like the blessings spread by every summer shower;
They light the heart with sunny beams, they spread a fulgent ray,
And cheer the weary pilgrim as he wanders on his way."

REAL ESTATE EXCITEMENT.

The Pittsburgh Railways Company Has Ordered More Cars to Run to Perrysville Today.

Yesterday's Excitement in the Rain Something Unparalleled.

The greatest lot sale of the season was opened at Keating West-View, in the Perrysville district, Saturday morning in the heavy rain and the wind which blew 60 miles an hour. The great gales of wind sent boards and hats in every direction. But even this did not dismay or discourage the people who went out to see the property. They all seemed to stand their ground until they had made their selection and handed in their money at the window of the company's office on the ground.

At one time, between 8 and 9 o'clock, there was a stream of people standing at the window with money in hand that stretched 175 feet in length. Thirty carriages were kept constantly in motion taking people from the cars and returning with them. It is estimated that at least 5,000 people visited the grounds between 7 o'clock in the morning and 5 in the evening. Then from 5:30 on other hundreds came flowing out to see this great city-building enterprise backed by some of Pittsburgh's best-known millionaires, who have appropriated vast sums to improve the property in a way that will put it beyond criticism and make it a large money-making investment for every purchaser.

By 5 o'clock 586 lots had been sold. This is a marvelous record and is only approached by the great sale of Trafford City. The entire plan comprises 762 lots. It is possible that all these will be sold today or Monday, as many of them are in the very best locations and were overlooked during the excitement of yesterday.

As early as 6 o'clock Saturday morning the whole country around Keating West-View was black with people walking and driving to the sale. Many drove over from Zelienople and other points near and far along the plank road. The scene resembled a great country fair instead of a lot sale. Many interesting incidents occurred. Enthusiastic investors would pull the tags off and others would follow them in their rage and disappointment, but the affair came off peacefully and Keating West-View promises to become a very flourishing beginning of a new residential city that will extend over 3,000 acres and join Allegheny with Bellevue.

Keating West-View lies within 25 minutes' ride of the city over the new Perrysville short line. This route cut East street cuts off the numerous curves, bends and heavy grades which the Riverview park cars have to contend with in going Ridgeview street, and out Perrysville avenue, and thus reduces the schedule at least 20 minutes. The Riverview park cars require 45 minutes to reach the Perrysville district.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Stock Investments.

Invest in growing properties. The United States Security Company have just issued a letter on Wabash, showing its value and how small investors can become stockholders.

COCAINE HABIT ON THE INCREASE

Hampton Institute Discusses Its Effect Upon the Negro Race.

HIGH DEATH RATE IN CITIES

Sanitation as a Means of Preventing Disease Is Carefully Discussed—Illiteracy and Occupations for Women Are Also Taken Into Consideration.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

HAMPTON, VA., July 19.—Hampton institute has done much for the negro race in this country, and one of the most helpful agencies by which it promotes the interests of the negro is the annual conference. The three subjects which occupied the special attention of the conference last week were sanitation, education and occupation. Other subjects came up for more or less consideration, however, such as the negro in business and in the ranks of labor, his religion and ethics and some general statistics; but the three first named were chief.

It was strongly emphasized that negro mortality must be looked after. The fact that the death rate of colored people in the cities is twice that of the whites, while in the country it is about the same, proves that the alarming mortality is due to conditions more than to racial or constitutional weakness. Yet physical degeneracy is everywhere visible. Dr. J. W. Prather of Boston, chairman of the committee on sanitation, brought to the conference much sober consideration of this topic and many recommendations for improvements in the home and in places of negro public gatherings.

The committee urged steps for the prevention of smallpox, which is on the increase among negroes, and begged that school teachers and others aid in enforcing the laws regarding vaccination.

Cocaine Habit Grows.

Smallpox and tuberculosis baffle medical skill in their ravages upon colored people. But the feature of the discussion on sanitation which attracted special attention because it was new to these audiences, while the other facts have been heralded before, was the spread of the cocaine habit. While the public is accustomed to the warnings of the medical profession against the use of the narcotics, the fact that 200,000 negroes are addicted to the use of cocaine proved a surprise.

The servant girl was the point on which much of the thought of the conference turned when it came to consideration of negro occupations. Discussion of this subject cropped up at several of the sessions, but culminated in a paper on the employment of colored women, which was read on Thursday night by Mrs. Fannie Barrier Williams of Chicago, and which was the most logical and perhaps the most interesting paper of the convention. There are but few avenues of employment open to negro women, the chief, and indeed almost the only one, being that of domestic servant. That the problem of employment is made all the more difficult because as education spreads the feeling grows that domestic service is degrading. It is recognized and much to be lamented that the colored school teacher or clerk looks down upon her sister in domestic service.

Problem of Education.

Education was discussed formally. According to the census of 1900 Virginia has a negro population of 494,000. Of these 44 per cent, or 214,200 persons of 10 years and over are classed as illiterate. But lest Virginia should appear exceptionally bad off in the matter of negro illiteracy, it may be noted that North Carolina has 47 per cent, South Carolina and Georgia each 52 per cent, Alabama 57 per cent, Mississippi 49 per cent and Louisiana 61 per cent of negro illiterates.

The conference closed with the adoption of recommendations, the most important of which were that the states that have no laws on the subject enact laws restricting the sale of cocaine, morphine and other narcotics, and that special effort be made to induce negro young men who have had college training to take up the Christian ministry, and, further, that the evil of intemperance be emphasized and the attention of parents be called to the importance of the moral and religious training of the young.

SUDDEN SHOWER SOAKS OVER 12,000 VISITORS

Parks Were Crowded When the Rain Started—Picnic Parties Scattered.

Over 12,000 people were given an impromptu ducking yesterday afternoon in Schenley and Highland parks. At the latter place the distances were such that it was a case of umbrella or tree. Being one of the few beautiful Sundays of the summer, the cars were packed dil midday and afternoon carrying people to Highland or Schenley. There was nothing out of the ordinary to attract them except the delightful weather. Picnic parties at Highland were numerous.

Fashionable rigs were also out in abundance, and when the rain came up the boulevards were thick with automobiles and vehicles. Yesterday was the first Sunday for George W. Burke, the new superintendent of parks. He has made practically no changes at the Phipps conservatory owing to his limited time in office.

Julie., the Fourth of July monkey at the zoo, was the only new feature among the animals, and she had many callers yesterday. The attendance at the zoo so far this summer has been noticeably small, much to the gratification of the captives. Some of them like petting and attention, but when the greater part of 8,000 or 9,000 people take a whirl at the most playful of them they naturally get acute touches of ennui and sometimes a real pain that needs relief by doses of paregoric.

IN THE TRACTION PARKS.

Large Crowds Entertained by Good Music and Clever Performers.

At the traction parks there were good crowds yesterday, despite the weather. Rocereto's concert band rendered two programs at Kennywood. Saunders and Cameron did a clever juggling act in the steeplechase building.

Calhoun had two good concerts by the Second Brigade band. Mlle. Gertrude St. Claire made a balloon ascension in the afternoon. The Bryant and Saville minstrels gave two concerts in connection with the band entertainments.

Oakwood's crowds were entertained by the Pennsylvania State band, and D. Davis of the band was cornet soloist. While there were a number of selections from popular operas and musical comedies played, there was at least one number that excited lots of birth, and it was called "We Won't Go Home Until Morning." The piece opened with the theme, around which the number is written, then it was played as a waltz, then a gavotte, a polka, a religiosa, then a gallop and finally wound up with a dirge, "4 a. m."

At Southern park there were two well-pleased audiences. The Robert Pitcairn band made its bow here and played two good programs. Gruet and Gruet, the vaudeville team, were on the program, as were Rastus and Banks, a clever colored team.

PERFECT SUNDAY AT CHAUTAUQUA

Interesting Address on Bible History Delivered by Dr. George L. Robinson.

USES MODEL OF PALESTINE

Dr. W. B. Slutz of Pittsburgh Addresses a Men's Meeting on the "Significance of Christ—What a Comparison of Other Faiths Proves.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., July 19.—This has been as nearly a perfect day as comes to the lot of ordinary mortals to enjoy. The bright sun and the clear bracing atmosphere make life really worth living. It is said that there are but two other places in the United States where there is as large a percentage of ozone in the air as here and today we can easily believe it.

A new departure in the Sunday school line was made this afternoon. Instead of the regular Sunday school lesson for the older members there was a lecture on "Palestine," given by Dr. George L. Robinson, principal of the Chautauqua school of religious teaching at the large model of Palestine down by the lake shore. This model was constructed by Dr. W. W. Wythe and carefully surveyed to scale and Dr. Robinson was enabled to point out various subjects of Sunday school study.

Dr. W. B. Slutz of Pittsburgh also addressed a men's meeting on the bleachers in the baseball field. The sermon was delivered by Dr. H. C. King, who succeeded John Henry Barrows as president of Oberlin college, who is also an authority of repute on theological subjects. His theme was "The Significance of Christ." He said that the significant fact of this age is that this generation has come face to face with the life and personality of Christ. Every life of Christ worth reading except the gospels has been written since 1835. The last 14 years have been characterized by a study of comparative religions and a knowledge of all religions greater than that of all the centuries before and it never has been so true as today when we know as never before the faith of the world, and that manifestly transcendent among founders of religions stands Christ.

This Is Women's Week.

After civic improvement week comes women's week, and the chief day of that week will be Thursday, July 23, women's day. An unusually attractive program has been arranged for that day, which will undoubtedly be the occasion for a great gathering of club women from all parts of the state. Also present at Chautauqua are several hundred representative club women from other portions of the country, and the event will thus take on a national interest and importance.

The program has been arranged under the auspices of New York State Federation of Women's clubs, and its president, Mrs. Charles M. Dow of Jamestown, will preside at all sessions.

The day previous, the 22d, the executive board of the state federation will hold an all-day meeting at the home of Mrs. Charles M. Dow, at Jamestown. In the evening the party will go to Chautauqua by yacht, where the distinguished women from all parts of the state will be guests of the Chautauqua Women's club, of which Mrs. R. T. Vincent of Greeley, Col., is president.

Notable Speakers Coming.

A reception will be given in the hall of philosophy at 8:30 p. m. The program for the next day will begin with a platform meeting at 11 o'clock, with the following notable speakers:

Mrs. Edward A. Guley, New York, corresponding secretary New York State Federation of Women's clubs; Mrs. Charles Ricker, president of the Allegany County Federation of Women's clubs; Dr. Mary Innis Denton, Buffalo, president Women's Investigation club; Mrs. Richard Amesley, executive committee New York State Federation Women's clubs; Mrs. Dora Lyon, New York, president New York City Federation Women's clubs, and editor of The Club Woman; Mrs. Esther Chaddock, Davenport, Buffalo, Scribblers' club; Mrs. Cordelia S. Robinson, New York city; Mrs. Charles H. Terry, Brooklyn.

The platform meeting in the afternoon will be addressed by the following women of national reputation:

Mrs. Dimies T. S. Dennison, New York, president General Federation Women's clubs; Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden, New York, president International Sunshine society; Mrs. Philip Carpenter, New York, first vice president New York State Federation Women's clubs, and president Society of New England Women in New York.

Talk on Library Work.

At 4 o'clock addresses will be given by Mrs. Frank Church, Wellsville, first vice president Allegany County Federation upon "Library Work by New York Women;" Miss M. E. Hazeltine, president of the New York State Library association and resident director of the Chautauqua library school.

The day's program will include an open air orchestral concert, an illustrated lecture by Prof. Anne B. Comstock of the Cornell bureau of nature study, upon "Our Esthetic Insects," and an address by President Henry C. King of Oberlin.

The presence of many notable women and the additional attractions will make women's day one of the distinctive features of the Chautauqua season.

LAST DAYS OF POMPEII.

Spectacle, Under the Auspices of Elks, Will Equal the Production in Great Cities.

The coming production of the "Last Days of Pompeii" is under the personal direction of Henry J. Pain, who is known on two continents as "King of pyrotechnics."

"Pompeii" comes direct from the great Pain amphitheater at Manhattan Beach, New York, and both Mr. Pain and his general manager, Mr. Thearle, assure the gentlemen connected with the Elks organization that the production will equal in every respect those given the attraction in New York, London and other large cities.

Mr. Pain has produced the following gorgeous spectacles, "The Last Days of Pompeii," "The Fall of Babylon," "Burning of Moscow," "Lalla Rookh," "Sebastopol," "Rome Under Nero," "Japan in Flower and Flames" and "Storming of Vicksburg," and now have their artists and designers in St. Pierre, Martinique, gathering data and historical facts for a new spectacle of the catastrophe of Mount Pelee.

"The Last Days of Pompeii" has proved the most popular subject of all our spectacles," says General Manager H. B. Thearle, "and the production I will send to Pittsburgh will equal in every detail that given the attraction in New York, London and other big cities."

Security for Savings.

Capital, surplus and profits of $6,000,000 offer absolute safety to depositors of Pittsburgh Trust Company, 323 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deposits of $10,000,000. Four per cent interest, compounded twice a year, paid on savings deposits, subject to withdrawal of $100 without notice, and 2 per cent on checking accounts. Write for booklet No. 20, "Banking by Mail."

Women's Corner

"I thought that I would feel rested in half an hour," remarked a weary woman, "but I believe that I feel more tired than ever."

"You don't know how to rest," said her sister. "You threw yourself down there on the couch with all your clothes on, and did not so much as loosen your collar. Moreover, you have been thinking all the time as hard as you could about the things that you would have to do when you got up. Any one who has no more sense than that ought to be tired."

The Way to Rest.

To rest successfully one should loosen all tight clothing. If possible, remove the corset entirely and let every muscle be relaxed and no part of the body be in a position the least strained and unnatural. A sponge of the face and neck with hot water will add to the restful feeling. Then when you are ready to rest banish all worrying thoughts from the mind. Don't keep thinking that the children will probably fall down stairs or that the maid will let the preserved strawberries burn. Forget everything except that you are very weary and mean to be rested at once. Ten minutes of real rest is better than an hour of the imitation. And when you get up you will be surprised to find how good you feel.

SALLIE CARROLL.

The Tidy Work Dress.

Here is a good suggestion concerning work dresses from the Woman's Home Companion:

"I make my work-dresses from apron gingham, generally choosing the blue because it is less apt to fade. They are made yoke and belt, the skirt and waist fastened together and buttoned in the back. The collar, yoke, belt, undersleeves and a ruffle around the bottom are made of plain dark blue gingham, because they are the parts of a dress that soil first. The undersleeves are run in by hand, and in the summer are removed. This does away with having the sleeves rolled up. They may also be removed and washed with very little trouble if they become soiled when the rest of the dress is comparatively clean. I wear cotton dresses the year round for housework, as they are so much cleaner and fresher than woolen."

To Make Potpourri.

Gather the rose petals while the dew is still upon them. Leave them in a cool, airy place until the moisture has evaporated, then place them in a large glass jar, sprinkling salt over half-inch layers of the leaves. Continue adding to the contents of the jar until it is filled. For ten days let them stand, stirring the whole thoroughly every day. Take one ounce each of cloves and allspice, coarsely ground, and the same quantity of stick cinnamon, finely shredded. Transfer to another jar and scatter the spices, well mixed, together in layers between the leaves. Cover the jar tightly and let it stand in a dark place for three or four weeks. Then the pourri is ready for its permanent jar, which must have a double cover. Now take a quarter ounce of mace and a half ounce each of allspice and cloves, all coarsely ground, or pounded, in a mortar, half of a grated nutmeg, half ounce of cinnamon, broken in bits, one ounce of powdered orris root and a quarter pound of dried lavender flowers. Mix all of these together in a bowl and as the stock is transferred to the permanent jar, place the spice mixture between it in layers. As the jar is filled scatter on the successive layers a few drops each of the essential oils of rose, geranium, bitter almond and orange flavor, pour over all an ounce of favorite toilet water or cologne. You will have sufficient to fill a two-quart jar and the contents will keep for years. From time to time add various sweet things, such as a tuberose, a bunch of violets or a spray of heliotrope. Open the jar daily for half an hour and the atmosphere of the house will be permeated with a delightful, spicy fragrance such as might be imagined to come from an enchanted Arabian garden.

Patti's Youthfulness.

Patti attributes her phenomenal youthfulness of person to her abstemious and regular way of life. Tea, coffee and wine she never drinks, but only water and milk. Her diet is almost entirely vegetarian, and she eats more nuts and fruits than anything else. "Alcohol, tea and coffee are poisons," is Patti's opinion of these beverages. "Any drug you take goes no one knows where, and affects you no one knows how. Fruit and food is needed to keep the body in strength, and nuts and fruit are the best food." She is equally positive regarding the importance of sleep as a rejuvenator, and always sleeps a full eight hours. She keeps her bedroom windows wide open winter and summer, and never takes cold.

AN ELABORATE EMBROIDERY THEME.

A Really Good Cornbread.

North of Mason and Dixon's line it is very rare to taste good corn bread. Most housekeepers do not know what real corn bread is, and still more do not know how to make it. In the first place they use coarse yellow meal. This is a mistake. The fine white meal makes sweeter, richer bread. Why, up in New England, I have eaten what they called corn bread made of yellow meal so coarse that it scratched my throat. This is no exaggeration. I append a recipe, tried many times, for a delicious corn bread which has only to be tasted to be loved. Try it.

The ingredients are two coffee-cups of fine cornmeal, one quart of milk, four eggs, one tablespoonful drawn butter, one teaspoonful each of salt and sugar. Beat the eggs together thoroughly; add the meal, butter, sugar, and salt, and scald the whole with the milk, which has previously been set on to boil. Have ready a buttered "turk's head" or, failing that, rather deep pans. Pour in at once and hurry into the oven. Do not let the thin appearance of the batter tempt you to add more meal. The four eggs will stiffen it sufficiently. Bake in a quick oven and serve in the pan in which it is baked, folding a napkin around it.

SALLIE CARROLL.

A Successful Girl Farmer.

One of the youngest farmers in America is Eleanor Kerfauver of North Fifty-fifth street, Philadelphia. She is 12 years old, and she raises, in a quarter-acre garden, truck that she gathers and sells from door to door. Sometimes, during the summer, she earns as much as $20 a week, besides supplying the table at home with vegetables. She has been farming for three years. She learned the business from R. F. Powell, the superintendent of the Philadelphia Vacant Lots' Cultivation association. It is one of this beneficent organization's gardens that she tills. Eleanor raised last year potatoes, corn, beans, cabbage, tomatoes, cucumbers, beets, egg plants, turnips, salad, onions, celery and squash. She had unusually good luck with her celery and cabbage. Out of 1,000 celery plants that she set out only eight died; and out of 500 cabbages only three died. Eleanor's father is a paralytic. She takes his place in the family, and with her push-cart of fresh and excellent vegetables makes a charming huckster.

Told About Handkerchiefs.

The handkerchief is no longer content to be merely a bit of fine linen, edged perhaps with a note of trimming, but the well-dressed girl will have several handkerchiefs to match each of her gowns.

If she wears a pongee gown she must have a mouchoir of the same fabric, and, if the gown is trimmed or embroidered, it is proper to adorn the tiny square with the same trimming.

Pink, blue, or lavender linen, embroidered in white, makes a pretty effect, which will be largely adopted.

This combination is worn with the popular wash gowns of linen or canvas. The white embroidery on the handkerchief matches that on the gown.

The vogue for handkerchief points does not seem to wane as dress trimmings. On wash dresses these handkerchief points are both dainty and dressy. They are much used to finish sleeves, and very pretty for the bodice is a handkerchief bertha, the points falling one over each sleeve, and one down front and back.

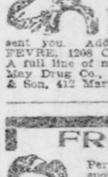
Odd Bits of Useful Knowledge.

A celebrated oculist recommends, in all cases where dirt, lime or sparks get into the eyes, that the sufferer have pure olive oil poured in until everything of a hurtful nature is removed. The remedy is quite painless and never fails to remove all foreign substances.

After taking medicine brush the teeth. After taking quinine or iron in any form, it is well to use a little carbonate of soda as a dentifrice. This precaution will prevent the teeth being stained or their enamel injured by the acid used to dissolve the drug.

Melt a pound of white castile soap over the fire with a little water. When melted, perfume slightly with any one of the extracts, and stir in half a cupful of common oatmeal. Use this preparation when washing your hands, and you will be surprised at the improvement in their appearance.

HAND SAPOLIO
FOR TOILET AND BATH
Fingers roughened by needlework catch every stain and look hopelessly dirty. Hand Sapolio removes not only the dirt, but also the loosened, injured cuticle, and restores the fingers to their natural beauty.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.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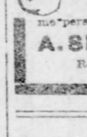
Permanently removed. Liver spots, warts or tan. If you have eruption on your face, consult me and I will give you the benefit of my experience. Consultation and advice free. Call or write to me personally. Office hours 9-6.
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RESORTS.
Atlantic City.
HOTEL HAINES.
Ocean and Ocean ave., fireproof; dining room on sixth floor, overlooking ocean; elevator from street level; running water in rooms; all conveniences; first-class cuisine. Rates, $3 a day up; special rates to families. Booklet at Gazette office. L. A. Haines, Jr., Prop. and Manager.

THE STRATH HAVEN.
Open all year, Kentucky ave., near Beach. Steam heat; special rates. Special attention given to cuisine and service. Albert E. Glenie, manager; formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago, and Hotel Ferpont, New York.

HOTEL MERVINE—New York ave., first house from beach; new brick hotel; every modern convenience; $1.50 to $2 per day; $9 upward per week. Special rates July 4th. MRS. E. ELLIS.

THE PITTSBURGH BUFFET.
N. E. Corner Arkansas and Pacific Aves. Mrs. Mary E. McQuaide, Proprietress, formerly of The Osborne.

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Fast, safe and comfortable. The best equipped boat in the inlet fleet. Address Capt. Charles W. Gell, Yatchsman's Wharf, Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY—Chelsea Cottage. Reasonable board; home cooking, $1.25 daily; $7 weekly. Mrs. M. A. Smith, 30 South Florida ave.

HOTEL BEAUMONT—Ocean end Tennessee Ave. Capacity 200, large exchange, porch refurnished, excellent cuisine. Write for booklet. Open all year. JOHN B. COLE, Proprietor.

NEW HOTEL WORTHINGTON.
Missouri and Pacific aves. Steam heat; $8 to $15 per week. J. B. Worthington.

RUTGERS INN—Splendid house, superior table, best service, reasonable rates. Mrs. M. E. Suter, Manager.

RACHFORD—Fifty suites of beautiful rooms, parlor and bath. Pacific & Mt. Vernon aves. L. E. Jeffries, Prop.

Two minutes' walk from Penna. Depot.
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HOTEL SAN JOSE—Beach end of St. James Place. One minute walk to piers. $1.50 to $3.00 per day. Table the best.

Second Door From Beach. Terms $8 to $12.
THE SILVERTON.
Tennessee av. Mrs. L. Johnston. Home comforts

Ocean Ave., near Beach. Terms $9 and up.
CARLETON HALL
Special and personal attention to cuisine.

THE ROLF—1515 Pacific Ave. Large, Airy Rooms, $8 up.

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LONG BEACH, LONG ISLAND.
Coolest Resort New York City.
Less than one hour from New York City
LONG BEACH HOTEL.
Golf, Fishing, Bathing, Sailing and All Outdoor Amusements.
A. S. DICK, Proprietor.
Also proprietor of Hotel Grenoble, 56th street and 7th avenue, New York.

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Largest of the Leading Hotels.
GEO. L. ATKINS' SONS.

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BREXTON HOTEL Ocean avenue. This well known home, open all the year. Every known convenience for the guests. Delightful sun parlor, excellent table, free telephone. Under new management. Transient, $2.50; special rates for families, $10 to $20 per week. GRAHAM & SHUTE.

Atlantic City, N. J.
Young's Hotel
Atlantic City, N. J.
Absolutely fireproof. No wood used in its construction. European plan. Open all the year. The only absolutely fireproof hotel in Atlantic City. Facing the ocean, directly on the famous Boardwalk, near Young's Pier. 250 rooms, 120 private baths, with hot and cold salt and fresh water. Pure drinking water from our own artesian well. Restaurant equal to any in New York.
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THE Cheltenham VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open all the Year.
First-class in all its appointments.
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HOTEL BRADDOCK
New York Ave., near the beach.
W. I. BRADDOCK.
Rates $10 a week and upward.

Magnificent New
AMERICAN HOTEL
New York ave. and the Beach. House faces the ocean. Referen Rights. Fire proof. European plan.
HOTEL CHETWOODE
Pacific Ave., next to Garden Hotel. Open all year. Steam heat. Renewable rates.
Mrs. P. A. Dempsey, Owner.

RESORTS.
Ebensburg, Pa.
ON TOP OF ALLEGHANIES.
MAPLE PARK EBENSBURG, PA. NOW OPEN. The place for health, rest and comfort. Elevator. Electric lights. Music. Good large grounds and grove. Write for booklet.
T. H. HEIST, Proprietor.

LAKE RESORTS.
"JUST FAR ENOUGH."
Put-in-Bay-Island
Lake Erie, six hours from Pittsburgh. Garden spot of the Great Lakes. Nature's beauty spot. Rich in history; the children's paradise. Boating, bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, baseball, tramping, drives.
PARK HOTEL—$2 day, $10 week. Lake front. Strictly up-to-date. Investigation invited. Booklets ready.
BEEBE HOUSE—$2 and $3 per day. Special provision for families. Capacity 400. J. B. Ward & Son. Booklet.
RIEDLING'S WINES and Vineyards, Put-in-Bay, Ohio. Wholesale only. Absolutely pure. Chas. Riedling.
BATHING BEACH—Steam Toboggan

FOREIGN TRADE IS MUCH GREATER

Our Imports and Exports for 1903 Exceed the Banner Year 1901.

IMPORTS ARE THE LARGEST

Comparison With Decennial Periods at Earlier Dates Shows a Wonderful Increase in the Business the United States Is Transacting With Other Lands.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19.

The foreign commerce of the United States in the fiscal year just ended is larger than in any preceding year in its history. The total of imports and exports as shown by the department of commerce through its bureau of statistics, is, for the year of 1903, $2,445,610,417, against $2,310,937,156 in the year 1900, which was considered the banner year prior to 1903. Imports are larger than in any preceding year, and exports are larger than in any preceding year save in the exceptional year, 1901.

The imports for the first time crossed the billion dollar line, the total being $1,025,619,127, and the exports for the second time crossed the $1,400,000,000 line, being $1,419,991,290, or practically $1,420,000,000.

The single year in which the value of exports exceeded those of 1903 is the fiscal year 1901, when the total was $1,487,764,704. The imports exceeded those of 1903 by about $150,000,000, and the exports exceeded those of 1903 by about $572,000,000. The imports, therefore, have increased 184 per cent during the decade and exports have increased 67.5 per cent during the same period.

Comparing the figures of 1903 with those at decennial periods at earlier dates, it may be said that the imports of 1853 were $265,000,000; those for 1863 $243,000,000; for 1873, $842,000,000; for 1883, $723,000,000; for 1893, $866,000,000, and for 1903, $1,025,000,000. The exports of 1853 were $266,000,000; those for 1863, $204,000,000; for 1873, $522,000,000; for 1883, $883,000,000; for 1893, $847,000,000, and those for 1903 were within a fraction of $1,420,000,000.

The imports of 1903, therefore, are less than four times those of 1853, while the exports for 1903 are practically seven times those of 1853. The table which follows shows the total imports and total exports and the grand total of imports and exports at decennial periods from 1853 to 1902, viz:

Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Tot. Imp. and Exp.
1853	$ 265,277,048	$ 266,459,289	$ 467,266,347
1863	243,535,816	205,164,447	448,700,263
1873	642,136,210	522,479,822	1,164,616,032
1883	723,180,014	823,839,402	1,547,020,316
1893	866,400,292	847,695,104	1,714,096,118
1902	1,020,618,127	1,425,001,290	2,445,610,417

The growth in importation, which is the most striking characteristic of the year's commerce, is very largely in materials for use in manufacturing. Only 11 months' figures are yet available in such detailed form as to show the increase by great groups, but the figures of the 11 months ending with May show that articles in a crude condition for use in manufacturing increased $62,000,000, or about 20 per cent, as compared with the corresponding months of last year; articles partially manufactured for use in manufacturing increased $4,000,000, or about 5 per cent; articles manufactured and ready for consumption increased $18,000,000, or about 13 per cent, and articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc., increased $14,000,000, or about 12 per cent, while articles of food and live animals increased $15,000,000, or about 8 per cent.

LOUISIANA NATIVES PROPOSE A SOCIETY

Persons Born in Original Purchase Territory May Have Day at Exposition.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.)

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—Natives of the Louisiana purchase territory may be given a special day at the World's fair at St. Louis. Indeed, a new and permanent society, named, perhaps, "Native Sons and Daughters of Louisiana," is likely to result from an idea that originated with E. E. Griswold, editor of the Metal Worker, at Minneapolis.

Mr. Griswold, who is a "native" himself, wrote to Col. E. C. Culp, secretary of the committee on ceremonies for the Louisiana Purchase exposition, suggesting that a day be set aside as a special day for natives of the purchase. The proposed new society is the outgrowth of Mr. Griswold's suggestion, and steps are being taken to effect the organization.

It is desired that as a preliminary movement the name and address of every person over 21 years of age be ascertained, no matter where he may reside. Any such person will be eligible to membership in the society. It has been suggested that the organization hold its first reunion at this world's fair on the day to be agreed upon by the founders of the society and the committee on ceremonies.

Plans are being considered as to the best methods of equipping a museum in one of the buildings on the world's fair grounds for the reception of historical relics and such literary productions as pertain to this region.

The project has been received with considerable favor in many quarters, and it is anticipated that thousands of those persons born in this vast territory acquired 100 years ago will make this "Native Sons and Daughters of Louisiana" day one of the important days of the world's fair.

Threw Melon Rind at Waitresses.

George O'Malley has a queer idea of what constitutes fun, and for a little escapade of his Saturday night he was fined $5 at Central station yesterday morning. O'Malley went into a Market street restaurant and after eating some watermelon proceeded to enjoy himself by throwing the rind at the waitresses. They objected to being used for human targets, and called a policeman.

PLEASANT OUTINGS
VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Each Tuesday, Friday and Saturday during July and August, 15-day excursion tickets, Pittsburgh to Chautauqua lake points and return, $6.60.

Each Tuesday during July, August and September, 15-day excursion tickets Pittsburgh to Niagara Falls and return, $7.45, and Toronto and return, $8.90.

Trains leave Union station at 9 a. m. and 11 p. m., eastern standard time. Pullman service on all through trains.

Special Chautauqua lake sleeping car now in service on 11 p. m. train.

FORTUNES ARE WASTED

every month in Greater Pittsburgh by users of coal in their homes by cooking by it. It's dirty and wasteful. Gas is clean and economical. The coal wasted in cooking a meal would pay for the gas to do the same work. Think it over. If you apply at the Philadelphia Company's office, 434 Sixth avenue, this month, you can have service connections made and meter set free.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE RATE FOR

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THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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PITTSBURGH.

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CENTER AVE., 2161—C. F. Moores.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Bell Pharmacy.
COLLINS AVE., 134—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—C. F. McMurray.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST., McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., 1401, COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
FIFTH AVE., 1743—Harper & Wynne.
FIFTH AVE., 2220—McKee & Dellth.
FIFTH AVE., 5614—Ihrig's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 6705—Corbat Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1430—Thumm Bros., Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2705—John M. Hohman.
FORBES ST., COR. CRAIG—Geo. A. Charles.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—R. M. Totten.
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FRANKSTOWN AVE., 120—E. G. Suffal.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6656—Theo. T. Hill.
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LEMINGTON AVE., COR. LINCOLN—O. F. Freshing.
NEVILLE ST., COR. CENTER AVE.—Shadyside Grocery Company.
OAKWOOD ST., COR. FRANKSTOWN AVE.—McKee & Berlin.
PARK AVE., 101, COR. CARVER ST.—R. B. McKelvey.
PENN AVE., 2801—P. C. Schilling Company.
PENN AVE., 5400—C. W. Tait, Druggist.
PENN AVE., 6060, COR. HIGHLAND—East End Drug Company.
PENN AVE., COR. FRANKSTOWN—Schilling Bros. Company.
STEVENSON ST., COR. FIFTH AVE.—Chas. L. Young.
SECOND AVE., 5448, GLENWOOD—S. E. Flucks.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
Main Office,
347-349 Fifth Ave.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in the Gazette.

Male Help.

BLACKSMITH—Good blacksmith who can shoe mules, repair tools and dump cars for contractors. Apply 517 Empire building, Pittsburgh.

BOYS—Good, bright boys, not under 18 years old; only those who have references and know the city need apply. Second floor, No. 417 Seventh ave.

CUTTERS—Six coal mine punch machine cutters, 20 Poles, Slavs and Hungarians to work in the mines, $2 per day; 200 railroad laborers; fare paid.
KEYSTONE BUREAU,
1122 Penn ave.

DISHWASHER at Home Hotel, Duquesne way.

DRAUGHTSMAN—Experienced conveying machinery; first-class only. Apply 135 First ave.

DRIVERS—Experienced drivers for teams for freight depots and city deliveries. Apply 6 o'clock in morning, Saturday, Sixteenth st. and Liberty ave., Pittsburgh.

DRIVERS—Must have experience in freight depot and city deliveries. Apply 6 o'clock in morning, 860 West North ave., Allegheny.

MAN—With references, for commercial traveler, to call on merchants and agents; experience not required; salary $24 per week; expenses advanced. National, 320 Dearborn st., Chicago.

MEN—Good, sober men to solicit on best newspaper proposition in Pittsburgh; salary and commission. Apply circulation Dept., The Gazette. H. Rand, Manager Clock Dept.

MEN—Ten young men to learn telegraphy and accept positions on a new railroad by December 1; must have common school education and be able to furnish good references. Apply to F. J. Scott, Fox 401, city.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, willing to make himself useful in office of small manufacturing plant in Pittsburgh. Address E 42, The Gazette, giving age and experience.

TWO ACTIVE MEN as stock and bond salesmen, $25 week to good men; no experience required; large city firm.
IRON CITY BUREAU,
409 Fourth ave.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps—Able-bodied, unmarried men, between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; men now in service on men-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions, and at naval stations in the United States. Apply Recruiting Officer, rooms 414-415 City Postoffice building.

Female Help.

BOOKKEEPER—Woman bookkeeper and typewriter; one experienced in restaurant preferred. Address B 70, The Gazette.

CHAMBERMAID—Good wages. 275 Home ave., Bellevue.

COOK—Good cook; will pay good wages if satisfactory. 275 Home ave., Bellevue.

GIRL—Good girl for general housework; good wages and steady situation. 1516 Locust st., Allegheny.

GIRLS—3 dining room girls at 1129 Liberty ave.

GIRLS—Two dining room girls at Home Hotel.

WOMAN—Young woman to answer telephone and assist in office; wages and salary expected. Address East End, P 69, The Gazette.

Male and Female Help.

WANTED—Employment for all kinds of help. Men's office 130, female help office 128 Seventh. Schwartz.

Situations—Male.

SITUATION—A first-class advertising man of 15 years' practical experience wants position managing such department; can write, read, solicit and conduct such a department successfully; best of reference from leading publishers. Address Advertising, box 1414, city.

COLLECTORSHIP wanted with a reliable firm, have practical experience. Can furnish bond; also reference. Address 329 Academy st., Carnegie, Pa.

Situation—Female.

POSITION by experienced stenographer; can give reference. Address B 42, The Gazette.

SITUATION—By a first-class cook; can give good references. Address P 42, The Gazette.

Pupils.

STEM-VOWEL SHORTHAND—No word signs; 150 words per minute, less effort than 100 by old methods; see and believe; home study manual sent free for examination. Porter Shorthand School, Sixth and Liberty.

WOULD you like to become a singer, reader, or orator and accept a position as teacher in one of our branch schools? If so write. Oakwood Inst. of Voice Culture, 129 Oakwood Boul., Chicago, Ill.

Partner.

PARTNER with $10,000, to take an interest in one of the best patents for a cellar door ever offered on the market; patent papers already secured; sample on show at the office. Jacob Steinberg, Room 8, 435 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

WANTED—To purchase or lease, coal works, 100 miles of Pittsburgh; state terms, etc., in full. Address T 64, The Gazette.

Miscellaneous.

CASH REGISTER—Second hand; state price, etc. Address F 42, The Gazette.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

THE MAPLEWOOD.
215 HOME AVE., AVALON.
COOLEST SPOT IN THE TWO CITIES. JUST THE PLACE TO SPEND THE SUMMER. ROOMS AND BOARD EXTREMELY LOW RATE.

TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 18 Ninth st., Pittsburgh.

427 ATWOOD ST.—Newly furnished front room, all conveniences.

East End.

FOR RENT—Lovely second-story front room and rear room; gas and bath, with home comforts. 350 Oakland ave., East End.

630 COLLEGE AVE.—Desirable rooms, with board; all conveniences; references.

CENTER AVE., 3908, near Highland—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences.

6438 MARCHAND ST.—First or third floor rooms; references exchanged.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

WASHINGTON ST., 524—Large front room, bath and all conveniences.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR RENT
Castleman st., between Merewood and Amberson aves., Shadyside, brick house, 10 rooms, with modern improvements; completely furnished.
S. H. LLOYD, No. 6022 Penn ave., E. E. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Apartments.

FOR RENT.
APARTMENTS.
Four exceptionally large rooms and bath, each. Convenient to car lines and steam cars. Ready August 1. 5251 Penn ave.
S. H. LLOYD,
No. 6022 Penn ave., E. E.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Atlantic City Residences.

FOR RENT—Fine 14 room new cottage, new furniture, all ocean view. J. J. McCormick & Co., 805 Smithfield st.

Apartments.

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment in The Oakland, corner Forbes and Halket. Apply No. 20, The Oakland.

Miscellaneous.

SMITH CONCRETE MIXER, rock drills and other blasting tools for hire. ALFRED TOMPKINS, CONTRACTOR, 210 Ferguson Bldg., city.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE—In Wilkinsburg, an excellent home, reception hall, house all modern, convenient to R. R. station and cars; see this. EWING & WHITE,
Ferguson Bldg., 320 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Near station, Wilkinsburg, modern brick home, 8 rooms; cheap to quick buyer. Address L 39, The Gazette.

AVALON—New, well dwelling, 8 rooms; all conveniences. J. C. Reed, 211 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

East End Residences.

ALL children double in weight and they will never need a doctor if you live with them in one of our Hermitage st. houses in Belmar plan. The terms that we sell them on will make you feel so good that you will not need a doctor for years.

$3,500, COST $4,800.
WINTERBURN AVE., NEAR SCHENLEY
Frame house of 6 large rooms, finished attic, hall, bath, pantry, front and side porches; lot 31x140, one block to cars; house alone will cost $5,000 to build, a rare bargain.
ALBERT H. OYER,
1401 Farmers Bank Building.

Real Estate—Special.

O. HURST
For bargains in real estate, farm lands, etc. Farmers Bank Bldg. 'Phone 1832 Grant. General Insurance.

Farms.

FARMS FOR SALE.
All along the P. & W. R. R. from Allison Park to Elwood City, large farms and small farms; some have R. R. passing through them, others from ½ mile to 3 miles from station; can suit the most fastidious; we have farms from 10½ acres to 137 acres; also a great bargain in a farm near Perrysville.
FEDERAL REALTY COMPANY,
First National Bank building, Allegheny.

SMALL cash payment and future installments buys pretty cottage, 30 lots, pigs, chickens, growing garden, furniture for buildings for orchard, timber, everything $365, no overflow; other farms. Robert Borsm, "Farm Loans," Montour, Mo.

Lands and Acreage.

FOR SALE
1,200,000-acre tract on Rio Grande in Mexico containing 400,000 acres coal—copper, gold, silver and lead in mountains; grazing land for 100,000 head of cattle; abundance of water; taxes low. Title perfect.
H. C. BOWMAN,
Topeka, Kansas.

Business Opportunities.

FOR SALE.
A fine business opportunity, consisting of hardware and lumber, doing $2,500 per month, in a thrifty town. For particulars address Christley Brothers, Butler, Pa.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.
KIRK & VOGEL, 1109 Arrott Building.

FOR SALE—Rooming house, near park; 12 rooms, all filled; all conveniences; selling on account of sickness. Address H 42, The Gazette.

TWO elegantly located cleaning and dyeing establishments, doing good business; owner leaving town. Address L 42, The Gazette.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Before buying, call or write us.
ESTEP & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Old established livery stable. Inquire Chas. H. Little, Sewickley, Pa.

Investments.

TEN PER CENT INVESTMENT.
$7,500—Six houses, 4 rooms, water, gas, cellar and porches each. Rent $72 per month.

$1,900—New house, 5 rooms, water, gas chandeliers and porches. Terms $100 cash, balance $17.50 monthly, including interest.
ALBERT H. OYER,
24 SHILOH ST. MT. WASHINGTON.

I BUY, sell and exchange all listed and unlisted securities; mining, oil and industrial, specialty. Write or call and make money. Horace J. Phillips, member Pittsburgh Industrial Exchange, Keystone Bldg., Pittsburgh.

Horses and Vehicles.

EXPOSITION HORSE EXCHANGE.
Duquesne Way.
Auction sale of vehicles and wagons
Monday, July 20, at 11 a. m.
Biggest Auction Every Held.
New Rubber Tire Runabouts,
New Steel Tire Buck Wagons,
8,000 Pound Wagon, second-hand,
Coach Top Delivery Wagon, second hand,
Leather Top Phaeton, second-hand,
Fine Rubber Tire Trap, second-hand,
Full Leather, Rubber Tire, top Buggy, second hand,
Steel Axle Rubber Tire Runabout, second-hand,
Good Open-top Express Wagon, second-hand,
and a whole lot more of good work.
AN ABSOLUTE SALE.
Monday, July 20, at 11 a. m.
EXPOSITION HORSE EXCHANGE,
306 Duquesne Way.

FOR SALE—Two pair fine carriage and driving horses; several single driving and saddle horses, at Thubron's, Federal st. and Montgomery ave., Allegheny.

FOR SALE—Several second-hand runabouts at your own price at Thubron's, Federal and Montgomery ave., Allegheny.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN A. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE. TO LET
HOISTING and stationary engines, BOILERS, steam and centrifugal PUMPS, DERRICKS and general contractor's plant; send for list. NEW and SECOND HAND. CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., PARK BLDG. 'Phone 472 Grant.

FANS! FANS! FANS!
Belted or electric, also exhaust wheels.
BRIGGS MACHINERY CO.,
Fourth and Liberty aves. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

CLEARANCE SALE—In all makes of sewing machines. CARTER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, 131 Sixth st., next to Bijou theater.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Bargains in new and second-hand office furniture. Entrance, Alexander, Baker & Co., Ltd., 608 Wood st.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Change your diet by chop suey and yokoma; it will do you good; best in the city. Dan Man Lou, 447 Third ave., corner of Grant st.

BATHS, bench, oven, massage and all other forms of treatment. NEW SANITARIUM, 45 Marion st.

VAPOR, alcohol baths. 202 Federal st., Allegheny. Miss Gray, assistant.

PERSONAL—Baths, manicuring. Elsie Mills, 520 Penn ave., second floor.

MISS LAURA CLIFTON, manicure, 310 Fourth ave., near Grant st.

FOUND.

FOUND—I can ride free on the street cars by asking my merchant for street car trading stamps.

PATENTS.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 309 Smithfield st., opposite Postoffice.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.
FINE FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, MATTING, OAK BEDDING, FOLDING BEDS, ROLL TOP DESK, OFFICE SAFE, FILING CABINET, CURTAINS AND PORTIERES, FURNISHMENT OF A RESIDENCE MOVING TO EAST END.
FOR SALE TUESDAY, JULY 21,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE
ROOMS OF THE HENRY
AUCTION & STORAGE CO.
124 AND 126 NINTH ST.
Elegant Velvet and Brussels Carpets for rooms and halls. Rugs, Matting and Linoleums. Roll Top Desk, Burglar Proof Safe, Filing Cabinet, two Oak Folding Beds, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Chamber Suites in Oak and Mahogany, Wardrobes, Chiffoniers, Bookcases, Chairs and Rockers. Lot of artificial parlor Palms, Leather Library Suite, Leather Couch, Handsome Parlor Suites in Silk and Velours, Sideboards, China Closets, Extension Tables, Leather Dining Chairs, Dishes and Glassware; Gas Stoves, Stoves and Laundry Furniture. Goods now on exhibition. Sale positive.
HENRY AUCTION & STORAGE CO.,
Auctioneers.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SAFETY APPLIANCES.
Notice is hereby given that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and separately and for each of the companies associated in operation and affiliated in interest with it, and together forming what is popularly known as the Pennsylvania Railroad system, including therein the following

LINES EAST OF PITTSBURGH,

Northern Central Railway Co.,
Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Co.,
West Jersey and Seashore Railroad Co.,
Cumberland Valley Railroad Co.,
Allegheny Valley Railroad Co.,
Pennsylvania and Northwestern Railroad Co.
Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway Co.

LINES WEST OF PITTSBURGH.

Pennsylvania Co.,
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Co.,
Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley Railroad Co.,
Terre Haute and Indianapolis Railroad Co.,
St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute Railroad Co.,
Cleveland and Marietta Railway Co.,
Toledo and Western Railway Co.

And each of the other companies included within the "Northwest" and "Southwest" systems, which are operated respectively by the Pennsylvania Company, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Co., has applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for additional time within which to comply with the provisions of Section 2 of the Act of Congress, approved March 2nd, 1903, requiring that "in all trains operated with power or train brakes, on and after September 1st, 1903, not less than forty per centum of the cars therein shall have the train brakes used and operated by the engineer of the locomotive drawing such train, as provided by an Act of Congress, approved March 2nd, 1903, as amended by said Act approved March 2nd, 1903, relating to the equipment of cars and locomotives with safety appliances, and that a hearing upon said application will be had at the office of the Commission in the City of Washington, D. C., on Wednesday, August 5th, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m.

All persons interested, whether for or against the granting of such application, will have an opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel at the time and place above named, and may file with the Commission on or before the hearing any affidavits, statements or arguments bearing upon the question.

By order of the Commission.
EDW. A. MOSELEY,
Secretary.

H. H. NEGLEY, Attorney-at-Law, 413 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. In re incorporation of the borough of Whitaker, Allegheny county, Pa., No. 84, June sessions, A. D. 1903. Notice is hereby given that the petition of George Delbridge Gustave Keyser, Jacob Pfirrmann, Henry Vogt, E. J. Williams, and one hundred and thirteen other petitioners, constituting a majority of the resident freeholders of the borough of Whitaker, in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, state of Pennsylvania, was presented in the court of quarter sessions on July 3, A. D. 1903, for the incorporation of said village into a borough, by the title of the borough of Whitaker, according to the following boundaries: Beginning at the low water mark or line on the southeast side of the Monongahela river at the northeasterly corner of the borough of Hays and the said Monongahela river, in the township of Mifflin, county of Allegheny, state of Pennsylvania; thence extending south 36 degrees, 30 minutes west, 550 feet to the center of the new township road; thence along the center of the line of said road south 38 degrees, east 60 feet; thence along the center line of said road south 46 degrees, 30 minutes east, 960 feet; thence continuing along the center line of said road 53 degrees, 20 minutes east, 170 feet; thence south 4 degrees, 40 minutes east, 400 feet to a point in the center line of said road; thence east 1,000.5 feet to a point; thence north 63 degrees, 15 minutes east, 3,050 feet to low water mark or line in the Monongahela river; thence down the southerly side of the Monongahela river along low water line, 3,300 feet to the place of beginning. A plan or draft whereof, conforming to the lines herein set forth, accompanies and is made a part of the petition. And the court ordered that notice be given by filing in the office of the clerk of courts of said county and this public notice is given of the filing of the said petition at said number and term, so that exceptions may be filed thereto by any persons or persons, corporations or else interested, on or before the first Monday of August, 1903. Harry H. Negley, attorney for petitioners.

A. C. & CHARLES M. JOHNSTON, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 422 Diamond st., Pittsburgh, Pa. Auction sale of unclaimed goods—Notice is hereby given that the Allegheny Transfer & Storage Company, in pursuance of an order of the court of common pleas No. 1 of Allegheny county, at No. 391 January term, 1903, will expose for sale at public auction, at its warehouse, No. 840 West North avenue, in the city of Allegheny, on Tuesday, the 4th day of August, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., certain household goods and merchandise placed with said company for storage in different quantities, by the following named parties, viz.:

Louis Kurtz, Oscar Schlotter, J. G. Watson, Harry Lewis, Harry Ordean, George M. Keys, A. C. Hays, W. W. Wells, M. P. Schaab, J. L. Lechner, Moore, Pinkerton, Harry Solomon, Robert Watson, H. McGregor, Jos. Fleming, Mrs. J. Kirby, Mrs. Klein, Samuel Ringold, M. Edmonds and W. J. Richards.

Sale and to be made on account of the parties named hereto, for the payment of arrears due upon goods stored by them respectively.

No. 6806.
Treasury Department.
Office of Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington, D. C., June 1, 1903.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Industrial National bank of Pittsburg," located in the city of Pittsburg, in the county of Allegheny, and state of Pennsylvania, has complied with all the provisions of the statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking; now, therefore, I, William Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, do hereby certify that "The Industrial National bank of Pittsburg," located in the city of Pittsburg, in the county of Allegheny, and state of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section 5169, of the revised statutes of the United States. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this first day of June, 1903.
(Signed) WM. B. RIDGELY,
(Seal.)
Comptroller of the Currency.

MILLER & MILLER, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 433 Fifth ave. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania, on the 13th day of August, 1903, by C. H. Roymer, George Collins and George L. Stephenson, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called Western Smelting and Refining Company, the character and object of which is the manufacture of brass, lead, copper, zinc, tin, antimony, solder, babbit metal and all metals, and make specialties from the same, and the buying of commerce from metal or wood, at Pittsburgh, Pa., and for these purposes to have and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and the supplements thereto. Miller & Miller, solicitors for applicants.

S. LEO RUSLANDER, Attorney-at-Law, 820 Frick building, Pittsburgh, Pa. In re Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss.: In the court of common pleas No. 2, No. 906 October term, 1870, Emily Baker, by her next friend, vs. Frank Baker. Libel in divorce a vinculo matrimonii. To Frank Baker, respondent. The supposena, alias subpoena and pluries subpoena to the above case having been returned non est inventus, you are hereby notified and required to appear in said court of common pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1903, to answer the petition and libel filed in said case. William C. McKinley, Sheriff.

L. M. ALLEN, Attorney-at-Law, No. 426 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Hiram T. Pugh, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Charles C. Park, administrator, No. 514 Jackson street, Allegheny, Pa.

EDUCATIONAL.

RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 430-432 Wood st., prepares students for expert reporting and positions requiring high speed and accuracy; post-graduate course; day and evening sessions all the year; evening speed class for stenographers; call or send for catalogue. Telephones: Bell 2526 Court; P. & A., 2106 Main.

LOST.

LOST—SATURDAY evening on Mignonette signal, near Whitfield, a gold brooch. Reward if returned to 3018 Mignonette st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Compare Our Rate With Others

We will loan you money at 6 per cent. You cannot borrow money for less than that any place. Try it and see. We accept as security diamonds, watches, silverware, jewelry, clothing, furs, etc.

Six Per Cent
Market Street Loan Office,
214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.

You can't do better than at the OLD RELIABLE LOAN OFFICE.
The most responsible firm, the oldest, the best. Besides we assure you that no matter what others charge, our rate is always

Lower Than the Lowest.

We have been loaning money on Diamonds, Watches, etc., for nearly half a century at 307 Smithfield st., a jewelry store, where no pawnbroker signs are displayed.

JOS. DeROY & SONS,
Directly Opposite Postoffice.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential. Call
J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

MONEY TO LOAN—Easy monthly payments. PENN LOAN ASSOCIATION, 245 Fourth ave.

Mortgage Loans.

$250,000 TO LOAN—Heirs to estates, 24 mtgs., notes, etc. Private, P. O. Box 821.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Pennsylvania State Building at Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

Philadelphia, July 18, 1903.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Pennsylvania Commission to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 710 Real Estate Building, Philadelphia, Pa., until Monday, August 10, 1903, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the erection of the proposed Pennsylvania State Building to be erected at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, at St. Louis, Missouri. Plans and specifications showing the style, etc., may be obtained at the office of the architect, Philip H. Johnson, 611-15 Fidelity Building, Philadelphia, Pa. Bids from other than those entered in actual business in the general branches therein mentioned will not be entertained or considered. The commission reserves the right to accept as a whole or in part, or reject any or all bids as may be deemed best for the interest of the commonwealth.

Proposals will also be received for furnishing the building. Specifications for this work may also be obtained at the office of the architect.

HENRY F. WALTON,
Chairman Executive Committee.
JAMES H. LAMBERT,
Executive Officer.
PHILIP H. JOHNSON,
Architect.

PROPOSALS FOR EQUIPAGE SUPPLIES—Chief Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., July 2, 1903. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m., central time, July 30, 1903, for early delivery at either Chicago, Philadelphia or Boston depot, of company, regimental and post record books and tent pins, conforming to existing standards and specifications. Government reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference given to articles of domestic production and manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including the price of foreign productions and manufactures in bond) being equal. Particulars and blanks for proposals will be furnished upon application. Envelopes containing proposals to be inclosed "Proposals for Company Records," and addressed to Major W. H. MILLER, Quartermaster, U. S. A., in charge.

PROPOSALS FOR PAVING.

Sealed proposals will be received by the street committee of the borough of Knoxville for the grading, curbing and paving of Long Avenue, from Charles street to Zara street, in the borough of Knoxville.

Bids will be received until Monday, July 20, 7 p. m.

Specifications for work can be seen at the office of Knoxville Land Improvement Co., 98 Knox avenue, Knoxville borough. Address bids to
AUGUST BELSMEYER,
Chairman Street Committee.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of
American Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
Pittsburgh, July 15, 1903.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—At a meeting of the directors of the American Trust Company of Pittsburgh, a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT was declared, payable on July 25, 1903, to stockholders of record at close of business July 13, 1903. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.
W. C. LOWRIE,
Treasurer.

Office of
Peoples Natural Gas & Pipeage Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 11, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS (1¾) PER CENT on the preferred shares of the capital stock of the company, payable July 25, 1903, to stock holders of record July 15, 1903. Checks will be mailed.
C. G. JONES, Secy.

UNION STORAGE CO.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 15, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 22—The directors of this company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of $1.00 per share, payable August 1. Books will be closed July 26 to August 1, inclusive. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.
C. L. CRISS, Secretary.

MEETINGS.

SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
A special meeting of the stockholders of the Guarantee Title and Trust Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 210 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on Thursday, July 23, 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of amending the by-laws of the company, or voting for or against the adoption of a new set of by-laws which are now on file in the offices of the company, and open to the inspection of the stockholders. By order of the board of directors at a special meeting held this 18th of July, 1903.
ALEXANDER DUNBAR,
Assistant Secretary.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

M'SWEENEY Interstate Detective Agency, 427 Diamond st., Pittsburgh, Pa., transacts a general detective business; all communications treated strictly confidential.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED-FOR LETTERS remaining at the Pittsburgh postoffice July 20.

In calling for letters please mention above date:

LADIES' LIST.

A—Mrs. G. L. Ackerman, Mrs. Maggie Adams, Mrs. Clarence Alexander, Mrs. M. E. Allsteter, Clara Allen, Mrs. Anna Allen, Jean Allen, Alneas Allen, Mrs. H. S. Anderson, Fannie Atkins, Virgil Armstead, Pansy Armstrong.

B—Mrs. B. B. Bailey, Lizzie Balbach, Mrs. Harry Babbs, Mrs. J. Barr, Theresa Bayes, Mrs. Wm. Beaumont, Louise Becker, Mrs. Elizabeth Benton (2), Mrs. Bertha Berry, Mrs. L. S. Bigham, Mrs. W. Beverly, Mrs. J. H. Blackan, Genevieve Bormenhan, Chara Louise Bradley, Mrs. Mary Brent, Miss F. Brown, Mrs. Brown, Hattie Brown, Mrs. C. B. Brown, Mrs. Grace Burke, Mrs. F. H. Burge, Edith Bryant.

C—Mrs. Josephine Caldwell, Lizzie Campbell, Rachael Cardwell, Miss Caplets, Nettie Carlisle, Mrs. Ann Carr, Mrs. S. V. Carter, Hetep H. Case, Anna Casey, Jane Cavil, Catechi M. Childs (2), Emma Clark, Mary Clark, Katherine Coman, Mrs. M. E. Core, Mrs. Lizzie Coulter, Mrs. Creighton, Daisy Crain, Mrs. Florence Criss, Mrs. Catherine Cronin, Mabel Cretan, Mrs. Cunningham, Mrs. Pollina Cyrus.

D—Mrs. Anna M. Dawson, Francis Davis, Cora Davis, Alma Dr., Mrs. S. Ruth Devore, Helen B. Dicker

NEW PARTY IN LOCAL POLITICS

If Citizens Fuse With Republicans There May Be Another Union.

WILL JOIN WITH DEMOCRATS

Many in the Organization That Won in the Last Election Are Opposed to the Plan Bigelows Are Said to Favor.

"If the Citizens party fuses with the Republican organization the reform element will have to revive the Municipal league or form a new party and join with the Democrats. A new party has been suggested and the name of the People's party proposed. I think the idea an excellent one," said Common Councilman W. C. Reitz of the Thirty-fifth ward yesterday.

Councilman Reitz belongs to the Stevenson faction of the Citizens party in the city councils and is recognized as one of the leaders of the small body of independents who have opposed the pet measures of the Bigelows.

"If the Citizens party goes out of existence the fight for reform will be kept up under some other party banner," said Mr. Reitz. "Those who entered politics for reform are just as earnest and sincere now as they were when the Citizens party was organized, and they will not surrender their principles, even if the leaders of the party show an inclination to do so."

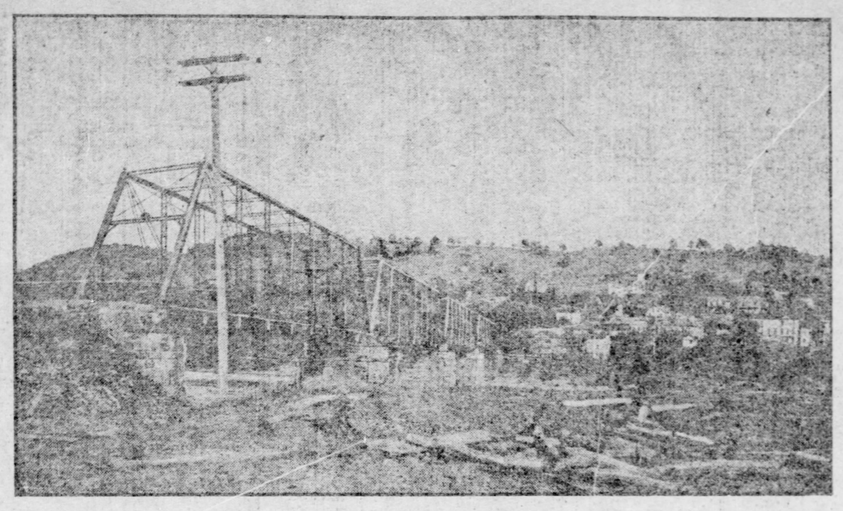
Messrs. Stevenson and Reitz have a small band of followers in councils whom they count on to join the new party or to enlist in the rejuvenation of the old Municipal league. The new party idea meets with more favor than the proposed revival of the Municipal league, for it is the belief of many so-called reformers that the Municipal league has seen its best days. A new party and a new name have taken strong hold on the imaginations of the dissatisfied Citizens councilmen.

In the event of the Citizens leaders giving up their organization Councilman Stevenson will be the leader of the new political organization to be known as the People's party, and if re-elected to councils he will be its leader there.

Controller John B. Larkin is also in favor of the new party plan and fusion with the Democrats. The controller counts himself as one of the four prominent members of the Citizens organization who have shown a desire to keep their pledges. He criticises those who have opposed his ideas of public policy and has accused them of violating their pledges to the people. In this class he has put Director E. M. Bigelow, having demanded a couple of weeks ago that Director Bigelow withdraw from the Citizens party.

"There will be no Citizens party this fall, and Murry A. Verner will be the leader of the new Republican organization," stated a prominent Republican member of councils yesterday. "Mr. Stevenson and his followers will likely be found acting with the Democrats and forming a new party."

GETTING READY FOR A FREE BRIDGE JUBILEE



East Brady Bridge, Looking Toward the Town.

EAST BRADY, PA., July 19.—(Special.)—The people up here are preparing for a jubilee in celebration of free bridges across the Allegheny river. Before the end of the summer they expect the Clarion and Armstrong county authorities to agree to purchase the old Brady's Bend bridge, and for the first time it will be possible to make the journey across the river without encountering the greedy tolltaker or the humble ferryman.

For nearly 40 years the people of this community have paid out their shekels at the toll house of the Brady's Bend bridge. They have been obliged to pay 25 cents every time they cross with a team and are assessed five cents when they go over the river on foot. Years ago efforts were made to have the structure purchased by the two counties, but they proved futile. Finally the old bridge rotted away and a new iron span was erected on the piers—but the tolltaker remained.

A board of viewers appointed jointly to represent Clarion and Armstrong counties appraised the bridge a few years ago and declared the property worth $35,000. The Clarion county grand jury at once agreed to the purchase, but in Armstrong there was a hitch on account of debt which confronted the county commissioners. The agitation is being renewed this summer and the prospects are that the tardy partner in the deal will come forward with the money. The bridge is owned by a stock company controlled largely by East Brady citizens. The company pays a dividend of 20 per cent annually.

HAD SPENT $1,000 IN ABSENCE OF PASTOR

Congregation Springs a Pleasant Surprise on the Rev. C. L. Thurgood and His Wife on Their First Sunday Home.

A pleasant surprise greeted the Rev. C. L. Thurgood and Mrs. Thurgood when they entered the Central Christian church yesterday morning. They had returned last Friday from an 11-month trip to Australia, and in the meantime the congregation had spent $1,000 in improving the church. Handsome decorating, new carpets and electric lights were some of the principal features in the church proper, while the basement also has been greatly bettered in a number of ways.

Mr. Thurgood's morning sermon took up the trip he and Mrs Thurgood had made to the Orient. He expressed his thanks for the kind reception they had received on their return, and for the betterments made in the church. In speaking of the trip Mr. Thurgood divided it into three parts, the American journey, the Pacific journey and the Australian journey. He dwelt with particular interest on the intelligence he had received in Salt Lake City while on his way to San Francisco.

"Dr. W. H. Pinkerton, minister of the Central Christian church at Salt Lake City, gave me a full description of the organization and practices of the Mormons, and as this church is rapidly spreading, I think it is of particular importance that this should be known," he said. "The city is divided into 44 wards. Each ward has a bishop and two special officers, and in each ward there is held weekly a Mormon church assembly. When the assembly is over a dance follows, and these dances degenerate regularly into debauchery."

In the trip across the Pacific they passed close to Molokai, the leper island in the Hawaiian group, and the work of Father Damien was described at length.

"In Australia we had a continuous round of receptions and kindness," he said. "Several things made our trip there especially pleasant. Just 20 years ago Mrs. Thurgood organized in the state of Victoria the women's work of the church and has remained its honorary president. It has spread all over Australasia. She started also the Christian Endeavor society there 20 years ago, and that, too, has grown greatly. Through this work and her letters to the papers, her name is known in every home in Australia, and invitations to visit all sections overwhelmed us."

Mr. Thurgood for seven months had charge of the North Fitzroy church at Melbourne and introduced there American methods of church work, such as the protracted meeting, house-to-house visitings and the presentation of Bibles to each convert. In the Sunday schools also American methods were introduced and were greatly liked by the people. To both Mr. and Mrs. Thurgood the congregation presented high-grade American watches on their departure.

TILE LAYERS AND HELPERS WILL PAY DEATH BENEFITS

James P. Reynolds.

The tile layers and helpers international union has decided to establish a mortuary fund. The plan was suggested by James P. Reynolds, general secretary and treasurer. Upon the death of a member the heirs will be paid $500. The plan is simple and will be easy to operate. When a member dies the local to which he belonged will notify the general secretary, who will issue a warrant for $500. He will then send a bill to each local in the union with a pro rata assessment. By this method every member of the union will pay equal share of the death benefit. Mr. Reynolds is a well-known labor leader, with headquarters at No. 168 Corry street, Allegheny. He has just been elected for the third term as secretary and treasurer of the union. He was one of the members of the arbitration board chosen to settle the dispute between the bricklayers and stonemasons. Although selected by the stonemasons, he voted in favor of the bricklayers.

LUTHERAN JUNIORS TO AID FAMILY IN KANSAS

Forced by the Flood to Leave Their Home and Wander in the Storm.

Trinity Lutheran church, Stockton avenue and Arch street, Allegheny, will be kept open next Saturday to receive donations for a family of flood sufferers in far-away Kansas.

Miss Lillie M. Gillen of Stockton avenue, superintendent of the Juniors of Trinity church, yesterday received a letter from Miss Cora Mackey of Arch street, Allegheny, but who is now visiting her mother and stepfather, the latter the Hon. W. A. Harris, in Washington, D. C. The letter runs:

"I have just heard of a family that I am sure the Juniors would be pleased to help. They are very poor and live in that section of Kansas recently visited by dangerous floods. There are nine children in the family, ranging from 3 months to 13 years of age.

"The family lived on a farm at the time of the flood. About a mile away was a creek, but it was not expected to do any damage. The family was in bed one night when the water rose so fast that the inmates were compelled to abandon their home. The night was very dark and the rain was falling in torrents.

"The family owned three horses, two of these were made to carry three children each, while the mother, baby and the other two children mounted the third horse. They were forced to leave their home so suddenly that these set out into the darkness and storm clad only in their night clothes and without a lantern to help them find their road.

"Seeing lights on a hill near by, they started for that direction. After several hours of wandering the homeless ones reached a cottage. The house was so small that it could afford shelter but for the mother, baby and a sick child about 18-months-old. The other seven children were compelled to remain in the cold and rain the remainder of the night.

"The family needs clothing and other aid, as the water rose to the roof of the house, ruining everything in it, and leaving the members destitute. I am sure the Juniors will all be willing to contribute clothing they can do without. There are four boys and five girls. If you can send anything substantial for this suffering family, send it to Mrs. Benjamin Kyle, Williamstown, Douglass county, Kan."

NEW WAY TO SELL MEDICINE

Schilling Bros. Gives Guarantee Bond With Mi-o-na, the Flesh-Forming Food.

The proprietors of Mi-o-na, the marvelous flesh-forming food and digestion regulator, have made arrangements with Schilling Bros. to sell this remarkable preparation in a new and hitherto unheard of way; furnishing a guarantee bond with every package.

GUARANTEE BOND.

In buying a package of Mi-o-na, the purchaser is requested to have this guarantee signed by Schilling Bros. as their absolute agreement to refund the money if Mi-o-na does not give an increase in weight and cure dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

Signed .....

Schilling Bros. will give the above bond with every 50c box of Mi-o-na they sell. You run no risk in buying Mi-o-na.

For years there has been a demand for a natural means of increasing the flesh and Mi-o-na has come to supply this need. It is not a cod liver oil preparation, but a combination of flesh-forming elements with remedies that regulate and aid digestion and restore health.

Everyone who is troubled with dyspepsia, headache, distress after eating, dizzy feeling or loss of appetite or who is losing weight and in a rundown condition, should take the guarantee bond to Schilling Bros. and commence the use of Mi-o-na at their risk, remembering that the treatment costs you nothing unless it does all that is claimed for it.

DUBLIN DONS HER GAYEST RAIMENT

King Edward and Queen Alexandra Will Arrive There on Tuesday.

VISITORS ARE POURING IN

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1903, by New York Herald Co.)

DUBLIN, July 19.—Excitement in Dublin increases hourly, and by Tuesday, when the king and queen arrive, the enthusiasm should be very great indeed. People are pouring into the city by train and boat, and on Tuesday the scene promises to be very brilliant.

The city of Dublin is really very well decorated, and some of the big buildings, when complete, will look as well as those in London last year for the coronation. The public entry of the king and queen is sure to be very imposing. Headed by the chief commissioners of police, in the first carriage will be seated the lord lieutenant and Princess Victoria, with the king and queen, the duke of Connaught and Gen. Morton riding on the right of the carriage. Then will come an escort of Royal Guards. The four carriages following will contain the most distinguished guests. The viceregal lodge, where their majesties will stay during the week, has undergone considerable alterations for the visit, the decorations, which are very charming, having been personally superintended by Lady Dudley.

The review, which takes place Thursday in Phoenix park, does not seem likely to be very large, as only 15,000 soldiers and 2,000 jackies of the navy will take part in it. Later the same day the king will visit the race course, where all men, to their consternation, have been semi-officially informed they are expected to wear tall hats, a very unusual thing for Phoenix park race course.

The seats have already all been sold out for command night at the theater where Beerbohm Tree's company is to perform. Another attraction for the week is a performance by the London Gaiety Company. No funeral will be allowed to take place in Dublin on Tuesday after 9 a. m., owing to the royal entrance into the city.

JAMES GEARY RECEIVES HIS NEWSPAPER FRIENDS

Pleasant Day Spent at Thalia Villa—Dinner and a Presentation.

Thalia Villa, the beautiful home of James Geary, the advertising manager for Pickering's, has become another name for hospitality. Once every year "Old Man" Geary, as he prefers having himself called, entertains his newspaper friends at his villa, which lies back of the North Side hills off Perrysville avenue. Last evening was selected as the time for getting together for 1903, and it was after 10 o'clock before the last guest departed.

Heretofore Mr. Geary has done all of the "surprising" at these delightful little functions but last night his colleagues and friends got a decided advantage over him, although the advantage was such that Mr. Geary doesn't much object. The advertising solicitors presented him with a handsome gold and diamond pin, a thing so odd and attractive that the police should have a record of it for fear of loss. On the pin is engraved the phrases: "Nuf Ced" and "The eye that never sleeps," words that Mr. Geary has strung from Soho to the North Pole.

With characteristic genius the invitations and menus bore evidence of the fine Italian hand of the host. They were laughably odd. The same unique idea was carried out in and about the house by means of queer signs. There was no mistaking that "Old Man" Geary did it. Everywhere he goes he seems to drop a sign, and he simply blazed his entire villa grounds with what he called "mile posts."

The residence was tastefully decorated for the occasion. There were flowers in abundance. The dinner differed from the ordinary kind in being suitable to hot weather and gave the impression to the 75 representative newspaper men who sat around the festive board that they had not been invited to sip and munch a la invalid, but break bread in the proper sense. Time was not marked by courses.

Of course, everybody wished Mr. Geary long life, and he's bound to get it. There were several witty, informal speeches and plenty of fun.

TREASURE SEEKER DIGS UP LONG BURIED MONEY

Confederate Blockade Runner Hid the Coin While Pursued by Union Vessel.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 19.—It is reported here today that W. W. Haslipp, the Philadelphia treasure seeker, has found the gold and silver which was buried on Warsaw island, off the Georgia coast, during the civil war by a confederate blockade runner to escape capture by a federal vessel. The treasure amounts to several hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. Haslipp was here today making arrangements for the transportation of his find. He would not admit that he had found the money, but he brought a lot of canvas bags and made other arrangements which indicated that he had bullion to transport. Haslipp has been on the island digging for the treasure for more than a week. He obtained the secret of the treasure from Amos Brennen, who was first mate on the confederate blockade runner Lucy Verne, which sailed out of Baltimore for Charleston carrying a large sum in silver and gold. The treasure belonged to the Starke family of Baltimore. Chased by a federal ship the captain of the blockade runner, fearing capture buried the treasure on Warsaw island, where it remained until dug up by Haslipp.

The island is owned by George Parsons, a wealthy New Yorker, and it is possible that he may claim the treasure.

SEARCHING ARCHIVES FOR LOST MANUSCRIPT

Professor Willard Fiske Goes to Europe to Find Old Essay on Chess.

ITHACA, N. Y., July 19.—Prof. Willard Fiske, Cornell university's first librarian and professor of Scandinavian languages and literature, after 30 years' fruitless search for a lost manuscript, has gone to Europe to continue his seach. He is now in Copenhagen, Denmark, where he is looking through the archives and libraries for the manuscript. While Professor Fiske is hunting in Europe, Librarian Harris of Cornell, will make a search through this country.

The manuscript is highly valuable because it contains the first mention of chess by any writer in America. The treatise was written by the Rev. Lewis Rouix in 1734. It is entitled "Critical Remarks Upon the Letter to the Craftsman on the Game of Chess." It was dedicated to William Cosby, governor of New York colony. The paper was never printed.

Professor Fiske saw and handled the original manuscript in 1858, having borrowed it from Dr. George Henry Moore, then time librarian of the New York Historical society. After this death a search was made of the New York library for the volume but without avail. Dr. Moore's books were scattered by auction. Prof. Fiske thinks the manuscript is lying in some attic or hidden in some private collection. Dr. Moore's heirs are scattered all over Europe and America.

Travis Defeats Louis James.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Walter J. Travis, holder of the National amateur golf championship title in 1900 and 1901, defeated Louis N. James, present holder of the title, by 4 up and 2 to play, in a 36-hole match at Glenview links today. In the morning Travis made the course in 77, finishing 6 up on James. James picked up wonderfully in the afternoon and won back 5 holes.

KILLED WHILE GOING TO SEE INJURED BROTHER

Fatal Fall from Street Car of Southside Man and Death from a Barrel.

Frank Rokozsk fell off a street car at Duquesne Saturday night while on his way to the McKeesport hospital to see his brother, who is a patient there with a broken leg. Rokozsk stepped off the car while it was running fast and fell on his head. He died yesterday morning at the house of a friend near by without regaining consciousness. He was a married man, 40 years old, and lived in South Thirtieth street.

John R. Headrick, a painter, whose home was in Conemaugh, died yesterday morning at Mercy hospital from injuries received through "a barrel falling on his chest," as the hospital physician's report to the coroner had it. The body was taken to the morgue, where it was identified by Blair R. Headrick, a brother. The brother knew nothing about the accident. The hospital ambulance had got the man at the Union station, whither he was brought on a train from East Pittsburgh. Headrick was hurt while working for a contractor on one of the Westinghouse Airbrake Company's buildings in East Pittsburgh.

Alexander Radovitch of South Twenty-seventh street was fatally injured on Saturday at the Jones & Laughlin Company's mill. He was working at the end of a crane, and it and another crane came together, crushing him. He was taken to the South Side hospital, where he died yesterday.

MAKES POLITICAL ISSUE OF PANAMA CANAL TREATY

Caro's Filbustering Tactics Indicate the Failure of His Ambitious Schemes.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1903, by New York Herald Co.)

PANAMA, COLOMBIA, July 19.—The Colon bureau reports that recent mail advices from Bogota say Caro's original filibustering tactics against the canal treaty and his efforts to make it a political issue indicate his complete failure and evident political weakness, notwithstanding he controls one-third of the National senators elected during his term of office, whose support, however, is of no practical political value, owing to the fact that the present congress is an extraordinary session, discussing only subjects submitted by Marroquin's government.

Possible candidates for August 4, 1904, are, first, Gen. Rafael Reyes, then Gen. Gonzales Valencia and Rufino Cuervo. Caro is not considered a practical possibility, but a dark horse may come up later. Ex-Dictator Fernandez is out of the race entirely. President Marroquin does not countenance re-election, desiring to retire to private life when his term expires, August 3, 1904.

Regarding canal matters, a quieter feeling is prevailing, but the progress is slow. It is generally admitted that the strongest opposition in the senate is on account of Caro. In the house the opposition is much less. President Marroquin is reported as having admitted that there is strong hostility in congress to the treaty, but says more difficult matters have been passed.

GUARD KEPT BUSY MAKING RESCUES

Vesturesome Bathers Out in Force at Atlantic City Yesterday.

THE WEATHER WAS SPLENDID

Pennsylvania Railroad In Cooperation With Municipal Authorities Contemplates the Construction of Half Mile Track for Matinee Horse Races.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Young's Ocean Pier,
ATLANTIC CITY, July 19.

Though Atlantic City was stormbound yesterday, there was no sign of it today. The morning opened bright and warm and very soon the excursion trains from Philadelphia and New York began unloading at the various terminals. There was just enough roughness in the sea left after the storm to make bathing exciting, and in the middle of the day dressing rooms in the bathrooms came at a premium.

The guards were kept busy in their rescue work. The drownings of last week put them on their mettle, and "rescues" occurred every five minutes. No bather was allowed to get into danger. As soon as the guards thought a venturesome one had gone out far enough he was unceremoniously landed on the beach.

Two Boys May Have Drowned.

Several days of hard work by the police has failed to solve the mystery in the finding of two suits of boys' clothing on the meadows. They were lying alongside of a creek and looked as if the garments had been taken off to wade or swim in the waterway. The clothing was found by Charles Peart, who is employed by the gas company, and George Scott while they were fishing. They turned the clothing over to the police. A search of the pockets brought to light that they had not been voluntarily abandoned, unless there has been some attempt to play a joke. The garments consisted of shoes, stockings and short trousers. In one pocket was found a silk muffler marked "George" in indelible ink. In the other was a linen handkerchief marked "Harold." There was also a return coupon to Philadelphia in one pair of trousers which was dated June 20. There were also 100 cigarette coupons in the clothing. The police notified Camden and Philadelphia, asking if there were any boys of 12 or 13 years missing, but the police of those cities replied in the negative. There is no record here of any boys being missing. The exact locality where the garments were found is on a line with Indiana avenue, on the edge of Clam thoroughfare. There is an island on the other side of Beach thoroughfare. It looks as if the boys had attempted to wade or swim in the waterway. There is considerable soft mud in the creek and if they had tried to wade they could have sunk down over their heads and drowned.

Race Track for Fast Steppers.

Through the activity of local horsemen and the urging of cottagers and visitors in hotels who have fast steppers a half-mile course will come as a new feature of the resort. This information comes from an authoritative source. The track is to be located at the inlet and the Pennsylvania railroad is interested in the project. In fact, the matter has been going along quietly until it has reached a stage where there has been an exchange of opinions between the railroad officials and the horsemen of the city, and the Pennsylvania railroad has officially said that it would undertake its share of the enterprise if the citizens would encourage the feature. The plan which has been decided upon is to merge the baseball park and the shoot-the-chute park at the inlet terminal of the road. More land will be bought if necessary, but they say that there is sufficient ground now to build an oval which would give the steppers a half mile right around the enclosure. The railroad agrees to make it a fine improvement. It will build a new and more substantial fence, a grandstand with modern features and comforts and a club house for the use of the drivers. The suggestion came through the increase in the popularity of the horse show. The Pennsylvania railroad has observed that the show has been eminently successful and are of the opinion that its popularity, the exhibits and the patronage would be increased with the proper facilities. The only advantage the railroad would reap would be the increased travel on the trolley line. The land is worth somewhere near $500,000. Part of it has remained idle for some time and the ball park has not been paying a big revenue to the railroad. There is no intention of shutting out baseball. Provision will be made for a diamond in the inclosure. What is intended is to have the grounds in condition to attract drivers and to run afternoon matinees of fast animals. With a track kept up in perfect condition, as the Pennsylvania would maintain it, it would be a meeting place for many of the leading horsemen of the country. They would bring here their finest animals for exercise and pleasure. The prospect of making it a success is very evident. Furthermore, morning and afternoon races without the objectional feature of bookmaking, but purely for sport, would be of great advantage to the cottage circle and the hotels. There are thousands of visitors who have lamented the absence of more appreciation here of animals. The city has taken the subject up and has built several drives, but while they are a delight to many of the horse owners, more of them are wanted, and likely more of them will be provided when the city officials learn of the advantage drives would be to the business end of the city. The proposition of merging the two parks is to come before council probably at its next meeting, and as councils somewhat "Dessy," there is but little prospect of any opposition from the body to the project.

Guests of the Gazette.

The following Pittsburghers registered at The Gazette bureau during the week:

William H. Baumann, Mrs. Baumann, Willie Decker, William L. Kline, Max Schoenfeld, Alexander Gilliland, Mrs. Gilliland, Charles Hodge Bailey, J. C. Soupp, Samuel Sweet, Sr., Victor Rice, Mrs. Rice, M. A. Rove, Mrs. Rove, Mary Cumming, H. E. Matthews, William C. Block, Beatrice M. Weigell, Daniel D. Houlahen, Harry Zimmer, William O'Brien, Mrs. Joe C. De Noon, Mrs. H. E. Graham, May S. Dullard, John G. Dullard, E. A. Duff, Mrs. Duff, Esther Duff, Arthur Spangler, Mrs. Spangler, Mrs. Rodgers, Mrs. George, Anna George, Charles R. George, Francis C. George, Robert George, Jr., Alex. Carpenter, Otis Carpenter, Herman W. Klein, Mrs. Klein, John Wright, G. B. Tiffany, Mrs. Tiffany, Nathan M. Berk, Anna T. Berk, S. Bernard Berk, F. B. Ertzmann, Emil Ertzmann, Mrs. F. B. Ertzman, Mrs. E. A. Fisher, Sam Walton and family, W. Hoffman, Charles Eberle, Mrs. Eberle, Miss Bertha Eberle, Mrs. John C. Steiner and child, John F. Fister, Sara E. Fister, Kirk Hendrickson, Mrs. Hendrickson, Leonard Schoeller, Roland P. Kredle, W. O. Clark, Mrs. Clark, S. E. Kinsbursky, George W. Wood, Mrs. Wood, Miss May Wood, John McGann, James McGann, Mrs. M. Dammler, Elenora Dammler, Anne Dammler, Robert Dammler, Gertrude Dammler, Mrs. William Mussler and child, Augusta Karns, Dora M. Wylie, Minnie Wylie, M. L. Kelly, Mrs. Kelly, Master Thorsen Kelly, John W. Harger, Mrs. Harger, Mrs. H. Doyle, Miss Mollie Beauford Marshall, H. C. Eccles, D. W. McKenney, Mrs. McKenney, C. Hall, Miss Mamie Rodgers, Mrs. M. Roberts, Mrs. Mary Metz, Joe Kenney, Mrs. Kenney, E. C. Trox, Ivon M. Lowrie, George S. Snyder, Master Artemus C. Leslie, M. G. Leslie, Miss Marie Leslie, Miss Ines B. Leslie, Miss Anna Over, Miss Anna L. Kunkle, Anna Oerting, Carrie L. Reineman, D. M. McFall, Mrs. W. J. McFall, Arthur L. Jamieson, S. M. Ament, Park E. Gibson, John Jayme, H. K. Warner, Mrs. J. M. Hammitt, Isaac E. Hammitt, Mrs. H. P. Gallagher, Charles F. Menges and family, J. P. Rodgers, Mrs. Mary W. Rodgers, Charles McConnell, Jr., Thomas J. Crawford, William A. Carney, George Stoebener, William P. Erb, Mrs. Erb, Mrs. M. J. Wundelich, Margaret McCausland, T. A. Jones, John M. Crow, Edward Crow, Beatrice T. Weigell, Thomas W. Chamberlain, William E. Copeland, W. A. McKean, Mrs. Wm. J. Smith, James Smith, Ada Smith, Marie Heanan, Miss E. Gorley, Miss M. E. Holyland, Miss A. McCrum, A. Vivian, Mrs. Vivian, Miss Vivian, John G. Holsten, A. G. Schoener, R. L. Quicksall, W. H. Fisher, J. K. Fisher, Mrs. J. K. Fisher, Thomas D. Keller, Mrs. Keller, George Hook, Charles H. Hook, Charles Steffler, Mrs. Steffler, Edward Steffler, Howard Hook, Mrs. Charles H. Hook, Alma A. Hook, Martha Patterson, Agnes Crum, John Stengle, Harry Stengle, Mrs. L. Stengle, Mrs. Jacob Klein, Miss Mary McCafferty, Miss Jean Templeton, Gertrude A. Briggs, Miss Netta L. Nelson, Miss K. M. Mills, Mrs. A. P. McAleer, A. C. Sehn, C. D. Clark, Dr. E. A. Ross, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. R. W. Morrison, P. S. Creuch, Mrs. Crouch, Charles Daley, William Madigan, R. M. Fiser, Dr. Mary J. Cosbran, John L. Cadwallader, Miss Blanche Erwin, M. L. Martin, Mrs. Martin, Luella Martin, Will H. Martin, Albert M. Martin, Mrs. E. A. Martin, Mrs. G. A. Zinkel, E. E. Webb, R. S. Zehnder, Fred Waide, John A. Murphy, John Costello, Dr. E. F. Logan, Mrs. Logan.

W. C. LITTLE

THE DEATH ROLL

Miss Augusta Clark.

Miss Augusta Clark of Pittsburgh, aged 74, died suddenly yesterday morning while on a visit to her niece, Mrs. George A. Wardlow, of No. 870 Cherry street, Elizabeth, N. J. Miss Clark was of keen intellect and remarkable memory. She was born at Newburg, N. Y., and was a cousin of the late Gen. W. W. Belknap, secretary of war under President Grant. She was also a cousin of Edmund Clarence Stedman, the author. Mrs. Wardlow, Francis L. Clark, is a mechanical engineer for the Westinghouse Airbrake Company of this city. The body was shipped to Pittsburgh last evening.

J. S. Anderson.

J. S. Anderson, aged 45, died yesterday morning at the Passavant hospital of pleurisy. He had been admitted only the evening before. The deceased man was the eldest son of D. S. and the late Jane S. Anderson of No. 435 Bidwell avenue, Wilkinsburg. Funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

Martin Francis.

Martin Francis of No. 6319 Shakespeare street died yesterday at the age of 83. For years he had been a well-known blacksmith in the East End, and when he retired he made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Elia May, at the house where he died. He was in good health until a few days ago, and finally succumbed to old age.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Edward Sheets of California, Pa., is dead at her home. She was a daughter of Deputy Sheriff Samuel J. Howe.

Patrick S. Crawford, aged 30, husband of Christian Crawford, nee Exler, died at his home, No. 1403 Preble street, Allegheny, yesterday at noon. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning, and a requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock.

PERSONALS

Felipe Valle, director of the National Astronomical observatory at Tacubaya, Mexico, is at the Seventh Avenue. He is here securing a 10-inch spectroscope and some magnetic apparatus. He will confer with Acting Chancellor John A. Brashear today regarding the purchase of the instruments. After filling his mission in Pittsburgh he will go to Europe, where he will attend the International geodetic conference, which will be held at Copenhagen. Speaking of the progress of the science in Mexico, he said: "Mexico has powerful instruments. It has a lens measuring 20 inches in the aperture, a 10-inch telescope, and several cameras for making surveys. I, with 17 others, are making an inspection of the southern celestial hemisphere. Major comprises one district of the earth. It is the intention to survey the heavens from all parts of the world. To do this the earth has been divided into districts. Each district will make a report within two more years of the findings. When all the district reports are compiled into one treatise it will be the most complete scientific work ever published. Mexico is building a new observatory 10 miles southeast of Tacubaya. The construction of a street car line has made it impossible to use the present observatory in a satisfactory manner. The new one will be 9,000 feet above sea level, while the present one is 8,500 feet."

Einar Lubcke of Copenhagen, Denmark, is at the Henry. He is a mechanical engineer. His mission to this country is to install an invention on telephones. The apparatus is attached to the receiver. It is somewhat on the plan of a phonograph. When a person speaks over the wire and the man at the other end of the line is absent, the message will record itself. When the person returns, he can start the instrument, the phonograph will repeat, and the message spoken from the initial end will repeat. The receiver works automatically, and when a person leaves his office he arranges the phone so that it will record all words spoken on his line during his absence. P. W. Welsh, the New York representative of the inventor, will arrive in Pittsburgh today to assist Mr. Lubcke in installing the apparatus on several phones to prove their worth. They will remain in the city several days.

Thomas H. Kirk, state superintendant of public schools of instruction of California, passed through the city last night over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. His home is in Sacramento. He attended the national convention of educators in Boston. It lasted a week, closing last Friday. He said that the public schools of California are in a flourishing condition. The enrollment is increasing every year.

Frank A. Brobst and wife, proprietor of the Lincoln hotel, will leave tonight on a six weeks' pleasure trip. They will first visit New York, then Boston, where they will board a steamer and sail to Halifax. They will also visit Sidney and Newfoundland. Frank B. Kirk of Cleveland, a prominent coal operator, will accompany them on the tour.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The nearby residents registered at the local hotels last night were as follows:

Victoria—T. H. Martindale, Altoona; T. W. Butcher, Titusville; R. Maxwell, Beaver Falls, and J. P. Patterson, Salem.

Anderson—V. L. Hohn, Youngstown; J. G. McClarey, Johnstown, and W. McCabe, Jeanette.

Monongahela House—W. C. Beerits, Somerset; P. L. Weaver, Steelton, and L. E. Yoder, Fairmount.

Duquesne—William Wilkins, Wheeling.

Griswold—Harry Carter, Uniontown, and D. D. Nolan, Sistersville.

Lincoln—S. M. Edwards, Wheeling.

Seventh Avenue—H. E. Franklin, Suter; P. E. Forsythe, Punxsutawney; G. N. Bolan, Greensburg; T. W. Mercer, Connellsville, and T. G. Simmers, Canton.

Henry—John V. Curdival, Washington; F. B. Henderson, Steubenville, and F. C. Thorpe, Johnstown.

Newells—D. Y. Silversmith, Greensburg.

SEYMOUR BARRINGTON TOO ILL TO STAND TRIAL

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The preliminary trial of "Lord" F. Seymour Barrington, charged with the murder of James P. McGann, which was set for tomorrow in Justice Campbell's court, will probably be postponed. Barrington is in Clayton jail, threatened with typhoid fever. Saturday his temperature was 103½, and today his condition was not changed.

A PICTURE WELL WORTH SEEING.

Chartran's Famous $25,000 Painting of Pope Leo Now on View in the Union Savings Bank.

The masterpiece of that noted Frenchman, M. Chartran, in which an exact likeness of the venerable Pope Leo XIII. is reproduced, is now hung in the Union Savings bank, Frick building, and all are invited by the bank to view it. This is the painting which has been attracting world-wide attention. It is said to be the best and most exact portrait of the pope in existence.

BILLS ARE TOO HIGH

when you use coal in the home, and coal is dirty, too. Natural gas is clean and economical and does not heat whole house up from kitchen range. The coal wasted starting fire for a meal, then letting fire die out after meal is cooked, would pay for gas to do the same work. If you apply this month at office of Philadelphia Company, 435 Sixth avenue, you can have service connections made and meter set free.

Fine Color Work and Pictures in The Sunday Gazette Appreciated.

Pittsburgh is not known alone for its industrial supremacy, but it also in the last few years has gained a reputation as an artistic center. This is shown by the large crowds that turn out to see the pictures at the Carnegie gallery and by the interest shown in the many private displays held hereabout. A further proof of this is the interest shown in the high-class pictures printed in The Sunday Gazette. No newspaper in the country prints better pictures than does The Gazette, and thousands of papers are away behind it in this respect. That it is appreciated is shown by the encomiums that pour into The Gazette office in regard to the pictures and the fine color work. The three sections of The Sunday Gazette printed in colors yesterday and the accompanying high-class reading matter were revelations of what can be done at the present time by modern printing methods with the latest presses. The subjects treated were varied, and the comic department was especially interesting.

Bradys Bend, the Allegheny river town that once had a great reputation—when the large iron works were located there—and which lately has shown signs of renewed activity, was written up in a bright manner in The Sunday Gazette yesterday. All through the seven sections and 50 pages of the great paper could be found interesting and well-written articles on all kinds of subjects. Besides, there was the news of all the world, and The Gazette prints the news when it is news, and not after it is several days old.

No matter what is wanted, it can be found through a perusal of the columns of The Sunday Gazette, for advertisers who want results announce it in The Gazette and always get returns. This is the reason of the constantly increasing advertising patronage.

A few of the special articles in The Sunday Gazette yesterday were as follows: How Modern Man Is Made Beautiful, Toronto Street Railway System, The Only Gorilla in the United States, Coon Hollow Folks, Children's Page, Arrarat Kids and Brownies, Mother Goose Jingles, The Most Remarkable River, Buster Brown, The Summer Girl, Romance of the Cloak, Life in Old Algiers, How Ridgway Makes the Weather, Is the Universe Infinite? The Modern Mermaid, Bullfrogs, Theatrical, Books and Summer Resorts.

FELS-NAPTHA

It's different now

with Fels-Naptha soap saving all the hard work and half the time.

It's different from other soaps. You need no boiling water, and have no smell of steaming clothes in the house.

It's different, because it quickly washes out grease, grime, blood, and other spots and stains. Harms nothing.

Of your grocer

The STRONG BANK.

Capital and Surplus $2,050,000.00.

Interest at the rate of 4% Compounded Semi-Annually.

Send for our booklet BANKING by MAIL.

North American Savings Co.

Fourth Ave. and Market St.

SCOTT OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE

628 PENN AVENUE.

MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.

Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies

General Offices at SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

Summer Fur Repairing

Mid-summer is the ideal time for having your furs repaired or made over—

The new styles are all in—our full force is at work and prices are considerably lower than will be possible during the rush of the regular season—

Paulson Bros. Co.
441 Wood St.

Hear your neighbors' "There's nothing quite so handy as the Bell Residence Phone"—

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Tel. Grant 1700 or 1794.
Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave.

BINDLEY HARDWARE CO.

SEVENTH AVE. & GRANT ST.

PITTSBURGH

EVERY THING IN HARDWARE

"I Can't Go

I've such a terrible headache," need never be said again. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills quickly cure and positively prevent headache and all bodily pain. No opiates, non-laxative, nevercake in bulk. Guaranteed. All druggists. 25 doses 25 cents. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

PRICES HAVE REACHED AN ATTRACTIVE LEVEL

Plungers Have Been Eliminated from the Situation and Shrewd Buyers Are in Evidence.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, July 19.—Wall street is congratulating itself upon the manner in which the security market during the week withstood its most recent outburst of liquidation. Had anyone 10 months ago ventured the opinion that active shares and standard investment stocks could be reduced 20 to 100 points unattended by a single failure such a person would have been thought a fitting candidate for an asylum.

Men there were, a few, possessing sufficient clearness of vision to detect the impending storm and courage sufficient to brave the jibes of the multitude in expressing their views, but the majority were firm believers in the theories of the western plunger, who, just about one year ago now, held that the boom was only just about to start and that London would begin to buy when prices advanced some 40 points higher than the existing range.

There has been something of an awakening during the interval. The plungers have disappeared, or are disappearing, one by one, and are more often heard of now at rest cures or health resorts.

What Wall street has accomplished by the sustained and extensive liquidation (and this constitutes the most hopeful feature of the situation in its bearing upon the security market) is that a level has been reached for certain stocks, which proves attractive to investment buyers.

This is not saying that these same stocks might not go lower if the necessity again arises among overburdened promoters to protect loans or unsatisfactory ventures by the sale of good stocks. Such a contingency, however, does not alter the fact that on several occasions, and by repeated depressions, the point has been made clear that some good stocks are scraping very near bottom and that men with ready cash stand prepared to buy them on each and every decline.

At the same time the readiness with which important interests will participate in attractive offerings, such as the Pennsylvania stock underwriting syndicate, or the Hocking Valley, Burlington or Union Pacific 5 per cent loans, is a clear enough indication that money is available for highly attractive undertakings.

In the Oil Fields

Oil producers and operators in all fields experienced a realization of their long-expected hopes during the past week when the purchasing agencies posted advanced quotations for credit balances of all grades of crude. When the new figures for the Pennsylvania crude were posted it caused no great surprise for the reason that such a move had been anticipated for some time. A higher market is nothing more than could be expected as a sequence to the conditions that now and then have prevailed for many months. Those who have kept in touch with field developments from month to month and at the same time have taken note of the relative position of production and consumption have known that some kind of inducement must be held out to the operator if he is to keep up the pace he has been going for months in the search for new production. Never in the history of the industry has a greater need been made to discover new producing territory than is now witnessed in all fields and the failure to reach the desired is attested each month by continuous drain on the stocks in the storage tanks throughout the region.

A comparison of the runs and shipments for the first half of the current month indicates that the conditions for the close will be a repetition of other months. A glance at the figures furnished by the pipe lines making daily reports of the busines transacted, show that the shipments from the Buckeye pipe lines and those handling Pennsylvania and Kentucky oil exceeded the runs of the Lima fields a little more than 28,000 barrels in excess of the shipments, but the runs from the Northwestern Ohio and Indiana fields fell below the shipments for the corresponding period 126,641 barrels, and the stocks had to be drawn on to that extent to meet the demand. Braxton Creek is the main source of production in the eastern fields. The remainder of the month may bring about a change, but it is not likely that it will reverse the present conditions.

Developments in the fields during the past week differed little if any from former weeks. In every quarter where there is the least chance of getting new production the display of energy is most remarkable. Within the limits known to be productive operators are pushing developments with all possible speed. Nine discoveries had no part in the work of the week in the lower fields in West Virginia. In the old Fairview district in Marion county the fifth sand development presented a better well than had been previously found in that territory. It is the property of the South Penn Oil Company and is this company's No. 4 on the M. S. Brockover farm, located to the west of the defined limits of the fifth sand development. The well was producing 100 barrels a day, but on Thursday was drilled a little deeper and its production increased to 300 barrels, and the gauge Saturday morning showed a still increasing production and registered 380 barrels. The location and age of the well makes the outlook for expanding the producing area very promising, and as these deep wells have the merit of good stayers it is confidently expected that the Hundred Foot Sand in the Fairview district may at some future time become a factor in supplying new production.

The production of the South Penn Oil Company's gusher on the Thomas J. Showalter farm to the north of the Pine Grove extension in Wetzel county has struck the down grade. A week ago last Saturday the gauge for the preceding 24 hours was 370 barrels. For the corresponding time for the week just closed, the production was 218 barrels. It has now been four weeks since this well was drilled in and made the sensational start of 50 barrels an hour. In the vicinity of this strike there is the greatest activity and fast time is being made on some of the wells now drilling. When these tests have been completed it will be no surprise if it is found that some of the new pools of the south of the Showalter in production. In the older part of the Pine Grove extension the greatest activity prevails and some of the important tests in the west of the field are nearing the interesting point.

The Folsom district in the same county still shows great activity, but the results are different from those of some months ago, when the production was in the ascendency. Nearly all of the new wells are coming small and quite frequently a failure is noted. On the east side several wells of good promise have been encountered, but they offer but a limited extension to the producing territory in that direction.

Satisfactory progress is making in the new work in the Gordon sand district, southwest of Littleton, Wetzel county. By the close of the month some of the test wells now drilling should reach the sand. There is a large scope of territory in this locality that is expected to furnish average producers.

Northeast of the old Pink district in Lewis county, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled in a second test on the Walsh farm that promises to open up a small extension to the Gantz territory. The well produced 50 barrels the first 14 hours after it was drilled into the sand.

After a long and fruitless search for a new pool in the shallow sand territory in Pleasants county, the prospects have brightened. At the mouth of McKim creek, east of St. Mary's Ambler & Zahniser have drilled in a test on the Cunningham farm that is producing 100 barrels a day from the Cow Run sand. It is thought that this strike presages a new pool, such as the county has been famous for in the past. In the older shallow sand districts in this county, operations have been increasing for several months. Small wells and a large percentage of dusters have been the rule. The fact that it is cheap territory to operate has been one of the incentives for continued developments.

Ritchie county has nothing to offer in the way of new producing territory. The drill is sent bouncing in the old developments, but the developments to the old pools have been well worked over. But one wild cat was completed in Calhoun county during the week. It is the Lowther Oil Company's second test on the Bennett farm and is good for 40 barrels a day in the Berea grit. The location is inside of defined limits and opens up nothing new.

The usual number of wells were completed in the various districts in Southeastern Ohio during the past week, but none of great importance attached to any of them. Several were test wells but they came in dusters. The Unity Oil Company secured one of this kind on the Margaret Cooper farm near Monroefield, Munroe county. This test was expected to find production in the Big Lime.

South of the Harper district in the same county, the Ann Oil Company had a similar experience at its test on the Brown farm.

Near Dexter City, Noble county, and in the Wolf Creek district in Washington county, some good producers as well as dusters were completed. In the new development on Sheets run, in Washington county, one small producer and a duster was the offering for the week.

In Sycamore valley, Monroe county, operators are showing a disposition to drill for the small Berea grit pumpers that can be had in that locality. Two dozen rather promising five barrels a day, but at this time when new producing territory is hard to find, operators prefer to drill for small wells rather than take chances on big ones.

In no part of the local fields is there anything to attract attention. Southwest of Zelienople, in Beaver county, the 100-foot development that looked rather promising two months ago, the new wells are a disappointment.

The Three Rivers

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, July 19.—River 11.6 feet and rising. The Florence Marmet, D. T. Lane and J. B. Lewis are due with coal from the Kanawha.

WHEELING—River 6 feet 3 inches. Up, Bessie Smith, Pittsburgh, 4 p. m.; Kanawha, Pittsburgh, 8:30 a. m.; Keystone State, Pittsburgh, 3 p. m. Down, Lorena, Zanesville, 8 a. m.

MARIETTA—River 5.5 feet and falling. The Lorena for Zanesville at 7 p. m.

LOUISVILLE—River rising with 5 feet 6 inches in the canal, 3 feet 4 inches on the falls, and 9 feet 6 inches below the locks.

PARKERSBURG—River 7 feet and falling. No boats.

POINT PLEASANT—River 5 feet 10 inches and falling. Greenwood passed down.

STEUBENVILLE—River 6 feet and rising. Rain. Up, Hornet No. 2 at 7 a. m.; Ed Roberts at noon, John Moren at 3 p. m., Kanawha at noon. Bessie Smith at noon.

GALLIPOLIS—River 7 feet 5 inches and falling.

WARREN—River 2 feet.

OIL CITY—River 3 feet 8 inches and rising. Showers.

READY FOR THE RISE.

Enough Coal Will Go Out Today to Last the South Until Fall.

The rivermen were a busy set of men yesterday. Word reached the city early yesterday morning that a heavy fall of rain in the mountains would swell the rivers to a navigable depth. The officials of the Monongahela Consolidated Coal & Coke Company commenced at once to prepare for the rise. They ordered all loaded boats to be brought to the city and strung into towa. By evening ten large fleets were ready for the expected rise. As more rain fell in the mountains during yesterday it was decided not to send out the coal until this morning. By being able to wait until today more coal boats from up-river points will be brought to the wharf by the time of the rise, when they can be included in the down going fleets. This rise will give the coal shippers ample opportunity to send south all the coal that is required in the southern markets until fall, when the rivers are generally navigable.

James Moren arrived at the Pittsburgh wharf yesterday from Cincinnati.

The regular Sunday excursions were not as well patronized yesterday as they have been.

VETERAN FIRE FIGHTER KILLED BY STREET CAR

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—Maj. Edward Hughes, Louisville's veteran fire chief, was run over and killed this afternoon by a trolley car. Maj. Hughes was one of the best known fire chiefs in the country, and had been at the head of the Louisville fire department for 25 years until recently, when he was retired on half pay. He was a picturesque character and had been a fire fighter for more than 50 years. He was on the way to the house of a friend and when he stepped off the car at Beechwood he was run down by a car coming in the opposite direction.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF MARKET PRICES

Oats Weak at Reduced Figures. Corn Strong and Higher—Produce Generally Lower.

Steady conditions have prevailed in the hay situation for a week past, and there has been no change in quotations for any grade. While the market has not gained any strength, it has managed to hold to its position without any additional weakness, receipts having been moderate. Some new timothy has arrived, but not enough to have much effect on the situation and has sold for prices from $1 to $1.50 per ton below ruling figures for old. Straw has been in very scant supply, and quotations are the same as those of a week ago. Oats are weak and have declined twice the last production going into effect on Saturday, with the situation quiet. Corn, both ear and shelled, is firm at higher prices, very light receipts having caused the market to advance. There is no change in the milling centers, bran is fairly steady, but bran is easy at lower figures. Rye has declined 1c per bushel.

Flour prices are maintained at the same ranges as at the opening of the week, with the market steady as quoted. There has been some fluctuation in the speculative wheat market, but very little change in cash wheat, while the jobbing and milling centers has been somewhat curtailed. Coffee is unchanged and without special feature, although there has been some intimation that a stronger feeling would prevail. Sugar is firm, and declined 10 points at the close of the week, making a total gain of 20 points in the price of refined inside of 10 days. Improvement in the demand is noticed, and refiners have not been slow to take advantage of the situation, alded in this move by a stronger raw market. Stocks are larger in first hands than they were at this time last year, on account of the slow demand which characterized trade during the spring and early summer, but a quickening of request will soon cause consumption to gain on production, for usually at this time demand is ahead of supply. Cereal foods are a little easier, but no general change has taken place in quotations. Beans are steady at former prices. Molasses and syrups are unchanged. Salt fish are steady at unchanged quotations. Compared a week ago, prices not falling as rapidly as was expected. Canned corn is very strong, and prices for standards have advanced, while spot stocks are very light. Other canned goods are unchanged, ing up of spot corn before new packs are ready for market, for even now it is hard to secure supplies in any great quantity. Other canned goods are unchanged, tomatoes continuing very weak, with demand quiet. Dried and evaporated fruits hold their own, without change of quotations, while request is light.

There has been a decline in southern potatoes, while home grown are at any former time this season, while home stock is held at same figures as last week. Onions are unchanged. Cucumbers are abundant and offer at low figures. Cabbage is coming forward in barrels, and quotations are easier. Beets and parsley have declined, while radishes are selling at old prices. Spinach remains high, with supplies scarce. String beans closed the week a little stronger, at the opening, while peas are much lower, a sharp decline occurring early in the week. Home corn is not yet in the market, but southern stock is unchanged, with but little arriving. Home grown tomatoes have commenced to arrive, and are fairly plentiful.

Cantaloupes and watermelons are lower than at the beginning of the week. Peaches are just about holding their own; although the situation is a little easier. Cherries continue to arrive in fair supply. Raspberries are slightly lower in price, few offerings on Saturday. Currants are scarce and higher. There is little change in tropical fruits, although California cherries, apricots, peaches and plums are high the week. California pears were new arrivals during the week.

Chickens advanced on Monday, and have remained high ever since. Receipts are much smaller than they were a week ago, and demand more than takes care of all arrivals. Other poultry unchanged.

Butter remained unchanged last Monday, and the week. Cheese is unchanged except Ohio and Wisconsin Swiss, which is offering lower for new, old having about disappeared. Eggs are just about steady at former prices.

A slight decline has occurred in the price of pure lard, while small hams have advanced. Other provisions unchanged.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 23 cars hay, 1 car hay and straw, 19 cars oats, 3 cars feed, 6 cars corn, 1 car rye; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 1 car hay, 1 car oats; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 1 car hay, 1 car oats. Total receipts, 57 cars.

Hay, No. 1 timothy...$18.50@19.00	Rye, No. 2
do No. 2 do ...16.50@17.50	Mich.....58@58½c
No. 1 clov.$12.00@13.00	White middlings, 2. ton..$19.50@20.00
do mix..$14.50@15.50	do brown.$18.50@19.00
Loose from store, ton..18.00@19.00	Bran, ton..17.50@18.00
Straw, oat..$8.50@9.50	Wheat, No. 2 red.....70@71c
do wheat..$8.50@9.50	Corn.
do rye...$11.00@11.50	No. 2 yel. shell..58@59c
Oats, No. 2 white...43½@44c	High mix.....56@57c
do No. 3...43½@44c	No. 2, mix.....57c
do No. 4...41½@42c	No. 3 yel. ear..53@55c
	High mix.....56@57c

GROCERIES

Flour.	Sugar, 5-lb cotton bags.....5.25c
Fancy spg.p.$4.75@4.80	do powdered.....5.20c
Fancy win. pat...$4.85	do pow'd xxxx..5.25c
Straight win.$3.40@3.60	do cubes.....5.20c
Bakers spr..$3.40@3.50	do conf. loaf.....5.40c
Rye.....$3.40@3.60	do coff. A.4.90@5.00c
Graham.....$4.00@4.10	do No. 1 yellow.4.75c
Cornmeal, bbl....$3.25	do No. 2 yellow.4.70c
do 10-lb cotton bags.....18@19c	do No. 3 yellow.4.65c
Rolled oats, bbl...$5.50	Beans.
do kegs.....$2.90	Marrow, bu..$3.00@3.10
Roasted Coffee.	Navy, H. P...$2.45@2.50
Rio.....9@12c	Navy, ord....$2.35@2.40
Santos.....12½@13½c	Red kidney..$3.40@3.50
Maracaibo.....17@17½c	Cal. lima, lb..5½@6c
Peaberry.....11@15c	Peas, dried, bu.....$1.70@1.75
Golden Rio ..12½@14c	do split, lb.....4c
Caracol.....19@19½c	Oil, carbon, 110 deg.....11c
Standard pigs...9.55c	do headlight.....11c
High g'de.14.30@16.50c	do water white...12c
Molasses, fancy new.....$30.00	do Ohio W. W. test 130 deg.....12c
do half bbls...$15.50	do miners.....26@32c
do quar. bbls...$8.00	do special brands.....20@43c
Mackerel, No. 1	Rice, ex. fancy.....7½@7¾c
mess.....$30.00	do fancy Japan.....5½@6¼c
do half bbls...$15.50	do choice Carolina.....5@6½c
do quar. bbls...$8.00	Salt, No. 1, bbl...$1.00
Mackerel, No. 2	do No. 1 extra...$1.10
shore.....$18.00	do gran. rock.....85c
do half bbls...$9.50	do pocket...$1.05@1.10
do quar. bbls...$5.00	do dairy.....$1.35
do 10-lb pails...$2.25	
do 10-lb pails...$2.15	
Lake herring, 100 lbs.....$3.75	
do 50-lb quar.....$1.40	
do 10 lb.....53c	

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std. wh. $1.10	Plums, damson ...$1.00
do gal. $2.90@3.00	do California ...$1.40
do California	Raspberries ...55@60c
L. C.....$1.50@2.35	Gooseberries ...95c@$1.00
do Mary-land.....$1.15@1.65	Tomatoes, standard...50@67½c
do California.....$1.50@2.00	do gal.....$1.20@1.30
Y. F....$1.80@2.00	do gal.....$3.50@5.60
Corn, fancy.$1.25@1.45	Succotash, 1-lb cans.....65c@$1.40
do std....$1.10@1.15	Baked beans, 3-lb tomato sc..80c@$1.40
Cherries, red & white....$2.20@2.25	Salmon, doz..$5c@$2.05
Lima beans..$1.25@1.40	Chipped beef $2.25@2.75
do soaked.....75@85c	Corned and roast beef, 2-lb cans ...$2.35@2.40
String beans, 2-lb..65c	do 1-lb cans.....$1.30@1.35
do 3-lb 85c	Sardines, domestic, ¼s...$2.50@2.65
Stringless beans ...$1.25@1.75	do mustards..$ & $2.75
Peas, marrow-fat ...95c@$1.05	do French.$5.00@15.75
do early June...$1.00@1.30	Mackerel, broiled...$1.90@2.50
do soaked.....60@65c	
Apples, 3s.....$1.00	
gal cans.$2.20@2.25	
Pineapples ..$1.00@2.20	

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags.....7½@11c	Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes...7@8c
do 25-lb boxes...8¼@11¼c	do Ondara
Apples, bulk..6¾@7½c	Val.....9¼@10c
do 1-lb cartons.....7½@8½c	do 1-lb pkgs.9¼@10¼c
Peaches.....7@10c	Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50 lb pkgs .....6¾@7c
Raspberries ..20@27½c	Prunes .....3½@10½c
Raisins, loose, 1-lb pkgs.9¼@10¼c	

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small.$8.00@$8.10	Alfalfa .....$8.50@9.00
do mammoth...$8.10@$8.20	Millet .....$1.25@1.50
do crimson.....$4.75@5.00	Grass, Hungarian.....90c@$1.10
do white Dutch.$10.00@20.00	do lawn, lb...15@20c
Alsike .....$8.75@9.00	do blue, 14-lb bu.....$1.50@1.75
	do red top, 14-lb bu..$1.10@2.00
	Timothy .....$1.85@1.95

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess.....$30.00	Mackerel, No. 2, shore.....$18.00
do half bbls...$15.50	do half bbls...$9.50
do quar. bbls...$8.00	do quar. bbls...$5.00
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbls...$26.00	do 10-lb pails...$2.25
do half bbls...$13.50	do 10-lb pails...$1.15
do quar. bbls...$6.75	Lake herring, 100 lbs.....$3.75
do 10-lb pails...$2.75	do 50-lb quar.....$1.40
do 10-lb pails...$1.45	do 10 lb 53c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, Louisville.....$2.25@2.50	Egg plant, doz.....75c@$1.00
do home, bu...$1.00	Garlic, lb.....7@10c
Onions, bbl...$2.00@2.25	Carrots, doz bunches 25c
do hamp's.60c@$1.00	String beans, bu.70c@$1
do home, bu.....$1.25	Cauliflower, doz.....$2.00@2.25
do new, doz..10@15c	Rhubarb, doz...20@25c
Cucumbers, hothouse.....50@60c	Watercress, doz..15@20c
do North Carolina, bbls.....$1.25@1.50	Tomatoes, Tenn., 4-basket carrier.....50@65c
do home grown, bu.....$1.50@2.00	do Jersey, bu .....$1.25@1.50
Cabbage, new, crate.....$1.75@2.00	do home, bu.....$2.00@2.50
do bbls....$2.25@2.50	Beets, doz 25c
Loose from store, bu.....$1.50@2.00	Brussels sprouts, quart.....12@14c
Parsley, doz....10c@15c	Mushrooms, lb..20@40c
Radishes, doz.....20c	Peppers, green, crate .....$1.50@2.75
Spinach, bu..75c@1.00	Peas, basket.$1.00@1.75
Celery, Kalamazoo..15@25c	do hamp. bu.....$1.50
Kale, bu.....25@30c	Squash, crate .....$2.25@2.50
Lettuce, home, doz.....40@50c	do home, basket.$1.00
	Corn, doz.....30@35c

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy bbl .....$2.50@4.00	Watermelons, each .....25@50c
do ba ket.$1.00@1.25	Blackberries ...9@11c
Cherries, No. 1...10@12c	Huckleberries ...9@11c
Peaches, Ga.$2.50@2.75	Raspberries, black ...12½@13c
Cantaloupes, crate.....$1.75@2.00	do red .....12@17c
do basket..35c@$1.00	Currants, red ...12@15c
	Gooseberries ...09@8c

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, Messina.....$4.50@5.00	Bananas, large, $1.50@1.75
do Californ.....$3.00@3.50	do small....$1.00@1.25
Limes, per 100...$1.00	Grape fruit, California.....$3.00@4.00
Oranges, California navel...$2.50@3.25	Pineapples, box .....$4.00@4.50
do California seedlings.$2.25@2.75	Cherries, California box $2.00
Cocoanuts, bags, $2.50	Apricots, box.....$1.25
Pears, California, box .....$1.25@1.75	Plums, California, box .....$1.50@1.75

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	Cheese, Ohio Swiss, tubs .....18@13½c
Prints .....22@23c	do Wis. Swiss, new .....14@14½c
Tubs .....22½@23c	do Limburger.....14@14½c
Ohio cream.....20@21½c	do 20-lb block Swiss, new .....14@14½c
Dairy .....16@17c	do limburger.....10@11c
Country roll.....15@16c	Eggs at mark..16c@16½c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream.....11@11½c	do candled.....17@18c
do Ohio .....10@11c	
do ¾ crm..10@10½c	

POULTRY

Live hens, lb....13@14c	Roosters .....12@13c
Live spring .....16@17c	Turkeys, fresh dressed 18c
Roosters .....6@7c	do frozen .....20@22c
Turkeys .....10@11c	Ducks 18c
Geese .....8@10c	Pigeons, per pair .....18@20c
Ducks .....14@15c	Capon, lb. 25c
Dressed hens ..10@17c	L. I. ducks 21c
Dressed springs.20@23c	
Roasters 18c	

PROVISIONS.

Hams.	Breakfast bacon,
16 lbs and up....13½c	back strips 12c
Over 14 to 16 lbs.13½c	Dry salt sides, extra
Over 16 to 24 lbs.13½c	short clears...10¼c
10 lbs and under.14½c	Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs...10¼c
Skinned 13c	do 16 to 20 lbs...10½c
Boneless boiled...20½c	do under 16 lbs.10½c
California 9½c	Dry salt shoulders, extra
Shoulders, N. Y. cut 10c	short clears...11¼c
do skinned 10½c	Bellies, 20 to 25
Breakfast bacon, rib to 10 lbs and under.13½c	lbs.....10¼c
do 10 to 12 lbs...13c	do 16 to 20 lbs...10½c
do back strips....12c	do under 16 lbs.11¼c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs.....14c	Lard, pure, tierces.....8½c
do 10 to 12 lbs.13½c	

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy 8c	Green salt or cured
do light, under 60 lbs and cows, all weights.....7c	No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs...8½c
No. 1 green bulls...6c	do No. 2 .....8c
Calfskins, No. 1....9c	Cows and light steers 8c
do No. 2.....7c	Calfskin, No. 1...10½c
	do No. 2.....9c

CHANCE FOR INVESTORS.

Consolidated Lake Superior Company Offers Subscription Privilege to Stockholders.

The Consolidated Lake Superior Company pursuant to a resolution of the board of directors adopted recently, offers to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1903, the privilege of subscribing to $12,500,000 out of a total of $15,000,000 of 30-year 4 per cent collateral trust gold bonds.

These bonds will be secured by the stocks of all subsidiary companies and by mortgage bonds of these subsidiary companies. The properly thus pledged as collateral represents a cash investment of more than $25,000,000. Stockholders have the right to subscribe for these bonds in the proportion of 1,000 of bonds for 80 shares of either common or preferred stock, payment for the bonds to be made at the rate of $800 for each bond of $1,000.

Buffalo Punishes a Boy.

JERSEY CITY, July 19.—(Special.)—Herbert Genthy, 17 years old, and other boys, amused themselves this afternoon by teasing a herd of buffalo belonging to Pawnee Bill's circus. One of the animals became enraged and turning quickly caught Genthy on his horns and tossed him over the fence. The boy's left arm was broken.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the Associated Banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house for the week ended July 18.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of New York, N. B. A.	$ 16,559,000	$ 2,361,000	$ 1,556,000	$ 14,478,000	$ 1,782,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	19,758,000	2,861,000	2,156,000	24,259,000	
Merchants' National Bank	11,503,200	2,454,500	1,174,200	13,982,900	
Mechanics' National Bank	22,000,000	1,505,000	1,604,000	22,320,000	
Bank of America	21,187,200	3,878,800	2,378,100	25,188,000	
Phenix National Bank	4,415,000	722,000	262,000	4,130,000	49,000
National City Bank	120,200,900	24,606,900	7,912,800	119,048,900	5,460,700
Chemical National Bank	28,722,300	3,146,000	2,156,700	22,852,100	
Merchants Exchange Nat. Bank	5,116,500	846,400	375,800	5,458,000	297,200
Gallatin National Bank	7,461,000	697,900	694,800	4,544,500	595,300
Nat. Butchers & Drovers Bank	2,982,500	546,900	45,200	2,927,500	46,200
Mechanics & Traders Bank	1,945,000	343,000	430,000	4,050,000	
Greenwich Bank	2,781,800	1,000,000	104,700	1,718,000	
Leather Manufacturers Nat. Bank	4,540,100	655,200	400,000	4,368,800	482,000
American Exchange Nat. Bank	28,325,600	3,515,000	2,363,000	21,991,000	4,206,000
National Bank of Commerce	72,054,400	10,103,900	5,730,200	69,611,700	2,917,500
Mercantile National Bank	22,067,900	2,590,600	1,382,600	21,382,600	1,918,400
Pacific Bank	3,902,700	371,700	506,100	4,048,000	
Chatham National Bank	6,027,800	523,000	980,000	5,902,000	49,200
Hanover National Bank	7,977,700	101,000	584,700	7,543,900	
Nat. Bank of North America	15,077,000	790,200	1,547,000	13,464,100	1,548,500
Hanover National Bank	45,649,700	8,130,500	3,705,000	54,474,000	2,274,000
National Park Bank	6,282,600	1,054,900	562,700	5,777,000	284,300
National Citizens' Bank	3,853,200	1,435,200	542,700	3,742,500	657,000
Nassau Bank	2,782,900	521,200	301,000	2,797,000	
Market & Fulton National Bank	6,227,900	1,027,400	697,300	6,220,200	50,000
National Shoe & Leather Bank	5,440,200	1,447,800	177,600	6,580,600	47,200
Corn Exchange Bank	25,438,000	4,553,000	3,186,000	29,460,000	
First National	9,451,000	1,121,000	1,187,000	9,112,000	200,000
New York National Exchange	14,274,000	14,911,200	2,312,900	21,375,600	8,356,500
Bowery	6,451,800	1,021,000	1,291,000	8,313,000	492,600
German American	2,796,000	382,000	238,000	2,303,000	
New York County National	4,312,500	625,500	526,700	4,504,100	50,000
German Exchange	1,873,200	402,000	195,400	1,940,800	
Chase National	33,611,900	9,031,500	2,512,200	41,230,500	50,000
Fifth Avenue	8,795,500	2,393,500	230,000	9,527,400	
German Exchange	2,822,500	200,000	280,000	3,389,200	
Germania	6,842,500	1,616,200	508,100	6,417,100	
Lincoln National	10,954,700	1,707,300	1,191,800	11,767,200	244,700
Garfield National	7,208,400	1,583,500	318,700	7,259,000	43,300
Fifth National	2,487,000	462,400	180,600	2,439,200	245,000
Bank of the Metropolis	4,858,700	1,040,500	292,500	5,067,800	
West Side	3,183,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,180,000	
Seaboard National	11,002,000	1,996,000	1,206,000	12,851,000	50,000
First National, Brooklyn	4,352,900	623,000	663,000	4,450,000	13,500
Liberty National	1,961,000	1,001,000	204,000	2,146,000	45,000
New York Produce Exchange	4,128,800	906,100	521,000	4,545,400	750,000
New Amsterdam National	6,000,700	992,900	322,300	6,262,900	
Astor National	1,742,000	980,000	227,000	2,479,000	250,000
Western Natl. of the U. S.	56,749,000	12,617,100	2,598,900	58,580,200	454,500
Totals	$907,015,500 Increase $2,500,000	$160,963,400 Increase $4,100,000	$76,217,300 Increase $1,000,000	$5,208,100 Increase $5,270,000	$43,998,900 Decrease $1,000,000

Reserve on total deposits, increase $5,270,000. Reserve on deposits other than United States, increase $5,208,575.

*United States deposits included, $37,268,800.

Clearings for week, $1,422,227,742 01. Balances for week, $96,872,174 72.

The Consolidated Lake Superior Company

$12,500,000.

Thirty-Year, Four Per Cent Collateral Trust Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to resolution of the Board of Directors, holders of either the preferred or common stock of The Consolidated Lake Superior Company of record at the close of business on July 20, 1903, will be given the privilege of subscribing to $12,500,000 out of a total authorized issue of $15,000,000 of 30-year, four per cent collateral trust gold bonds of the company, dated August 1, 1903.

These bonds will be secured by the stocks of all subsidiary companies of The Consolidated Lake Superior Company and by mortgage bonds of these subsidiary companies. The property thus pledged as collateral represents a cash investment of more than $25,000,000 in completed undertakings that are now either operating profitably or ready for operation.

Stockholders will have the right to subscribe for these bonds in the proportion of $1,000 of bonds for each 80 shares of either common or preferred stock, payment for the bonds to be made at the rate of $800 for each bond of $1,000.

Negotiable warrants specifying the amount of bonds to which each stockholder will be entitled to subscribe will be mailed to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1903. Warrants for less than 80 shares may be combined to make the amounts required for subscription to even amount of bonds.

Subscriptions for bonds will be received on behalf of this company from July 21 until and including August 10, 1903, by the

Commercial Trust Company, Philadelphia, Pa.,
Morton Trust Company, New York City,
National Trust Company, Limited, Toronto, Ontario.

Terms of payment for the bonds will be as follows:
Twenty-five per cent upon subscription.
Twenty-five per cent on September 1, 1903.
Fifty per cent on September 15, 1903.

Negotiable receipts will be issued for payments pending the delivery of the bonds.

Such bonds as shall not have been subscribed for by stockholders on August 10, 1903, will be disposed of otherwise by the Board of Directors; but not at a price lower than that at which they are offered to the stockholders.

The proceeds of the sale of the present issue of $12,500,000 of bonds will be used as follows:

For repayment of temporary loans	$5,050,000
For the discharge of current indebtedness, chiefly on construction accounts, and for working capital	2,450,000
	$7,500,000

The estimated net earnings of the company for the year beginning July 1, 1903, figured upon a most conservative basis, will amount to more than $900,000, while the interest on the present issue of bonds will be only $550,000.

Printed copies of the report of the president upon the condition and probable earnings of the company, and a full prospectus of the bonds, will be furnished upon application to the office of the company, North American building, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE CONSOLIDATED LAKE SUPERIOR COMPANY,
C. SHIELDS, President.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh
335, 337, 339 FOURTH AVENUE
CAPITAL - $1,500,000
SURPLUS - $16,000,000
AS GUARDIAN TO MINORS
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH through its TRUST DEPARTMENT takes entire charge of the Real and Personal Property of minors until they come of legal age, and makes accurate accounts to the Probate Court, as required by Law.
OFFICERS
H. C. MELDOWNEY, President — JAMES S. CARR, Assistant Treasurer
A. W. MELLON, Vice President — J. H. EVANS, Assistant Secretary
J. M. SCHOONMAKER, 2d Vice Pres. — W. W. SMITH, 2d Asst. Secretary
H. W. GLEFFER, Treasurer — WM. I. BERRYMAN, Trust Officer
SCOTT HAYES, Secretary — Reed, Smith, Shaw & Beal, Solicitors
Receives Deposits and Allows Interest at the Rate of Two Per Cent Per Annum on Daily Balances Subject to Check.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1871
Whitney & Stephenson,
STOCK BROKERS.
FRICK BUILDING.
All Facilities.

Spencer Trask & Co.
BANKERS,
William and Pine Sts., New York.
Investment Securities.
Members New York Stock Exchange, Branch Office, Albany, N. Y.

10.29%
NATIONAL FIRE PROOFING PREFERRED at present price ($84) pays the above.
HUMPHRIES MILLER,
Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, 618-619 Farmers Bank Building. 'Phone, Grant 96.

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BANKERS and BROKERS,
—MEMBERS—
N. Y. COKS. STOCK EXCHANGE
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A. J. Harnack. — E. D. Gartner.
E. D. GARTNER & CO.
Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.
326 Fourth Ave.

JOHN B. BARBOUR, Jr.,
Stock and Bond Broker,
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Member Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.

FIRE INSURANCE.
FIRE may destroy your home at any time—
There is protection in a good line of insurance—
WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
501-505 ARROTT BUILDING.

DANIEL M'CAFFREY'S SONS CO
HAY AND GRAIN,
716-718 FIFTH AVENUE.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Steel Rails.
The steel rail mills will be short in their orders this year millions of tons. Railroad earnings are increasing at a wonderful rate. Does

SKIP IS ARTIST'S PERMANENT HOME

In Schooner Called "The Studio" Samuel Druckenmiller Sails the Seas.

HAS VISITED MANY CLIMES

Wife and Little Daughter Keep Him Company—Little Vessel Stored With Paintings and Relics of Historical Value—Served in Civil War.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

TRENTON, N. J., July 19.—Samuel Druckenmiller, artist, tramp and soldier, is at Florence, below here, in his two-masted schooner, "The Studio." Of all the strange lives which had their beginning in the state of Ohio in that period before the civil war, when that state bred great statesmen in log cabins and commanding generals in cross-roads stores, none are more strange and adventurous than the life of this wanderer, and no more interesting boat sails the sea than his two-masted schooner.

The history of the skipper of "The Studio" reads like a romance. The vessel is a tramp, its skipper is a tramp, his wife and seven-year-old child are tramps, and Brindle, the dog, is a tramp. They are not tramps in the "dusty roads" sense, but are tramps in the marine interpretation of the word, which implies that they go where and when they please, having no ties of friendship and but one home, the good ship, "The Studio."

Skipper Druckenmiller is a painter, and thus the boat gets its name. He built the vessel himself and his wife helped in its construction. It is a boat of 20 tons, 50 feet long and sixteen feet beam. Aboard "The Studio" is a splendid collection of paintings, the work of the master, as well as an interesting museum of historical relics.

An Interesting Museum.

In his travels Skipper Druckenmiller has been enabled to gather together works of art and industry showing the growth from savagery to civilization of every country in South and Central America. Genial hosts, the old skipper and his wife take great pleasure in showing visitors their interesting collection of paintings and curiosities. Skipper Druckenmiller does not use stimulants or tobacco in any form, although he has followed the sea all his life.

His is an interesting story. He was born in Wooster, O., the eldest son of a Lutheran minister, now dead, in 1839. He came from old Dutch stock, the Holland name being "Drucke-Mahler," meaning "men who write or paint." In telling his story today, he said:

"Although it was the custom of our house to name the eldest son Frederick, my father took notice of the fact that I had an aptitude for painting, and being desirous of discouraging this talent named me Samuel and dedicated me to the Lord's service. I was not christened until 12 years old.

"Father put me in the Dayton Lutheran theological academy but I ran away from there when only 16 years old and have been a tramp painter ever since. Fond of adventure, I drifted south and joined Walker's expedition to Nicaragua. Every history tells of this expedition. So I will not weary you further than to say I went weighing 165 pounds and came home weighing 105 pounds.

Ran from a Sweetheart.

"Quickly forgetting the hardships of this expedition, I joined another to Venezuela. Our party were taken prisoners and except for the favor I found with General Castro things would have gone hard with us. With several others I joined the Venezuelan army, was wounded and taken prisoner. I had a severe fever and when convalescent found that the daughter of my captor had fallen in love with me, and that I had been promised to her as a husband. This I did not especially like and one night I succeeded in escaping, making my way back to the United States.

"The civil war was then breaking out and I joined the One Hundredth and Second Ohio regiment and remained with it until the end of the war. After that I traveled from place to place, painting and selling the work of my hands. Meeting the lady who is my wife, we built a boat in Florida and commenced our voyage. We have been all over South America, and had three children, but one of whom is living.

"When the Spanish American war opened, being in Florida, I filibustered in Cuba and succeeded in making some money. With this money we built the present two-masted schooner, 'The Studio,' and propose sailing in her to the end of our days. After this trip up the Delaware it is our intention to sail for Europe."

WOMAN'S SORRY TALE.

Has Been Sadly Deceived by Man Who Preached Many Different Doctrines.

WATERBURY, CONN., July 19.—(Special.)—The Rev. Townsend Boyer of Robertsville has deserted his wife, she declares, and there is a pathetic story as the result. She married Boyer several months ago against the advice of nearly all her friends. He was the head of Boyer's school for boys in that village. It came as a surprise recently when Mrs. Boyer advertised that she would no longer pay bills contracted by her recreant husband. Mrs. Boyer was the wife of former United States Ambassador to France Townsend, and was wealthy when she married Boyer. She has been totally blind for years.

In a lawsuit to evade the payment of a debt of $800 for painting the Robertsville school, testimony was adduced to show that Boyer had a most remarkable career, serving during his life besides pedagogue, as hotelkeeper in Chicago, an Episcopalian clergyman, a Dutch Reformed minister and a Baptist. Bishop Satterlee of the Episcopal church says openly he was known as the Rev. Henry K. Boyer and discharged from his church for reckless living. Recently, after all his religious experience, he has styled himself a man of the world.

GREEKS' FINE NEW CHURCH.

Partial Dedication at McKeesport of Building for Public Worship.

The United Greeks of McKeesport partly dedicated their handsome new edifice to sacred workship yesterday, the services being the first of a series to extend over a month, until the church is entirely ready for permanent occupancy. The building stands in Sixth avenue near Locust street, and its predecessor had an eventful history.

Over 30 years ago it was used by the Methodists, later by the Presbyterians, and during a dispute between the Presbyterians and Greek congregations the church burned down. On its site the Greeks erected the new building. Services were conducted in the morning by the Rev. Julius Metzedsky, pastor. The neighboring societies of Greeks from Allegheny county were well represented. High mass was observed, and the two bells for the belfry were consecrated. Among the priests attending were the Rev. F. A. Canusha and the Rev. Father John Dawn of New York, the Rev. J. Sabo of Pittsburgh and the Rev. W. Holosney of Homestead.

PREPARING LIME TO FERTIALIZE THE OLD FARM

Building a Kiln in the Country.

The farmer who is not in politics and whose time is not taken up in building booths for church picnics and presbytery meetings, usually spends this season of the year in building his lime kilns. There is always a lull on the farm just after the hay and wheat crops have been garnered and the thrifty agriculturist gives his thoughts to the preparation of fertilizer for his fall wheat fields.

The limestone is gathered in the spring and broken ready for the kilns. Then the farmer hauls coal and wood, and by putting on alternate layers of fuel and limestone builds up a mound six feet high and about 15 feet in diameter. The fire is lighted and the kiln burns nearly a month. By September the pulverized lime is ready to be scattered on the newly-plowed fields.

GREAT INCREASE IN IMMIGRATION

Old World Sending Surplus Population Here in Swarms.

OVER 1,000,000 THIS YEAR

What Will Become of Them When Hard Times Come Is the Question That Commissioner Frank P. Sargent Is Asking Himself.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19.

One million immigrants to the shores of the United States in 1904. These are the figures that, absolutely without exaggeration—alarming as they may be—are indicated by the statistics for the fiscal year 1903, just made public by Frank P. Sargent, commissioner general of immigration.

In 1902 the number of immigrants was 648,475. For the fiscal year of 1903, ended June 30, the number had leaped to 857,046. This is an increase in 12 months of 208,303, a jump of 32 per cent. That rate of increase is keeping up for the figures for June, 1903, over the figures for June, 1902, show an excess of still 32 per cent. If this rate is maintained the increase for the next fiscal year will be away above a million. Even should the rate fall to an increase of 25 per cent, which is not likely, the one million mark will be passed.

Referring to past records the only other year in American history which approached the figures of 1903 was 1882. Then we had very lax immigration laws, and the foreign flood was encouraged. The figures went to 778,992. That has remained the high-water mark until the last fiscal year.

"Immigration under present conditions presents a most serious problem," says Commissioner Sargent. "No one can sit at his desk and absorb the facts that come to us in reports without appreciating the peril that threatens should hard times come to this country. I am not an alarmist, but when I see hundreds of thousands of ignorant foreigners coming into our great cities every year I think I can realize in some degree the danger that will come from their discontent and dissatisfaction when there are no wages to be earned."

The greatest number of immigrants the past year came from Italy, 230,622, against 176,376 in 1902. Austria-Hungary is second, with 206,011, against 171,989 in 1902. The total from Europe was 814,507, against 619,068 in 1902. In the grand total is included 132 from the Philippines, 8,170 from the West Indies and 128 from Mexico.

The total number of immigrants barred was 8,769, of whom 1,086 were contract laborers.

INITIATED NEW MEMBERS.

Enthusiastic Meeting of Division No. 4, Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Division No. 4, Ancient Order of Hibernians, held the greatest meeting in its history yesterday at Shapira's hall, Fifth avenue and Chestnut street. Over 250 members and representatives of several other divisions were present. Thirty-five new members were initiated by the degree team from Division No. 34 of Homestead, with the president, Thomas Brennen, in the role of "Patrician."

At the social session there was an address by Charles P. Monoghan of Division No. 5, located at Baltimore, who gave an account of the great progress the order is making in Maryland, and an address by John Ryan, secretary of Division No. 34, Homestead, on the motto of the order.

It was announced that the Wolf Tone social will have its annual out Sunday on August 23. They will go up the river on the steamer Annie Roberts, stopping at Homestead, Braddock and McKeesport. The A. O. H. is growing very rapidly and the county officers expect that the membership in Allegheny county will be doubled this year.

Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral
Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for colds, coughs, croup, asthma, bronchitis, consumption. He knows. Trust him.
25c., 50c., $1. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

STEEL ARRIVES FOR GOVERNMENT BUILDING

Work on Uncle Sam's Giant Structure at St. Louis Is Progressing Rapidly.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—Work upon the giant structure in which the United States government exhibits are to be installed at the world's fair is progressing well. Many carloads of the structural steel have arrived and more is on the way. The building is the largest structure ever built by governmental authority for any exposition. It is 800x250 feet, and $450,000 was set aside for its construction.

The government building occupies a commanding site on a hill in the extreme eastern part of the world's fair grounds. Southeast of it lies the high plateau on which will be situated the group of state buildings. The building fronts northwest and commands a splendid view of the main exposition boulevard, which is a mile long and 300 feet wide. The grounds surrounding the building are generously treated by the landscape gardener.

On the terrace in front of the government building a great flower garden is laid out on either side of the flight of steps, 100 feet from side to side, leading to the main entrance. These gardens are on a slope, so that the entire beds may be seen from the street level in front of the building. A platform 45x125 occupies a space in the center of the steps, and the entire flight is to be richly adorned with statues. Other means of reaching the level of the government building will be a series of zig-zag roads, with gentle inclines, 30 feet wide.

The general style of the building is pseudo-classic. The central pavilion, with the colonnade on either side, forms a portico 15 feet wide and 524 feet long, 50 feet above the general level of the other buildings, from which a splendid view is permitted the visitor.

An attic 15 feet in height surmounts the colonnade of Ionic columns, and this is richly embellished with statues. The dome surmounting the central pavilion is 100 feet in diameter, and in a general way is designed after the Pantheon at Rome. The top of the quadriga which surmounts it is 175 feet above the ground. The sculpture displayed is symbolic of the republic and the arts of peace.

PEOPLE OBJECT TO PETTICOAT RULE

Trouble Brewing in Bavaria Over Meddling of the Princesses.

COURT SCANDALS VERIFIED

Notorious Countess Hueste, Who Served Six Years in the Penitentiary, Under the Protection of One of the Ladies of the Court.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

BERLIN, July 19.—Sensational reports regarding the royal family of Bavaria, which have reached this city from time to time, have stirred up considerable excitement, though more conservative people have refused to believe in them. Last night's Munich papers, however, all agree that everything which has been whispered about the scandals at court is true and that the Bavarian people should send to the king a strong protest against the way the country is being governed. What causes the dissatisfaction is the fact that Bavaria, for the first time, has been under a petticoat rule; that princesses hold the reins of government and that all the highest official positions have been given to their favorites, who are without the slightest idea of their official duties. It is also stated that these ruling women have come entirely under the influence of the Jesuits and that these are continually urging them to a crusade against all Protestants and especially all Jews. The actual ruler of the country, it is said, is Crown Princess Marie, the wife of the heir apparent, Prince Ludwig, a born grand duchess of Austria. Another princess is accused by the press of having kept under her protecting wings the notorious Countess Heuste, who some time ago was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary for gross abuses of young girls in the Maximilian orphan asylum.

The whole press of Munich declares that this petticoat regime is driving the country to revolution and that if something is not done to deprive these meddling princesses of their power the dissatisfaction which is felt throughout the whole country may prove extremely dangerous to the royal family. The kaiser will be asked to step in as soon as he returns from his summer cruise in Norway.

PRAYERS FOR THE POPE.

Catholic Mutual Beneficial Association Takes Action on Leo XIII.'s Illness.

The Catholic Mutual Benefit association advisory council for Western Pennsylvania met yesterday afternoon in St. Mary Magdalene's church, in Homestead. Seventy-five branches were represented. Addresses were made by the Rev. Father Bullion of Homestead, Grand Secretary J. W. Sullivan of Pittsburgh, President B. J. Devlin of Pittsburgh and P. H. McGuire of Homestead. Prayers were offered for the recovery of Pope Leo XIII., and it was ordered that solemn high mass be celebrated for his temporal and spiritual well being. The mass will be celebrated next Wednesday morning in St. Mary Magdalene's church by the Rev. J. J. Bullion, assisted by many of the clergy of the diocese.

It was decided to hold the next meeting of the advisory council at Aliquippa park on the third Sunday in August, and unite the members and their families, as well as the delegates. A business session will be held first, to be followed by a sacred concert. The visitors will be the guests of the council at luncheon.

After yesterday's business session the delegates were entertained at dinner by the Homestead branches. The after-dinner speakers included John M. Molamphy, C. A. Todd and J. J. Sullivan, all of whom extolled the greatness of Homestead and predicted a great future for it.

Easy and Economical to Use
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Contains no deleterious substance
Does not cake or adhere to the surface
All responsible jewelers keep it
25 cents a package

A magic cleaner of kitchen utensils; a cleaner and brightener of dishpans and glassware.

FINOLA

A wonder working polish for cleaning milk cans.

Price 5 cts. and 10 cts. per package. At all first-class Grocers.

Mail Orders Filled
BARGAIN BASEMENT
Mail Orders Filled

Table Linens.
We pile up on a special table this morning five hundred Remnants of Table Linens, in lengths of 1½ to 3 yards, and mark them down in price so as to give you extraordinary values at 19c to $1.00 yd

Crash Toweling.
Count a thousand and you'll have a mental picture of the sheet lengths of Crash Toweling we've been accumulating for this month's selling. Shortest, 1¾ yards; longest, 3 yards. Values double the price. July Remnant Price 1c to 12½c yd

Turkish Towels.
What's a bath without a good towel to absorb the water and give a glow to the skin? Nothing more satisfactory to most folks than a Turkish Towel. So we make July Sale Specials of 100 dozen extra large ones at 10c

Face Cloths.
Dashing water into the face will not remove Pittsburgh dirt. You must rub the skin briskly with a soft face cloth. We help along by selling 1,000 dozen Face Cloths for 1c

Lancaster Ginghams.
Every woman knows them. Every woman knows they're the best. Every woman knows that they're worth more than 4c a yard. Every woman will want some of our good styles when she learns we're selling them for 4c yd

French Percales.
Made in France last winter. Imported to America this spring. White grounds and colored spots and stripes. Standard price 25c a yd. But enough for shirt waist for 15c yd

Kitchen Toweling.
Two big cases of toilet twill toweling we open this week to give an extra impetus to the midsummer trade. How much? Only 1c yd

Bleached Muslins.
Until 3,000 yards are all gone the folks who stand in line will get 4-4 soft finish Bleached Muslin that are regular 8c Cottons in 20 yard pieces or less if they want less, for 5c yd

Silk Ginghams.
If the manufacturer of these fabrics—these superb 50c Silk Ginghams, had realized that by making so many the July price of the last of them would be forced down so far, he would have shut off the power and stopped his looms a month earlier. We'll sell all we have left for 25c yd

French Organdies.
The dainty fabric which so many novelists select as the gown material for their heroines. 45c a yard is the "about right price" for the newest styles and colorings. We cut them to 19c yd

Turkey Red Damask.
If you eat your hurry-up breakfast off the kitchen table this is the table cloth for you. We'll sell some that's 60 inches wide and strictly fast in color a few days for 19c yd

Unbleached Muslin.
We bow to precedent. Precedent calls for unbleached muslin in a sale of basement specialties. Five bales is our limit because we are going to let you have those good heavy cottons for 5c yd

Flannelettes.
You know their myriad uses—their warmth and beauty. So you'll need only the hint to come for 10c Fancy Flannelettes in light and dark colors at 5c yd

Dress Suit Cases.
The inventor of the Dress Suit Case deserves a monument, to which every traveler would gladly contribute a dime or a quarter for benefits conferred. We sell 22 and 24 inch leather Dress Suit Cases for $1.25

Telescopes.
Just the thing to carry the overflow from the trunk, satchel or dress suit case. A canvas-covered Telescope with two strong straps and handle that will hold a lot for 25c

ON FIFTH AVE. Campbell's THE PEOPLE'S STORE ON FIFTH AVE.

The "Smoke of Peace."
Cremo
The Cream of the Islands
The one cigar you can depend upon being the same in quality whether you smoke one or a thousand. Always 5 cents, and so good the dealer can't afford to cut the price.
The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World.
The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

Hotels and Boarding Houses of Colorado

The eastern man who has never been to Colorado can form no idea of the size and luxury of its principal hotels—particularly those at Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou and Glenwood.

They are palaces—splendidly furnished, comfortable, conveniently arranged, and managed with the one idea of satisfying guests. If Colorado had no other attractions than its hotels, it would be worth visiting. But it has other attractions—the purest air, the bluest sky and the most brilliant sunshine in the world. A hundred thousand people go there every summer. Not all of them stay at high-priced hotels. By far the larger proportion of the men and women who spend their vacations in Colorado live in boarding houses, "lodges" or under canvas, paying $7, $8, $9 or $10 a week.

We issue a little folder which contains a list of hotels and boarding houses in Colorado—capacity, rates etc. It also gives detailed information about the low rates to Colorado, now in effect. Write or call, and copy will be furnished free.

The Rock Island System operates two fast and finely equipped trains, daily, from Chicago to Colorado Springs and Denver. One of these trains—the Rocky Mountain Limited—leaves Chicago at 5:45 P. M., arriving at Colorado next evening. The other train leaves at 10:00 P. M., arriving at Colorado second morning.

Tickets, berths and full information at this office.

Rock Island System

PHILIP A. AUER, Dist. Pass'r Agent,
415 Park Bldg.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh & Cincinnati Packet Line

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot Wood st. as follows: Keystone State, Mondays; Queen City, Wednesdays, at 4 p. m. Fare—Pittsburgh to Cincinnati, $7, round trip, $12 and $14, meals, berths included; down by boat, return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Mgr. Tel. 1762 Court.

Pittsburgh and Morgantown Packet Line.

Fine sidewheel steamers for Brownsville, Morgantown and way landings leave wharfboat foot of Smithfield street as follows: Steamer Columbia and J. C. Woodward daily at 3 p. m.; Saturdays at 2 p. m. For Brownsville, Steamer Edgar Cherry daily at 4 p. m., except Sunday. From Pittsburgh to Morgantown and return, including meals and berths, $5.00. For freight or passage apply to J. M. GAMBLE, Mgr. Tel. Bell 2388 Court.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.

STEAMER KANAWHA, W. S. Kee, Master; J. H. Wolfe, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Tuesday, 4 p. m., for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and way points. Finest passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghriest, Agents. No. 207 Water st. Tel. 428.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING & PARKERSBURG SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET

Steamer BEN HUR (R. E. Kramer, captain; Ed. Dunn, clerk) departs from Patterson's wharfboat every Monday at 12 m., Thursday at 4 p. m. This fine passenger steamer has all modern improvements. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghriest, 207 Water st., agents.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leave Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.: LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive
Cumberland Accom	*2:20 pm	
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.	*6:30 am	*2:45 pm
Wash., Balt. & N. York	*8:00 am	*7:45 pm
Conn'v., Un'n & Fairm't	*8:00 am	*7:45 pm
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	1:00 pm	*2:45 pm
West Newton Accom.	9:15 am	†5:00 am
Con'l'v., Un'n, Morgant'n	1:30 pm	†10:00 am
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas't.	†1:30 pm	†2:45 pm
Connellsville Accom.	*4:00 pm	†5:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Fairmont	5:00 pm	*12:50 pm
Philadelphia and New York (Duquesne Lim.)	*6:20 pm	*9:15 am
Wash., Balt. & Phila.	9:20 pm	7:00 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	*7:00 am	*10:35 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	*8:30 am	*7:45 am
Whg., Jamesv. & Ctl. Ac.	1:05 pm	*4:10 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel'g.	*4:20 pm	*6:00 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Whg. Ac.	*5:35 pm	*8:45 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	*8:50 pm	*7:55 pm
LINES WEST VIA ALLIANCE.		
Cleve., Akron & Youngst.	*7:50 am	*8:15 am
Chicago and Cleveland	*3:00 pm	*12:35 pm
Chicago Limited	*8:05 pm	*7:40 am
(Leav.) P. & W. Station, Allegheny.)		
Butler	*7:30 am	†7:45 am
Butler, Foxburg	†8:15 am	†5:10 pm
Butler, Con'ut Lake, Erie	*8:15 am	†6:35 pm
Butler	†10:45 am	†9:40 am
Butler, Con'ut Lake, Erie	†1:15 pm	†1:00 pm
Ellwood City	†1:15 pm	†6:05 pm
Butler, Clarion, Greenv.	†3:00 pm	†10:20 am
Ellwood, New Castle	†5:33 pm	*6:40 am
Butler	†6:15 pm	*5:10 pm
Ellwood, New Castle and Foxburg	†6:15 pm	†9:40 am
Butler	†11:30 pm	†7:20 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	*7:10 am	*1:40 pm
Chicago, Cleveland and Toledo	*8:15 am	*12:50 nt
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	*4:30 pm	*9:20 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	*4:10 am	*1:40 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	*8:10 am	*1:55 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	*3:10 am	*9:30 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*4:10 am	*1:15 pm
Alliance and Wooster	*8:15 am	*9:35 pm
Jamestown and Youngstown	*6:30 am	*1:15 pm
Ohio Valley Express	*6:45 am	*3:30 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	*7:00 am	*3:30 pm
Toledo and Toledo	*7:00 am	*3:30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	*7:30 am	*4:05 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	*8:00 am	*10:55 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	*8:00 am	*10:55 pm
Erie, Meyer and Oil City	*8:05 am	*10:55 am
Mercer and Slippery Rock	*8:40 am	*6:30 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula	*8:40 am	*6:30 pm
Columbus and Chicago	*12:45 pm	*2:40 pm
Youngstown and Jamestown	*12:30 pm	*6:30 pm
New Castle and Ashtabula	*12:55 pm	*6:30 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	*1:25 pm	*7:05 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*4:30 pm	*9:30 pm
New Castle and Erie	*4:35 pm	*8:50 pm
Youngstown and Niles	*4:35 pm	*8:50 pm
Mercer and Slippery Rock	*4:40 pm	*8:50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	*4:40 pm	*9:40 pm
The Cleveland special	*5:00 pm	*11:30 pm
Wooster and Orrville	*5:30 pm	*10:30 pm
New Castle and Jamestown	*5:35 pm	*10:30 pm
The Chicago special	*6:30 pm	*7:40 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	*7:30 pm	*7:40 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	*8:10 pm	*6:00 am
The St. Louis Limited	*8:10 pm	*7:00 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	*8:30 pm	*6:50 am
The Chicago Limited	*8:35 pm	*6:00 am
Toledo and Detroit	*8:50 pm	*8:35 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	*10:30 pm	*6:40 am
Alliance and Cleveland	*11:00 pm	*8:40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., *6:00 am, *7:20 am, *9:00 am, *9:40 am, *11:00 am, *1:30 pm, *4:40 pm, *5:30 pm, *7:30 pm, *8:50 pm, *11:30 pm. Leave for Steubenville, *6:40 am, *8:20 am, *12:30 pm, *4:20 pm, *7:15 pm, *11:30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, *6:40 am, *8:50 am, *11:30 am, *5:30 pm, *8:35 pm.

Leave for Monongahela, *6:40 am, *8:20 am, *12:30 pm, *4:20 pm, *7:15 pm, *11:30 pm.

Leave for Homestead, *6:40 am, *8:20 am, *12:30 pm, *4:20 pm, *7:15 pm, *11:30 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, *8:45 pm.

Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

Time tables, through car and sleeping car reservations may be obtained at 355 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R. CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in effect June 14, 1903. Central Time.

	Depart.	Arrive
Chi. & Cleveland Flyer	*7:00 am	*4:45 pm
Cleveland Flyer	*7:00 am	*6:00 pm
Youngst'n & Cleve'd Mail	*8:25 am	*5:10 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	*8:25 am	*5:10 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	*12:00 pm	*9:00 pm
Cleveland & Chicago Ex.	*2:00 pm	*12:00 pm
Boston Special	*3:00 pm	*6:30 pm
Cleve'd & Detroit Flyer	*5:00 pm	*11:15 pm
Chicago Limited	†6:00 pm	*6:25 am
Buffalo & Cleveland Ex.	*5:25 pm	*6:30 am
Youngstown Accommoda'n	†5:05 am	†9:30 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	†6:30 am	†8:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	†9:00 am	†9:30 am
West Pittsburgh Accom.	†2:10 pm	†4:15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	†3:30 pm	†12:30 pm
New Castle Express	†4:20 pm	†7:30 am
Beaver Valley Express	†5:25 pm	†6:30 am
Fayette City Accom.	†6:10 am	†7:20 am
Fayette City & N. Haven Ex	†9:00 am	†9:00 am
McK'p't & Fayette City	†11:50 am	†12:40 pm
Fayette City & New Haven	†3:30 am	†4:50 pm
Fayette City, New Haven	†5:20 pm	†5:40 pm

P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beading and Beechmont, 45-25 a. m., 1:10, 5 p. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Note—6:00 p. m. train on Sundays to Youngstown only.

City ticket office, 337 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.

J. B. TOBE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time.
From Union Station, Pittsburgh.
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Seashore Limited, daily, for Philadelphia and New York	1:30 a. m.
Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily	7:15 p. m.
Day Express, daily	7:50 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:40 p. m.
"Cresson and Ebensburg Special," Saturdays only	2:00 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	9:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
Second "Pittsburgh Limited," daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.	
No. connection for Philadelphia	10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Mail, Sundays only	8:30 a. m.
For Butler and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.	
For Oil City, 7:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. 5:05 and 11:00 p. m.	
For Titusville and Corry, 8:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week days.	
For DuBois, 8:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.	
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. Pennsylvania Limited," and "New York Limited" 7:15 a. m. week days, 10:00 p. m. daily, with through sleeping car.	
For Cape May, 10:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week days.	
For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove and Long Branch, "Pennsylvania Limited" and New York Limited" week days, 9:00 p. m. daily.	
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:00, 8:25 a. m., and 4:25 p. m. week days.	
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week days. For Dawsburg, East Elizabeth, Monongahela City, Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 8:15, 9:00, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:05, 4:20, 5:25 p. m. Monongahela City, 6:40 and 11:25 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:05 a. m., 1:05, 5:05 and 9:40 p. m.	

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY—

For Butler, 8:25, 5:50, 10:15 a. m., 5:03 and 6:10 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:05 a. m., 5:03 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 639 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass'r Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

RAILROADS.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect May 17, 1903. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard Time) for Conneaut, O.; Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake at 8:15 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; for Greenville, Mercer, Sharon City and Mahaffey at 8:15 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A. Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR GOODNESS SAKE EAT Mother's Bread

Greatest Comic Section ever printed in Pittsburgh in next Sunday's issue of the Sunday Gazette.